

DUE TO BAD BEEF.

Miles Attributes to It Much of the Sickness.

HE DUBBED IT "EMBALMED BEEF."

Experiment For Which Some One In Washington Was Responsible—Neglect of the Sick—Blamed Shafter at One Point—Merritt Testified.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Gen. Miles gave testimony before the war investigating commission, but when asked whether willing to be sworn said: "I think that I can say what I have to say without being sworn."

He opened by describing the railroad confusion in getting the war munitions to Tampa, pointed to the lack of government storehouse facilities there and said the cars at one time were held back as far as Columbia, S. C. He said when the transports were loaded it was found impossible to put more than 15,000 men aboard and they were equipped as well as possible under the circumstances. Said he:

It was most fortunate the transports had good weather. If they had encountered a severe storm the loss of life or the suffering at least must have been fearful. As it was, with fair weather, the men below crowded in with the mules and supplies on deck, which would have been impossible otherwise.

The commissary stores taken, he said, were sufficient but the medical supplies were inadequate. He left the loading, except for general directions, to the corps commander, General Shafter. He found just before sailing that there were a number of pontoon boats being taken which would be utterly useless for purpose the and he himself had secured two cargoes from the owners there and had taken other steps, but the supply of such boats taken was very inadequate. Said he:

The expedition should have been furnished with launches, naphtha or steam, or tugs, for towing barges from the ships to the shore. We relied largely on the engineer officers and the engineer department for these. In the second expedition to Porto Rico these were furnished, but they arrived too late to render much assistance.

He said before the first fleet sailed from Tampa estimates had been definitely made of the number of boats to be furnished the transports and the number to be furnished by the navy to assist. The most cordial assistance, he added, had been promised on the part of the navy.

At Santiago the supply of tentage and food was very limited.

"Were the medical supplies at that time sufficient for the needs of the command?" he was asked. In reply he read a dispatch from General Shafter on Aug. 1, which referred to a "chronic scarcity of medicines" and that four men had just died from lack of medicines. There was at no time, said General Miles, sufficient medicines for the troops. He remembered seeing one train for the sick in a drenching rain, with no covering over the wagons.

General Beaver—From what you learned and observed while there, do you think there was at any time a sufficient medical supply?

General Miles—Of medical men and materials?

General Beaver—Yes.

General Miles—No, sir.

The witness stated that the hospital accommodations were only of a temporary character. He said that the shelter was bad. The shelter tents did not shelter. Questioned as the character of the facilities for transporting the wounded, he said that they were taken in wagons.

General Beaver—Do you know if any of the wounded were lying exposed to the weather?

General Miles—Some were exposed in being cut down to the hospitals. I saw one train of wounded men driving along in the drenching rain with nothing to shelter them.

He had taken measures personally to correct matters, and on July 12 had telegraphed for a well equipped corps of pier and bridge builders, etc., and had ordered places burned. General Miles said the transportation facilities were used to carry supplies to some 15,000 to 20,000 refugees from Santiago and about 5,000 Cuban troops. He stated in answer to a question:

This was not expected, because I had cautioned General Shafter to keep his men out of the Spanish buildings of every character, and to keep the men away from the natives. Had he not done so, he said the army would have been much better supplied.

His army in Porto Rico, he said, had been supplied in a way with quartermasters and commissary stores, but not in the best way. At Porto Rico he had asked that fixed rations be sent, but instead they were sent down in bulk, without invoice or bills of lading, and in many instances stores were spoiled in the hold and thrown away. This caused great embarrassment and loss of stores and deprived troops of food. He asserted, that the scarcity of food largely caused the distress of the troops. He had advised against the shipping of beef to Porto Rico, both because there was abundance of it on the island, as well as because of his belief that it was defective. He characterized the refrigerated beef, of which there was 327 tons sent, as "embalmed beef," and said the canned fresh beef, of which 198,000 pounds had been shipped there, was condemned by officers whose commands used it.

"Who fixed that beef as an army ration?" he was asked. He replied:

You'll have to ask some one here in Washington. You had better ask the secretary of

war or the commissary general. It was sent as food. If they hadn't taken that they would have had to go hungry. If they had sent quartermasters down there, as I asked, we could have fought food, but they did not do that.

General Miles suggested that the food was sent to his large army under pretense of an experiment.

General Miles called attention to the fact that good fresh beef could be bought in Porto Rico for 6 cents a pound, American money, and he suggested it might be interesting to compare the cost of the refrigerated beef together with the expense of transportation.

He said he did not know but what the chemicals used in treating the beef were responsible for the great sickness in the American army. Reports which he had received concerning it were to the effect that this beef had an odor like an embalmed dead body.

Captain Howell—Were these reports ever brought to the attention of the commissary general?

General Miles—Reports were frequently sent in to him. But he seemed to insist that the beef be used.

Captain Howell—Was the matter ever brought to the attention of the secretary of war?

General Miles—I requested that no more of it be sent. If a supply of it were sent to the men in this country I would prohibit their use of it. I am having an investigation of the matter. I thought you gentlemen would get on to it.

He said he had never complained to the secretary of war as to the condition of the beef, but had asked that the supply be stopped.

General Miles stated the first plans for sending troops to Cuba were not his, as he was opposed to sending troops there until Cervera's fleet was located. The question at the outset was a naval problem; and the dispatch of troops, in his judgment, then hinged on which fleet should destroy the other. If the Spanish had destroyed the United States fleet, the United States would have been blockaded for a number of years. "If we had had a force in Cuba then we would have lost it, as it would have been impossible to get it back here."

He was opposed, also, to sending a large force to places like Havana or Matanzas, because of the large percentage of yellow fever deaths there. He said the destruction of Cervera's fleet settled that problem. He said he wanted to operate with a small force against the Spanish forces by harassing them during the sickly season, aiding the Cubans and not endangering the lives of his own force. He also at first favored taking Porto Rico to prevent the Spanish from using that as a base of operations.

General Miles gave details of the Porto Rican expedition organization and obstacles. Concluding with his opinion of camp sites, he said the first he knew of the selection of Camp Alger, Va., the most objectionable camp, in his mind, was when the regiments began reaching there. At Chickamauga he had recommended mobilizing the regulars there and a portion of the volunteers, after some of the regulars left, but he never anticipated 50,000 men would be sent there, and, when he found it overcrowded, he had recommended distribution of the forces among other localities.

General Merritt told the commission that he regarded the Philippine expedition as a decided success and would conduct it on the same lines if he had it to do over. He spoke in high terms of the troops under him, and said this army was well supplied with medicines and food. He praised the volunteers.

SUCCEEDS BLISS.

Ambassador Hitchcock Appointed Secretary of the Interior.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The president nominated Ethan A. Hitchcock of Missouri, to be secretary of the interior.

Mr. Hitchcock is at present ambassador to Russia. He was appointed minister more than a year ago and when the



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rank was raised to an embassy he was reappointed.

SAVED PROCTOR'S RESOLUTION.

Absence of a Quorum In the Senate Prevented Its Defeat.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The absence of a quorum in the senate saved Senator Proctor's resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of senators to investigate the conditions in Cuba and Porto Rico during the approaching recess of congress from decisive defeat.

An effort was made by Mr. Daniel (Va.) to obtain consideration for the resolution, but his motion mustered only 8 of the 38 votes cast. Only some routine business, including the passage of a few private pension bills, was transacted.

WERE BOOKS BURNED?

Serious Charges Against Standard Oil Officials.

MONNETT IS INVESTIGATING.

A Hearing Instituted at Cleveland. Some Witnesses Examined and a Constable After Others, One a Brother of John D. Rockefeller.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—Developments of a most sensational nature in the standard oil investigation came to light when Attorney General Monnett began taking depositions for the purpose of proving that the Standard Oil company, just previous to the issuance of the order by the supreme court that the books of the company be produced in evidence, had destroyed a large number of its books.

Upon the strength of information received by the attorney general from reliable business men and attorneys, that it could be proved that the Standard Oil company had burned a lot of its books, journals, ledgers and other valuable contents, the state served notice upon the Standard Oil company that depositions would be taken before a notary in the office of Attorney Harry C. Mason in this city.

During the investigation of the Standard Oil trust before Commissioner Driggs a few weeks ago, the Standard refused to produce its books in evidence. The matter was taken to the supreme court and on Dec. 7 that court ordered the Standard Oil company to produce its books covering the period from 1892 to 1897, to show whether the Standard had paid dividends during that time to the holders of the trust certificates.

Previous to the discussion of the supreme court, Virgil P. Kline, attorney for the Standard, spent several days at Columbus, and it is alleged that he received information beforehand in regard to the court's decision and at once notified the officials of the Standard Oil company.

Attorney General Monnett expects to be able to prove that the officials of the Standard destroyed their books three or four nights before the supreme court ordered F. B. Squire, secretary of the company, to produce the company's books in evidence.

Rabbi Darmstetter of a Bohemian church testified that one evening three or four weeks ago he went into the saloon of E. H. Pollock at 131 Croton street, to see Pollock, who is an official of his church. He said that at the time Pollock was waiting on several Bohemian laborers, who were employees of the Standard Oil company, and he sat down till the saloonkeeper got through with his customers.

Darmstetter said that one of the men in the saloon was quite hilarious and was asked: "Why are you fellows doing so much treating?" Two of the men then engaged in a conversation and flashing a roll of bills said that they had got some good stuff by working overtime. One of them, who was a teamster, said that he and another teamster had loaded up a lot of books at the Euclid avenue office of the Standard Oil company and had taken them to the company's furnaces, where they were burned.

Attorney General Monnett secured the residence and name of one of the drivers and when a constable went to subpoena him the man exclaimed: "My job is gone if I have to testify."

Another of the teamsters of the Standard, when informed that he would probably be called upon to testify, is reported to have said: "They can't catch me. What we took were boxes and I can't tell what they contained."

Rabbi Darmstetter, when placed upon the witness stand, was very unwilling to testify, saying that if he did so it would injure the members of his congregation many of whom were employees of the Standard.

The depositions of other witnesses were taken, but nothing important was brought out.

Edward O'Hearn, a teamster, in the employ of the Standard Oil company, was found and placed on the witness stand. He testified that on the Saturday before Thanksgiving day he was ordered to go to the office of the company on Euclid avenue and carry some boxes from there to the company's warehouse on Independence street. He said he got the boxes, 16 in number, and delivered them as ordered. He said he did not know the names of the employees who turned the boxes over to him, nor those who received them at the warehouse. In dimensions they were about 2 feet long and 18 inches broad. He declared that he did not know what was in them and denied having made the declaration in a saloon that they contained account books.

His brother, Cornelius O'Hearn, was the next witness. He has had charge of horses for the Standard company. The witness was very much agitated and his testimony did not add anything to the information already obtained.

Attorney General Monnett is very desirous of placing on the stand Frank Rockefeller, brother of John D. Rockefeller, and president of the Ohio Standard Oil company, and L. H. Severance, late treasurer of the Ohio company. Constable George Arnold was given the subpoenas to serve, but was unable to

find these two gentlemen. He was satisfied that they were in the city and will endeavor to get them.

GRIP EPIDEMIC.

Thousands of Cases Have Been Reported From Various Places.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 22.—It is estimated by the health department that there are 10,000 cases of grip in this city. The ravages of the disease have been so widespread that in many cases business has been seriously impeded. Grip this year has not been so fatal, however, as it was during the famous epidemic of seven years ago.

St. Louis, Dec. 22.—There are two dozen cases of la grippe in the City hospital and about 100 cases in East St. Louis. The number of reported suspects is daily increasing. No deaths have been reported so far.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 22.—The grip, which seems so prevalent in some Ohio cities north of here, has made its appearance in Cincinnati in a very mild form and to a comparatively limited extent. Adults are rarely attacked. The disease shows a preference for small children. It yields readily to simple treatment.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 22.—An epidemic of grip has struck Columbus, and it is estimated that there are several thousand cases. Local physicians all report the malady prevalent in their practice, though not in as severe a form as the epidemic of 1891. Public institutions are severely affected.

JOHN P. DUNNING RELEASED.

He Gave Testimony Pointing Toward Mrs. Botkin's Guilt.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22.—John P. Dunning, who was arrested for contempt of court for refusing to answer certain questions put to him by counsel for Mrs. Botkin, was released from custody. He appeared in court, and Attorney Knight withdrew the obnoxious question, thus giving Judge Cook an opportunity to order his release.

Mr. Dunning appeared on the witness stand and gave further testimony pointing to Mrs. Botkin as the guilty woman. Attorney Knight seemed very willing to drop the witness. He was questioned a little further by District Attorney Hosmer, but nothing of a startling nature was brought out.

A DESTITUTE MARCHIONESS.

She Was Sent to a Workhouse, in England.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The Marchioness of Donagal will eat her Christmas dinner in a London workhouse. Ill, miserably clad and apparently in acute destitution, she applied for admittance to the Great Northern hospital, from which place she was removed to the Islington workhouse infirmary.

She explained that she was homeless and not willing to communicate with her wealthy friends, or with her husband, who is suffering from pneumonia.

Mustering Out of Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Nothing definite has been decided by the war department as to the regiments which will be included in the 50,000 volunteers to be mustered out. It is said, however, that they will be distributed as equitably as possible among the several states and in a general way the first regiments mustered in will be the first to go out.

Lieutenant Hobson Visited Denver.

DENVER, Dec. 22.—Lieutenant Hobson arrived here on his way to the Pacific coast. After a reception at the Brown Palace hotel he visited the schools, being received enthusiastically everywhere. The Sons of the Revolution entertained him at luncheon. There was no kissing.

Otis Will Be Retained.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Alger said that Major General Otis had rendered most satisfactory service in command of the military forces in the Philippines and would be retained in that position. Whether or not he will be appointed governor general of the archipelago depends upon future events.

To Prevent Liqueurselling.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Senator Quay presented in the senate a petition from the Presbyterian church of New Alexandria, Pa., in favor of the Ellis bill to prevent the sale of liquors in army cantons, public buildings and the immigrant station on Ellis island.

Sentenced For Counterfeiting.

DETROIT, Dec. 22.—Edward and David Johnson were sentenced by Judge Swan in the United States district court to nine years at hard labor in the Detroit house of correction, for counterfeiting. Both had pleaded guilty.

A Husband Suspected of Murder.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., Dec. 22.—Mrs. Joe Meehook, wife of an Austrian miner at Coville, this county, was shot through the heart and killed, supposedly by her husband, who has disappeared.

Hawaiian Bill Reported.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—At the opening of the senate session Mr. Culham (Ills.) reported favorably from the committee on foreign relations the bill to provide a government for the Hawaiian Islands.

TREATY LIKELY SAFE.

Clark Howell Believes It Will Be Ratified.

BIG FIGHT COMING LATER.

After Interviewing Democratic and Republican Leaders He Sent That Opinion to His Paper—Expects Old Political Parties to Split Upon Philippines.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Clark Howell, member of the Democratic national committee from Georgia and editor of the Atlanta Constitution, after consulting with the leaders of both of the political parties at Washington, telegraphed in part as follows to his paper:

With the adjournment of congress for the holidays the final decision on the peace treaty is as clear as it will be after a vote has been taken in the senate. Two weeks ago the matter was in doubt—today it is certain that the treaty will be ratified as it will be that it has after the vote has been taken.

He said Mr. Bryan had advised ratification of the treaty, that, aside from national obligation, it was a matter of party policy for the Democrats not to obstruct ratification. There were leading Democratic opponents to ratification who had now changed their minds. There were both Democrats and Republicans who would vote for ratification that were opposed to trans-oceanic expansion. They take the view that, after Spain has been eliminated from the problem, it will be time enough to consider the policy to be pursued in dealing with the Philippines.

Mr. Howell says that after the treaty has been finally disposed of a resolution will be introduced making declaration of the proposed policy of this government in dealing with the Philippines and that this resolution will be framed very much on the basis of the Cuban resolution adopted co-incidental with the declaration of war, in which it was declared that the policy of this government would be to give the people of Cuba a free and independent government of their own.

Mr. Howell says in part:

It is the determination to prevent a resolution of this kind as a rallying point for the expansion and anti expansion elements, both Democrats and Republicans, that takes from the consideration of the peace treaty such doubt as might have existed as to the outcome and which now makes its ratification a foregone conclusion.

The vote on this proposed resolution will not be confined by any means to party lines and the outcome is in doubt. A large majority of the Democrats will vote in favor of it and a large majority of the Republicans will vote against it, but the size of either minority is sufficiently involved in doubt as to render exceedingly questionable the final action that will be taken on the resolution.

The Republicans as a body will favor the ratification of the peace treaty and will oppose any further action. They will hold that it will be time enough to cross the Philippine bridge when they get to it, and in the meantime the islands should be held under strict military government and that, if in God's own time it is demonstrated that the Philippines are able to take care of themselves and desire to maintain a government of their own, it will be time enough for the United States to take up the question and act accordingly.

Mr. Howell's summary concludes as follows:

As the result of the final encounter over the resolution it may be that the country will witness the spectacle of badly severed party lines and that out of it may be furnished the batteries around which will be formed the lines of the next presidential fight.

HOUNDED TO HIS DEATH.

An Ex-Convict Driven to Suicide by a Detective Agency.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 22.—David Shea, an ex-convict, committed suicide here. In a letter left by Shea and addressed to The Post Dispatch he says he was driven to death by a private detective agency as a result of being hounded by the agency. Shea declares he was unable to obtain work to sustain himself honestly.

Effigies of General Weyler.

HAVANA, Dec. 22.—Effigies of General Weyler hung in Cerro, the suburb, surrounded by jeering crowds, while small processions marched and counter-marched along the streets, shouting constantly.

Vessel and Crew Given Up.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 22.—The big three-masted schooner Howard H. Hanscomb has been given up for lost. There were eight men on board the ill-fated craft, which was caught in the deadly November blizzard.

Colonel Edward S. Barrett Dead.

CONCORD, Mass., Dec. 22.—Colonel Edward S. Barrett, national president of the Sons of the American Revolution, was killed by falling from a window of his home here.

Rev. Dr. Stebbins Improved.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22.—Rev. Dr. Horatio Stebbins, who was reported dying of heart failure, is slightly improved. There is no immediate anticipation of his death.

Pearson Declared Insane.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—A marshal's jury declared Joseph W. Pearson to be insane. He recently hurled missiles through the door and windows of the British embassy.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 167.

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TWO CENTS

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Another of the teamsters of the Standard, when informed that he would probably be called upon to testify, is reported to have said: "They can't catch me. What we took were boxes and I can't tell what they contained."

Rabbi Darmstetter, when placed upon the witness stand, was very unwilling to testify, saying that if he did so it would injure the members of his congregation many of whom were employees of the Standard.

The depositions of other witnesses were taken, but nothing important was brought out.

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His brother, Cornelius O'Hearn, was the next witness. He has had charge of horses for the Standard company. The witness was very much agitated and his testimony did not add anything to the information already obtained.

Attorney General Monnett is very desirous of placing on the stand Frank Rockefeller, brother of John D. Rockefeller, and president of the Ohio Standard oil company, and L. H. Severance, late treasurer of the Ohio company. Constable George Arnold was given the subpoenas to serve, but was unable to

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He Gave Testimony Pointing Toward Mrs. Botkin's Guilt.

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Mr. Dunning appeared on the witness stand and gave further testimony pointing to Mrs. Botkin as the guilty woman. Attorney Knight seemed very willing to drop the witness. He was questioned a little further by District Attorney Hosmer, but nothing of a startling nature was brought out.

A DESTITUTE MARCHIONESS.

She Was Sent to a Workhouse, in England.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The Marchioness of Donegal will eat her Christmas dinner in a London workhouse. Ill, miserably clad and apparently in acute destitution, she applied for admittance to the Great Northern hospital, from which place she was removed to the Islington workhouse infirmary.

She explained that she was homeless and not willing to communicate with her wealthy friends, or with her husband, who is suffering from pneumonia.

Mustering Out of Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Nothing definite has been decided by the war department as to the regiments which will be included in the 50,000 volunteers to be mustered out. It is said, however, that they will be distributed as equitably as possible among the several states and in a general way the first regiments mustered in will be the first to go out.

Lieutenant Hobson Visited Denver.

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Otis Will Be Retained.

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Clark Howell Believes It Will Be Ratified.

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After Interviewing Democratic and Republican Leaders He Sent That Opinion to His Paper—Expects Old Political Parties to Split Upon Philippines.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Clark Howell, member of the Democratic national committee from Georgia and editor of the Atlanta Constitution, after consulting with the leaders of both of the political parties at Washington, telegraphed in part as follows to his paper:

With the adjournment of congress for the holidays the final decision on the peace treaty is as clear as it will be after a vote has been taken in the senate. Two weeks ago the matter was in doubt—today it is certain that the treaty will be ratified as it will be that it has after the vote has been taken.

He said Mr. Bryan had advised ratification of the treaty, that, aside from national obligation, it was a matter of party policy for the Democrats not to obstruct ratification. There were leading Democratic opponents to ratification who had now changed their minds. There were both Democrats and Republicans who would vote for ratification that were opposed to trans-oceanic expansion. They take the view that, after Spain has been eliminated from the problem, it will be time enough to consider the policy to be pursued in dealing with the Philippines.

Mr. Howell says that after the treaty has been finally disposed of a resolution will be introduced making declaration of the proposed policy of this government in dealing with the Philippines and that this resolution will be framed very much on the basis of the Cuban resolution adopted co-incidentally with the declaration of war, in which it was declared that the policy of this government would be to give the people of Cuba a free and independent government of their own.

Mr. Howell says in part:

It is the determination to prevent a resumption of this kind as a rallying point for the expansion and anti expansion elements, both Democrats and Republicans, that takes from the consideration of the peace treaty such doubts as might have existed as to the outcome and which now makes its ratification a foregone conclusion.

The vote on this proposed resolution will not be confined to any means to party lines and the outcome is in doubt. A large majority of the Democrats will vote in favor of it and a large majority of the Republicans will vote against it, but the size of either minority is sufficiently involved in doubt as to render exceedingly questionable the final action that will be taken on the resolution.

The Republicans as a body will favor the ratification of the peace treaty and will oppose any further action. They will hold that it will be time enough to cross the Philippine bridge when they get to it, and in the meantime the islands should be held under strict military government and that, if in God's own time it is demonstrated that the Philippines are able to take care of themselves and desire to maintain a government of their own, it will be time enough for the United States to take up the question and act accordingly.

Mr. Howell's summary concludes as follows:

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HOUSED TO HIS DEATH.

An Ex-Convict Driven to Suicide by a Detective Agency.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 22.—David Shea, an ex-convict, committed suicide here. In a letter left by Shea and addressed to The Post Dispatch he says he was driven to death by a private detective agency as a result of being hounded by the agency. Shea declares he was unable to obtain work to sustain himself honestly.

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SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22.—Rev. Dr. Horatio Stebbins, who was reported dying of heart failure, is slightly improved. There is no immediate anticipation of his death.

Pearson Declared Insane.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—A marshal's jury declared Joseph W. Pearson to be insane. He recently hurled missiles through the door and windows of the British embassy.

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 167.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, DEC. 22, 1898.

TWO CENTS

DUE TO BAD BEEF.

Miles Attributes to It Much of the Sickness.

REDUBBED IT "EMBALMED BEEF."

Experiment For Which Some One in Washington Was Responsible—Neglect of the Sick—Blamed Shafter at One Point—Merritt Testified.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Gen. Miles gave testimony before the war investigating commission, but when asked whether willing to be sworn said: "I think that I can say what I have to say without being sworn."

He opened by describing the railroad confusion in getting the war munitions to Tampa, pointed to the lack of government storehouse facilities there and said the cars at one time were held back as far as Columbia, S. C. He said when the transports were loaded it was found impossible to put more than 15,000 men aboard and they were equipped as well as possible under the circumstances. Said he:

It was most fortunate the transports had good weather. If they had encountered a severe storm the loss of life or the suffering at sea must have been fearful. As it was, with fair weather, the men below crowded in with the mules and supplies on deck, which would have been impossible otherwise.

The commissary stores taken, he said, were sufficient but the medical supplies were inadequate. He left the loading, except for general directions, to the corps commander, General Shafter. He found just before sailing that there were a number of pontoon boats being taken which would be utterly useless for purpose of the and he himself had secured two barges from the owners there and had taken other steps, but the supply of such boats taken was very inadequate. Said he:

The expedition should have been furnished with launches, naphtha or steam, or tugs, for towing barges from the ships to the shore. We relied largely on the engineer officers and the engineer department for these. In the second expedition to Porto Rico these were furnished, but they arrived too late to render much assistance.

He said before the first fleet sailed from Tampa estimates had been definitely made of the number of boats to be furnished the transports and the number to be furnished by the navy to assist. The most cordial assistance, he added, had been promised on the part of the navy.

At Santiago the supply of tentage and food was very limited.

"Were the medical supplies at that time sufficient for the needs of the command?" he was asked. In reply he read a dispatch from General Shafter on Aug. 1, which referred to a "chronic scarcity of medicines" and that four men had just died from lack of medicines. There was at no time, said General Miles, sufficient medicines for the troops. He remembered seeing one man for the sick in a drenching rain, with no covering over the wagons.

General Beaver—From what you learned and observed while there, do you think there was at any time a sufficient medical supply?

General Miles—Of medical men and materials?

General Beaver—Yes.

General Miles—No, sir.

The witness stated that the hospital accommodations were only of a temporary character. He said that the shelter was bad. The shelter tents did not shelter. Questioned as the character of the facilities for transporting the wounded, he said that they were taken in wagons.

General Beaver—Do you know if any of the wounded were lying exposed to the weather?

General Miles—Some were exposed in being sent down to the hospitals. I saw one train of wounded men driving along in the drenching rain with nothing to shelter them.

He had taken measures personally to correct matters, and on July 12 had telegraphed for a well equipped corps of pier and bridge builders, etc., and had ordered places burned. General Miles said the transportation facilities were used to carry supplies to some 15,000 to 20,000 refugees from Santiago and about 5,000 Cuban troops. He stated in answer to a question:

This was not expected, because I had cautioned General Shafter to keep his men out of the Spanish buildings of every character, and to keep the men away from the natives. Had he not done as he did the army would have been much better supplied.

His army in Porto Rico, he said, had been supplied in a way with quartermasters and commissary stores, but not in the best way. At Porto Rico he had asked that fixed rations be sent, but instead they were sent down in bulk, without invoice or bills of lading, and in many instances stores were spoiled in the hold and thrown away. This caused great embarrassment and loss of stores and deprived troops of food. He asserted, that the scarcity of food largely caused the distress of the troops. He had advised against the shipping of beef to Porto Rico, both because there was abundance of it on the island, as well as because of his belief that it was ineffective. He characterized the refrigerated beef, of which there was 327 tons sent, as "embalmed beef," and said the canned fresh beef, of which 198,000 pounds had been shipped there, was condemned by officers whose commands used it.

"Who fixed that beef as an army ration?" he was asked. He replied: "You'll have to ask some one here in Washington. You had better ask the secretary of

war or the commissary general, as was sent as food. If they hadn't taken that they would have had to go hungry. If they had sent paymasters down there, as I asked, we could have bought food, but they did not do that.

General Miles suggested that the food was sent to his large army under pretense of an experiment.

General Miles called attention to the fact that good fresh beef could be bought in Porto Rico for 6 cents a pound, American money, and he suggested it might be interesting to compare the cost of the refrigerated beef together with the expense of transportation.

He said he did not know but what the chemicals used in treating the beef were responsible for the great sickness in the American army. Reports which he had received concerning it were to the effect that this beef had an odor like an embalmed dead body.

Captain Howell—Were these reports ever brought to the attention of the commissary general?

General Miles—Reports were frequently sent in to him. But he seemed to insist that the beef be used.

Captain Howell—Was the matter ever brought to the attention of the secretary of war?

General Miles—I requested that no more of it be sent. If a supply of it were sent to the men in this country I would prohibit their use of it. I am having an investigation of the matter. I thought you gentlemen would get on to it.

He said he had never complained to the secretary of war as to the condition of the beef, but had asked that the supply be stopped.

General Miles stated the first plans for sending troops to Cuba were not his, as he was opposed to sending troops there until Cervera's fleet was located. The question at the outset was a naval problem; and the dispatch of troops, in his judgment, then hinged on which fleet should destroy the other. If the Spanish had destroyed the United States fleet, the United States would have been blocked for a number of years. "If we had had a force in Cuba then we would have lost it, as it would have been impossible to get it back here."

He was opposed, also, to sending a large force to places like Havana or Matanzas, because of the large percentage of yellow fever deaths there. He said the destruction of Cervera's fleet settled that problem. He said he wanted to operate with a small force against the Spanish forces by harassing them during the sickly season, aiding the Cubans and not endangering the lives of his own force. He also at first favored taking Porto Rico to prevent the Spanish from using that as a base of operations.

General Miles gave details of the Porto Rican expedition organization and obstacles. Concluding with his opinion of camp sites, he said the first he knew of the selection of Camp Alger, Va., the most objectionable camp, in his mind, was when the regiments began reaching there. At Chickamauga he had recommended mobilizing the regulars there and a portion of the volunteers, after some of the regulars left, but he never anticipated 75,000 men would be sent there, and when he found it overcrowded, he had recommended distribution of the forces among other localities.

General Merritt told the commission that he regarded the Philippine expedition as a decided success and would conduct it on the same lines if he had it to do over. He spoke in high terms of the troops under him, and said this army was well supplied with medicines and food. He praised the volunteers.

SUCCEEDS BLISS.

Ambassador Hitchcock Appointed Secretary of the Interior.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The president nominated Ethan A. Hitchcock of Missouri, to be secretary of the interior.

Mr. Hitchcock is at present ambassador to Russia. He was appointed minister more than a year ago and when the



ETHAN ALLEN HITCHCOCK.

rank was raised to an embassy he was reappointed.

SAVED PROCTOR'S RESOLUTION.

Absence of a Quorum in the Senate Prevented Its Defeat.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The absence of a quorum in the senate saved Senator Proctor's resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of senators to investigate the conditions in Cuba and Porto Rico during the approaching recess of congress from decisive defeat.

An effort was made by Mr. Daniel (Va.) to obtain consideration for the resolution, but his motion mustered only 8 of the 38 votes cast. Only some routine business, including the passage of a few private pension bills, was transacted.

WERE BOOKS BURNED?

Serious Charges Against Standard Oil Officials.

MONNETT IS INVESTIGATING.

A Hearing Instituted at Cleveland. Some Witnesses Examined and a Constable After Others, One a Brother of John D. Rockefeller.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—Developments of a most sensational nature in the Standard Oil investigation came to light when Attorney General Monnett began taking depositions for the purpose of proving that the Standard Oil company, just previous to the issuance of the order by the supreme court that the books of the company be produced in evidence, had destroyed a large number of its books.

Upon the strength of information received by the attorney general from reliable business men and attorneys, that it could be proved that the Standard Oil company had burned a lot of its books, journals, ledgers and other valuable books, the state served notice upon the Standard Oil company that depositions would be taken before a notary in the office of Attorney Harry C. Mason in this city.

During the investigation of the Standard Oil trust before Commissioner Brinn-made a few weeks ago, the Standard refused to produce its books in evidence. The matter was taken to the supreme court and on Dec. 7 that court ordered the Standard Oil company to produce its books covering the period from 1892 to 1897, to show whether the Standard had paid dividends during that time to the holders of the trust certificates.

Previous to the discussion of the supreme court, Virgil P. Kline, attorney for the Standard, spent several days at Columbus, and it is alleged that he received information beforehand in regard to the court's decision and at once notified the officials of the Standard Oil company.

Attorney General Monnett expects to be able to prove that the officials of the Standard destroyed their books three or four nights before the supreme court ordered F. B. Squire, secretary of the company, to produce the company's books in evidence.

Rabbi Darmstetter of a Bohemian church testified that one evening three or four weeks ago he went into the saloon of E. H. Pollock at 131 Croton street, to see Pollock, who is an official of his church. He said that at the time Pollock was waiting on several Bohemian laborers, who were employees of the Standard Oil company, and he sat down till the saloonkeeper got through with his customers.

Darmstetter said that one of the men in the saloon was quite hilarious and was asked: "Why are you fellows doing so much treating?" Two of the men then engaged in a conversation and flashing a roll of bills said that they had got some good stuff by working overtime. One of them, who was a teamster, said that he and another teamster had loaded up a lot of books at the Euclid avenue office of the Standard Oil company and had taken them to the company's furnaces, where they were burned.

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Shoes

to select from.

W. H. GASS,
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Repairing done best and quick-
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CAUGHT A CONTRACTOR

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HE SUED CONKLE FOR THE SUM

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EVEN WORSE

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Fresh and Pure.

Eat candies, fresh end pure,
Buy at Hassey's to be SURE.

We know of nothing to equal a
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Ladies' high overgaiters, worth 50c,
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* FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Fountain pens, gold and silver
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ICE BREAKING STEAMER.

How the Russian Vessel Breaks Her
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It is held by men of experience in
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well as 90 passengers.—H. S. Canfield
in Chicago Times-Herald.

MADSTONE SOLD FOR \$450.

Famous Heirloom Disposed of by
Auction to Close an Estate.

The madstone an account of which
was lately published in the Washington
Post and therefrom copied into several
other papers north and south was sold
at Leesburg, Va., the other day at auc-
tion. From a bid of \$25 its price went
to \$450, at which it was sold to Mr. J.
A. Geiman of Bloomfield, Loudoun
county, Va. It has belonged in the Fred
family of this section for 131 years, and
may be said to remain there yet, as Mr.
Geiman's grandmother was a Fred.

The stone is about seven-eighths of
an inch long, five-eighths of an inch
wide and one-quarter of an inch thick,
and, it is said, has never failed to effect
a cure in its entire history. It has been
visited at Leesburg lately by persons
living miles away, applied to bites of
mad dogs, and the parties have gone
back claiming to be relieved. It was
sold to wind up an estate, and will re-
main in Leesburg.—Special Washing-
ton Post.

They Don't Wear Stockings.

It will take some time to educate the
Filipinos to hang up their stockings
like Christians on Christmas eve.—Mil-
waukee Sentinel

When Dewey Comes to Town.

When Dewey comes to town, you bet,
There'll be a hot old time,
For drums'll beat an horns'll toot
An' welcoming bells'll chime,
We'll wine him an' we'll dine him
An' tote him up an' down,
Till he won't know what he's up against,
When

Dewey Comes To Town!

Oh, the hero of Manila
Is a modest kind of peach,
An' like enough he'd stammer
If he had to make a speech;
But when it comes to fighting
He's entitled to the crown,
An' the folks'll make him wear it,
When

Dewey Comes To Town!

—New York Sun.

WE LEAD IN EXPORTS.

The United States In 1898
Strides Ahead of England.

GREAT GROWTH OF FOREIGN TRADE

We Shall Export This Year More
Than \$1,200,000,000 of Domestic
Merchandise Against Exports From
the United Kingdom of Less Than
\$1,140,000,000.

Our exports of domestic merchandise
in 1898 will amount to over \$1,200,-
000,000. The United Kingdom will ex-
port domestic merchandise valued at
less than \$1,140,000,000. Our foreign
trade in the past three years has grown
by leaps and bounds, while England's
has been at a standstill, and the United
States treasury and English board of
trade returns at the end of December
will show that the place England has
so long held as the greatest exporter of
domestic products has been taken by
the United States. Eight years ago,
when England shipped to foreign coun-
tries her products to the value of
\$1,280,758,643 (the world's high water
mark), while our domestic exports
amounted to but \$845,999,603, it did
not seem possible that before the end of
the decade America would outstrip En-
gland and take her place as the greatest
exporter of homemade products. Our
advance, considering that in the middle
of the decade we passed through one of
the most disastrous panics in our his-
tory, has been wonderful.

November's export trade broke the
record. The treasury department bureau
of statistics' preliminary figures for the
month show that our exports of do-
mestic merchandise amounted to \$127,-
483,467, exceeding the record of De-
cember last by \$4,330,384. Including
the few exports of foreign products our
exports last month amounted in all to
\$129,783,512. The December, 1897,
record was \$125,053,961, while the re-
cord prior to that was \$117,185,926,
made in December, 1896. The Novem-
ber exports show an increase of over
\$13,000,000 over those in last Novem-
ber, while the increase over the No-
vember exports of three years ago is
over \$42,000,000.

Sir C. T. Ritchie, president of the
English board of trade, in a speech be-
fore the Croydon chamber of commerce
the other day, calling attention to the
critical state of the foreign trade of the
kingdom, stated that while in the period
of 1891-7 the exports from France had
increased 1½ per cent, those from Ger-
many, Holland and Belgium 12¾ per
cent, and those from the United States
18 per cent, the United Kingdom's ex-
ports had fallen off 5 per cent. Up to
the end of October the English exports
for the year had fallen off \$2,600,000
(\$13,000,000), while the imports had
increased \$14,000,000 (\$70,000,000).
He attributed the wonderful increase of
our export trade to the development of
our natural resources and said that our
tariff was in a large part responsible
for the decline of England's export
trade.

The United Kingdom's exports of her
own products last year amounted to
\$1,138,941,015, while our exports were
valued at \$1,079,834,294. The British
lead of \$170,000,000 in 1896 was cut
down to \$60,000,000. We are not only
going to overcome this \$60,000,000 this
year, but we will lead the United
Kingdom by from \$60,000,000 to \$90,-
000,000. The British total will prob-
ably be a little less than last year,
while ours will be between \$1,200,000,-
000 and \$1,235,000,000. Our domestic
exports for the 11 months of the year
were \$1,098,089,136, and a December
total as low as the lowest December
record in years would bring the year's
domestic exports tens of millions of dol-
lars above England's.

Our excess of exports this year will
reach remarkable figures. November
not only broke the export record, but
made a new record for a month's excess
of exports. While the exports were
nearly \$130,000,000, the imports were
only \$52,109,560, the exact excess of
exports being \$77,673,952. If the De-
cember excess is up to the average, the
year's "balance of trade" will come
close to being \$600,000,000 in our favor.
Last year we thought \$360,000,000 a
great record. The wonderful progress
of our export trade in this decade is ap-
parent from a glance at this table:

	Exports.	Excess over imports.
1890.....	\$857,502,548	\$34,104,822
1891.....	970,509,646	142,188,703
1892.....	938,420,660	97,489,705
1893.....	876,108,781	99,859,387
1894.....	825,102,248	148,789,307
1895.....	824,890,135	21,190,789
1896.....	1,006,843,241	234,257,085
1897.....	1,029,714,807	367,112,304
1898.....	\$1,230,000,000	\$600,000,000

*Estimated.

Exports of foreign merchandise are
included in the table. They are insig-
nificant in the United States, seldom
amounting to \$20,000,000 in a year.
For the 11 months of the year the total
exports from the United States were
\$1,117,681,199, an increase of over
\$243,000,000 over the corresponding pe-
riod last year.

With the new record for merchandise
exports in 1898 will come a new record
for gold imports, and a remarkable re-
cord for excess of gold imports over ex-

ports. The record of 1880 is already
swept away. For the 11 months of the
year the gold imports were \$149,396,370,
and the exports \$14,975,316, an excess
of imports of \$134,421,054. The silver
excess of exports for the 11 months was
\$22,048,103. In previous years when
our export trade has risen to abnormal
figures Europe has paid its debt largely
through the increase of its sales of mer-
chandise to the United States. Now we
are increasing our exports to unheard of
dimensions and at the same time cut-
ting down our imports. This year our
imports will be over \$100,000,000 less
than last year.—New York Sun.

CINDERELLA ON THE ICE.

Glass Skates Which Are Both Useful
and Ornamental.

Cinderella's glass slipper bids fair to
become something more than a myth,
though the modern Cinderella will need
no fairy godmother to furnish her with
a coach in which to reach home swift-
ly. Her slippers will answer the pur-
pose.

The modern Cinderella's glass slipper
is a skate, of which the upper part re-
sembles a slipper, open behind, with a
split "lace up" heel cap. The Age of
Steel describes this new skate as a skate
of glass, hardened by a recent process
to the consistency of steel. Every part
of the skate is of glass, from the slip-
perlike upper to the glittering blade. It
is asserted that the glass blades are
much more slippery than steel ones and
that they will run almost as well over
rough, snow covered ice as on a smooth
ice sheet and will also go easily over
inequalities, twigs and other obstruc-
tions. They are made very sharp and
are so extremely hard that it is almost
impossible to blunt them. They are un-
like steel skates, in that they never
want grinding and never rust.

The new skates are as pretty as they
are efficient. They are very nearly trans-
parent, and in some cases, while in the
liquid state, are variously colored. Sev-
eral notable skaters are said to have
tested them, in every case with most
satisfactory results. So the pretty skates,
with their sharp blades, will, in all
probability, soon be seen skimming over
lakes and streams, and youths and
maidens who long ago relegated the
Cinderella story to the region of their
childhood will take a renewed interest
in glass slippers.

CHILDREN'S READING ROOM

Mr. Young Is Having One Fitted Up
in Congressional Library.

A special reading room is being fitted
up in the Congressional library for the
use of children. John Russell Young
has for some time seen the need of such
a place, and accordingly a room in the
basement, next to the quarters set apart
for the blind, is being furnished for the
use of readers under 16 years of age.
Between 10,000 and 12,000 books suit-
able for the little folks will be placed
on the shelves, and two women attend-



JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG.

ants are to be in charge. The children's
reading room, like the main reading
room, is to be used from 9 o'clock in
the morning until 10 at night. No date
has been set for its opening.

In his search through the library for
the books formerly belonging to the col-
lection of Thomas Jefferson, Mr. Young
has succeeded in identifying between
6,000 and 8,000 volumes by the secret
mark inserted in the books in the great
statesman's own writing. These books
are to be gathered together and pre-
served behind glass doors in a room ad-
joining the reading room for the blind
—Washington Post.

The Oregon Versus the Brooklyn.

In the January Scribner's Captain F.
A. Cook of the Brooklyn calls the atten-
tion of Captain Chadwick to what he
believes is an error in the latter's recent
article in Scribner's. Captain Cook does
not think that the Oregon was the nearer
ship in the chase of the Colon. He says:
"From my own knowledge the Oregon
fired her last shot at 8,900 yards from
the forward 13 inch gun, which struck
beyond the Colon, over her bows. At
the same time the last shot from the
Brooklyn was fired from the forward 8
inch gun at 6,800 yards and struck be-
yond, over the stern of the Colon. Both
shots fell close to the Colon, and both
ships were getting the range."

Bible in Australian Dialect.

All of the New Testament has been
translated for the first time into one of
the Australian native dialects by two
German missionaries.—Chicago Trib-
une.



Ont on the water in the moonlight. A
more beautiful or romantic situation for a
young man to tell the story of his love and
ask the young woman of his choice to share
his life cannot be imagined.

The courtship of a young couple may be
ever so romantic and their married life be
very unhappy. There are common sense
considerations outside of love that have a
world to do with the making of married
happiness. One of the most important of
these considerations is the good health of
both parties to the sacred tie. The young
man who is in the incipient stages of con-
sumption commits a crime if he marries
before he is restored to health. He con-
demns his wife to the life of a nurse and
his children to early death, or lives of sick-
ness and suffering. Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery cures 95 per cent. of all
cases of consumption if taken in its earlier
stages. This is its record established dur-
ing the past thirty years. It is the great
blood-maker, flesh-builder, nerve-tonic and
general restorative.

The young woman who suffers from weak-
ness and disease of the delicate and im-
portant organs that make wifehood and
motherhood possible has no right to answer
"Yes" to a young man's proposal until she
is thoroughly restored to health in a won-
derful way. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip-
tion prepares a woman for wifehood and
motherhood. It makes her strong, healthy
and vigorous where a woman most needs
health, strength and vigor. Thousands of
women have testified to its merits.

"My daughter," writes Mrs. N. A. Thomas, of
Little Rock, Ark., "had been under a doc-
tor's care for four years. Dr. Pierce's Favorite
Prescription, which cured me, also cured her."

THE TALK OF THE CITY.

It's of Interest to Our Readers Be-
cause It Refers to Fast Liv-
erpool People.

It's astonishing how good news will
spread. From every ward and street we
hear of our people talking about the
workings of the little conqueror. Merit
and honorable methods receive their just
reward. So many cases are cropping
up that it is next to impossible to inves-
tigate them all, but we have taken a few
in hand and give them publicity for the
benefit of our readers. Our representa-
tive obtained the following statement of
facts in a personal interview. They are
true in every particular and no stronger
evidence can be obtained than home en-
dorsement.

Mr. R. H. Hawkins, an employee of
Sebring's Pottery, who lives at No. 234
Second St., says: "I found Doan's Kid-
ney Pills very satisfactory. I had been
taking medicine for my kidneys right
along, and if I had found a cure I would
have had no occasion to use Doan's
Kidney Pills. I was troubled two years
or more with distressing backache
across the loins, a steady aching pain
with quick twinges now and then when
stooping or lifting that felt as if a sharp
instrument had pierced my back, while
the secretions of the kidneys were highly
colored, feverish or slightly scalded.
Work seemed to be a drag; I had no
energy, and I am more than thankful
that I was induced to go to the W. & W.
Pharmacy and get Doan's Kidney Pills.
After taking them there was no sign of
my old complaint. I felt better in every
way, could work with a will, and indorse
the medicine that brought this change
about."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all
dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Sent
by mail on receipt of price. Foster-
Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents
for the United States. Remember the
name, Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

ALL NERVOUS DISEASES—Failing Mem-
ory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused
by Abuse or other Excesses of the Indi-
vidual. They quickly and surely
restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and
fit a man for study, business or marriage.
Prevent Emission and Consumption of
taken in time. Their use shows immediate im-
provement and effects a CURE where all other fail.
Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They
have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a po-
sitive written guarantee to effect a cure. 50 CENTS
in each case or refund the money. Price \$2.00 per
package, or six packages (full treatment) for \$12.00. In
Mail to John W. Foster, upon receipt of price. Circulars
free. —AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St.,
Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John T.
Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

See our line of

Holiday Umbrellas.

Over 600 to choose from. Prices.
49c to \$4.98, at

The Leader.

Running and Paid Up Stock

now being issued in any
amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.
Corner Fifth and Washington.

At Zeb Kinsey's 5 & 10.

The Kessner

Cork Stuffed Doll.

25, 35, 50, \$2, \$3.50.

FREE! FREE!

A Handsome Calendar
with every sale.

The next few days will be
busy ones with us, as we
have the stock and the
right prices.

Thousands of pairs of
**Slippers and
Shoes**

to select from.

W. H. GASS,

220 DIAMOND.

Repairing done best and quick-
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CAUGHT A CONTRACTOR

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ton Post.

They Don't Wear Stockings.

It will take some time to educate the
Filipinos to hang up their stockings
like Christians on Christmas eve.—Mil-
waukee Sentinel.

When Dewey Comes to Town.

When Dewey comes to town, you bet,
There'll be a hot old time.
For drums'll beat an horns'll toot
An' welcoming bells'll chime.
We'll wine him an' we'll dine him
An' tote him up an' down,
Till he won't know what he's up against,
When

Dewey

Comes

To

Town!

Oh, the hero of Manila

Is a modest kind of peach.

An' like enough he'd stammer

If he had to make a speech;

But when it comes to fighting

He's entitled to the crown,

An' the folks'll make him wear it,
When

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—New York Sun.

WE LEAD IN EXPORTS.

**The United States In 1898
Strides Ahead of England.**

GREAT GROWTH OF FOREIGN TRADE

**We Shall Export This Year More
Than \$1,200,000,000 of Domestic
Merchandise Against Exports From
the United Kingdom of Less Than
\$1,140,000,000.**

Our exports of domestic merchandise
in 1898 will amount to over \$1,200,-
000,000. The United Kingdom will ex-
port domestic merchandise valued at
less than \$1,140,000,000. Our foreign
trade in the past three years has grown
by leaps and bounds, while England's
has been at a standstill, and the United
States treasury and English board of
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will show that the place England has
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domestic products has been taken by
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\$1,250,758,643 (the world's high water
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close to being \$600,000,000 in our favor.
Last year we thought \$360,000,000 a
great record. The wonderful progress
of our export trade in this decade is ap-
parent from a glance at this table:

	Exports.	Excess over imports.
1890.....	\$857,502,548	\$34,104,822
1891.....	970,509,646	142,188,708
1892.....	938,430,680	97,489,705
1893.....	876,108,781	99,859,857
1894.....	825,102,248	148,789,807
1895.....	824,890,136	21,190,789
1896.....	1,005,843,241	24,257,885
1897.....	1,069,714,807	367,112,304
1898.....	\$1,250,000,000	\$90,000,000

*Estimated.

Exports of foreign merchandise are
included in the table. They are insig-
nificant in the United States, seldom
amounting to \$20,000,000 in a year.
For the 11 months of the year the total
exports from the United States were
\$1,117,681,199, an increase of over
\$243,000,000 over the corresponding pe-
riod last year.

With the new record for merchandise
exports in 1898 will come a new record
for gold imports, and a remarkable re-
cord for excess of gold imports over ex-

ports. The record of 1880 is already
swept away. For the 11 months of the
year the gold imports were \$149,396,370,
and the exports \$14,975,316, an excess
of imports of \$134,421,054. The silver
excess of exports for the 11 months was
\$22,048,103. In previous years when
our export trade has risen to abnormal
figures Europe has paid its debt largely
through the increase of its sales of mer-
chandise to the United States. Now we
are increasing our exports to unheard of
dimensions and at the same time cut-
ting down our imports. This year our
imports will be over \$100,000,000 less
than last year.—New York Sun.

CINDERELLA ON THE ICE.

**Glass Skates Which Are Both Useful
and Ornamental.**

Cinderella's glass slipper bids fair to
become something more than a myth,
though the modern Cinderella will need
no fairy godmother to furnish her with
a coach in which to reach home swift-
ly. Her slippers will answer the pur-
pose.

The modern Cinderella's glass slipper
is a skate, of which the upper part re-
sembles a slipper, open behind, with a
split "lace up" heel cap. The Age of
Steel describes this new skate as a skate
of glass, hardened by a recent process
to the consistency of steel. Every part
of the skate is of glass, from the slip-
perlike upper to the glittering blade. It
is asserted that the glass blades are
much more slippery than steel ones and
that they will run almost as well over
rough, snow covered ice as on a smooth
ice sheet and will also go easily over
inequalities, twigs and other obstruc-
tions. They are made very sharp and
are so extremely hard that it is almost
impossible to blunt them. They are un-
like steel skates, in that they never
want grinding and never rust.

The new skates are as pretty as they
are efficient. They are very nearly trans-
parent, and in some cases, while in the
liquid state, are variously colored. Sev-
eral notable skaters are said to have
tested them, in every case with most
satisfactory results. So the pretty skates,
with their sharp blades, will, in all
probability, soon be seen skimming over
lakes and streams, and youths and
maidens who long ago relegated the
Cinderella story to the region of their
childhood will take a renewed interest
in glass slippers.

CHILDREN'S READING ROOM

**Mr. Young Is Having One Fitted Up
in Congressional Library.**

A special reading room is being fitted
up in the Congressional library for the
use of children. John Russell Young
has for some time seen the need of such
a place, and accordingly a room in the
basement, next to the quarters set apart
for the blind, is being furnished for the
use of readers under 16 years of age.
Between 10,000 and 12,000 books suit-
able for the little folks will be placed
on the shelves, and two women attend-



JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG.

ants are to be in charge. The children's
reading room, like the main reading
room, is to be used from 9 o'clock in
the morning until 10 at night. No date
has been set for its opening.

In his search through the library for
the books formerly belonging to the col-
lection of Thomas Jefferson, Mr. Young
has succeeded in identifying between
6,000 and 8,000 volumes by the secret
mark inserted in the books in the great
statesman's own writing. These books
are to be gathered together and pre-
served behind glass doors in a room ad-
joining the reading room for the blind.
—Washington Post.

The Oregon Versus the Brooklyn.

In the January Scribner's Captain F.
A. Cook of the Brooklyn calls the at-
tention of Captain Chadwick to what he
believes is an error in the latter's recent
article in Scribner's. Captain Cook does
not think that the Oregon was the nearer
ship in the chase of the Colon. He says:
"From my own knowledge the Oregon
fired her last shot at 8,900 yards from
the forward 13 inch gun, which struck
beyond the Colon, over her bows. At
the same time the last shot from the
Brooklyn was fired from the forward 8
inch gun at 6,800 yards and struck be-
yond, over the stern of the Colon. Both
shots fell close to the Colon, and both
ships were getting the range."

Bible in Australian Dialect.

All of the New Testament has been
translated for the first time into one of
the Australian native dialects by two
German missionaries.—Chicago Trib-
une.



Out on the water in the moonlight. A
more beautiful or romantic situation for a
young man to tell the story of his love and
ask the young woman of his choice to share
his life cannot be imagined.

The courtship of a young couple may be
ever so romantic and their married life be
very unhappy. There are common sense
considerations outside of love that have a
world to do with the making of married
happiness. One of the most important of
these considerations is the good health of
both parties to the sacred tie. The young
man who is in the incipient stages of con-
sumption commits a crime if he marries
before he is restored to health. He con-
demns his wife to the life of a nurse and
his children to early death, or lives of sick-
ness and suffering. Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery cures 98 per cent. of all
cases of consumption if taken in its earlier
stages. This is its record established dur-
ing the past thirty years. It is the great
blood-maker, flesh-builder, nerve-tonic and
general restorative.

The young woman who suffers from weak-
ness and disease of the delicate and im-
portant organs that make wifehood and
motherhood possible has no right to answer
"Yes" to a young man's proposal until she
is thoroughly restored to health in a wom-
anly way. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip-
tion prepares a woman for wifehood and
motherhood. It makes her strong, healthy
and vigorous where a woman most needs
health, strength and vigor. Thousands of
women have testified to its merits.

"My daughter," writes Mrs. N. A. Thomas, of
Little Rock, Ark., "had been under a doctor's
care for four years. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pre-
scription, which cured me, also cured her."

THE TALK OF THE CITY.

It's of interest to our Readers Be-
cause it Refers to Fast Liv-
erpool People.

It's astonishing how good news will
spread. From every ward and street we
hear of our people talking about the
workings of the little conqueror. Merit
and honorable methods receive their just
reward. So many cases are cropping
up that it is next to impossible to inves-
tigate them all, but we have taken a few
in hand and give them publicity for the
benefit of our readers. Our representa-
tive obtained the following statement of
facts in a personal interview. They are
true in every particular and no stronger
evidence can be obtained than home cor-
roboration.

Mr. R. H. Hawkins, an employee of
Sebring's Pottery, who lives at No. 234
Second St., says: "I found Doan's Kid-
ney Pills very satisfactory. I had been
taking medicine for my kidneys right
along, and if I had found a cure I would
have had no occasion to use Doan's
Kidney Pills. I was troubled two years
or more with distressing backache
across the loins, a steady aching pain
with quick twinges now and then when
stooping or lifting that felt as if a sharp
instrument had pierced my back, while
the secretions of the kidneys were highly
colored, feverish or slightly scalded.
Work seemed to be a drag; I had no
energy, and I am more than thankful
that I was induced to go to the W. & W.
Pharmacy and get Doan's Kidney Pills.
After taking them there was no sign of
my old complaint. I felt better in every
way, could work with a will, and indorse
the medicine that brought this change
about."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all
dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Sent
by mail on receipt of price. Foster
Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents
for the United States. Remember the
name, Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE
ALL Nervous Diseases—Galling Medi-
cine, Impotency, Sterility, etc., caused
by Abuse or other Excesses and Indis-
cretions. They quickly and surely
restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and
fit a man for study, business or marriage.
Prevent Insanity and Consumption, if
taken in time. Their use shows immediate im-
provement and effects a CURE where all other fail.
Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They
have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a per-
fectly written guarantee to effect a cure, and if not
satisfied, or six boxes (full treatment) for \$25.00. By
mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Globe
Free). **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 19 Dearborn St.,
Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I.
Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

See our line of

Holiday Umbrellas.

Over 600 to choose from. Prices
49c to \$4.98, at

The Leader.

Running and Paid Up Stock

now being issued in any
amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.
Corner Fifth and Washington.

At Zeb Kinsey's 5 & 10.

The Kessner

Cork Stuffed Doll.

25, 35, 50, \$2, \$3.50.

FREE! FREE!

A Handsome Calendar
with every sale.

The next few days will be
busy ones with us, as we
have the stock and the
right prices.

Thousands of pairs of

Slippers and
Shoes

to select from.

W. H. GASS,
220 DIAMOND.

Repairing done best and quick-
est in city.

CAUGHT A CONTRACTOR

Lisbon Man Claims He Lost
Money Gambling.

HE SUED CONKLE FOR THE SUM

Funds in the First National Bank, Belong-
ing to the Defendant, Have Been At-
tached—The Trial Is Listed For Tomor-
row In Squire Hill's Court.

The game of craps is very expensive
sport if a case in the court of Squire Hill
can be taken as an example.

Several days ago, it will be remem-
bered, Samuel Conkle was arrested on a
charge of keeping a gambling house, and
was taken before Mayor Bough. He
pleaded guilty to the charge and was fined
\$50 and costs. This did not end the
case, as J. Frank Tullis, who gave the
information upon which Conkle was
arrested, wanted the money he had lost,
and Tuesday night he appeared in the
court of Squire Hill and began an action
and attachment against Conkle for \$247,
which he claims he lost in a game of
craps. Money which Conkle is supposed
to have in the First National bank was
garnished, and the case is set for hear-
ing tomorrow.

The defendant is represented by At-
torney A. H. Clark, while Attorney W.
B. Hill has the case of the plaintiff.
Numerous witnesses have been subpoe-
naed, and a hard fought legal battle is
expected. The case is exciting a great
deal of interest, as it is probably the
first action of the kind ever brought in
the city.

EVEN WORSE

Are the New Lights at the Second Street
Station.

The new lights placed at the Second
street station are worthless. The com-
pany intended to make an improve-
ment, but the attempt failed. The
platform is darker than ever before, and
instead of two lights being used there
should be at least four lamps.

Gas Inspector Johnson was asked
about placing additional lights at the
station and said he would lay the mat-
ter before the officials, but personally he
could do nothing in the matter.

Fresh and Pure.

Eat candies, fresh end pure,
Buy at Hassey's to be sure.

We know of nothing to equal a
Gold Medal Cyco-Bearing carpet
sweeper at the Eagle Hardware
Co.

Ladies' high overgaiters, worth 50c,
for 25c, at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Fountain pens, gold and silver
pencils at Wade's.

Holiday shoes and slippers.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Fancy bronze and decorated
lamps and globes at the Eagle
Hardware Co.

Good Results Expected.

The midwinter examinations in the
public schools will close tomorrow
morning. So far the scholars have been
very successful and have been preparing
excellent papers. The higher grades
will be examined tomorrow morning in
music, spelling and current events.

Gloves and mittens, silk and linen
handkerchiefs, an umbrella, a smoking
jacket, fancy colored shirts, all useful
Christmas presents. The place to buy
them is at

JOSEPH BROS.

GARCIA'S VISIT TO SAMPSON.

Famous Cuban General Became Sea-
sick and Wanted to Return Ashore.

It was during that long, monotonous
blockade before Santiago, some days be-
fore the arrival of the transports bear-
ing General Shafter and the army of
invasion, that I first met the late Gen-
eral Garcia. Admiral Sampson desired
to confer with the Cuban commander
and had sent a dispatch boat down the
coast to bring the general and his staff
to the flagship New York.

The Caribbean was in a bad temper
that day, and when the steam cutter of
the flagship came alongside the yacht
to take the distinguished party to the
ship of the commander in chief of the
squadron the old general hesitated.
However he managed to get into the
launch as it bumped and pounded
against the sides of the Vixen, despite
the efforts of the "jackies" to keep
clear with boathooks, and after a most
uncomfortable "shaking up" reached
the ladder on the New York's port
quarter.

The little launch was bobbing like a
cork, and the old general, overcome by
seasickness, lost heart and protested
against attempting to scale the uninvit-
ing side of the warship. "No, no," he
said. "I have certainly had enough. I
think I would better go back." Pre-
vailed upon, he managed to reach the
deck of the cruiser and soon after was
stretched on the divan in Captain Chad-
wick's cabin.

When last I saw him on the ship, he
was standing aft gazing toward the
Cuban shore, but five miles away. His
eyes were filled with tears and his voice
was broken as I heard him say aloud,
not knowing that he was overheard:
"O my poor Cuba! My poor Cuba! I
have fought for you a long, long time!
And now you are to be free!"—Henry
Barrett Chamberlin in Chicago Record.

ICE BREAKING STEAMER.

How the Russian Vessel Breaks Her
Way Through the Ice.

Consul Metcalf sends from Newcastl-
on-Tyne a description of the launching
of the ice breaking steamer Ermack,
recently built for the Russian govern-
ment. This steamer is 305 feet long, 71
feet in breadth and 42½ feet in depth.
When fully loaded, the draft will be 25
feet and displacement 8,000 tons. The
dimensions and appearance of the vessel
would suggest a battleship but for the
cutaway bow. The principle upon which
this vessel attacks the ice is an improve-
ment on the old idea of running up on
to it and breaking it down by what
might be termed brute force. Science
has added to this brute force by placing
a forward propeller to disturb the water
under the ice, depriving the latter of
its support and rendering it a compara-
tively easy task for the heavy vessel to
break through.

It is held by men of experience in
navigation amid frozen waters that
there will be no great difficulty in
keeping open many, if not all, of the
principal trade routes of the world
which are now rendered impassable ev-
ery winter. In addition to conveying
merchant vessels through the ice she is
capable of carrying a heavy cargo as
well as 90 passengers.—H. S. Canfield
in Chicago Times-Herald.

MADSTONE SOLD FOR \$450.

Famous Heirloom Disposed of by
Auction to Close an Estate.

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It will take some time to educate the
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When Dewey comes to town, you bet,
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For drums'll beat an horns'll toot
An' welcoming bells'll chime.
We'll welcome him an' we'll dine him
An' tote him up an' down,
Till he won't know what he's up against,
When

Dewey Comes To Town!

Oh, the hero of Manila.
Is a modest kind of peach,
An' like enough he'd stammer
If he had to make a speech;
But when it comes to fighting
He's entitled to the crown,
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great record. The wonderful progress
of our export trade in this decade is ap-
parent from a glance at this table:

	Exports.	Excess over imports.
1890.....	\$857,502,548	\$34,104,822
1891.....	970,509,646	142,188,708
1892.....	938,420,080	97,489,705
1893.....	876,108,781	99,859,857
1894.....	825,102,248	148,789,307
1895.....	824,890,136	131,100,789
1896.....	1,005,843,241	324,257,085
1897.....	1,099,714,807	367,112,204
1898.....	1,220,000,000	\$600,000,000

*Estimated.

Exports of foreign merchandise are
included in the table. They are insig-
nificant in the United States, seldom
amounting to \$20,000,000 in a year.
For the 11 months of the year the total
exports from the United States were
\$1,117,681,199, an increase of over
\$243,000,000 over the corresponding pe-
riod last year.

With the new record for merchandise
exports in 1898 will come a new record
for gold imports, and a remarkable rec-
ord for excess of gold imports over ex-

ports. The record of 1880 is already
swept away. For the 11 months of the
year the gold imports were \$149,396,370,
and the exports \$14,975,316, an excess
of imports of \$134,421,054. The silver
excess of exports for the 11 months was
\$22,048,103. In previous years when
our export trade has risen to abnormal
figures Europe has paid its debt largely
through the increase of its sales of mer-
chandise to the United States. Now we
are increasing our exports to unheard of
dimensions and at the same time cut-
ting down our imports. This year our
imports will be over \$100,000,000 less
than last year.—New York Sun.

CINDERELLA ON THE ICE.

Glass Skates Which Are Both Useful
and Ornamental.

Cinderella's glass slipper bids fair to
become something more than a myth,
though the modern Cinderella will need
no fairy godmother to furnish her with
a coach in which to reach home swift-
ly. Her slippers will answer the pur-
pose.

The modern Cinderella's glass slipper
is a skate, of which the upper part re-
sembles a slipper, open behind, with a
split "lace up" heel cap. The Age of
Steel describes this new skate as a skate
of glass, hardened by a recent process
to the consistency of steel. Every part
of the skate is of glass, from the slip-
perlike upper to the glittering blade. It
is asserted that the glass blades are
much more slippery than steel ones and
that they will run almost as well over
rough, snow covered ice as on a smooth
ice sheet and will also go easily over
unequalities, twigs and other obstruc-
tions. They are made very sharp and
are so extremely hard that it is almost
impossible to blunt them. They are un-
like steel skates, in that they never
want grinding and never rust.

The new skates are as pretty as they
are efficient. They are very nearly trans-
parent, and in some cases, while in the
liquid state, are variously colored. Sev-
eral notable skaters are said to have
tested them, in every case with most
satisfactory results. So the pretty skates,
with their sharp blades, will, in all
probability, soon be seen skimming over
lakes and streams, and youths and
maidens who long ago relegated the
Cinderella story to the region of their
childhood will take a renewed interest
in glass slippers.

CHILDREN'S READING ROOM

Mr. Young Is Having One Fitted Up
in Congressional Library.

A special reading room is being fitted
up in the Congressional library for the
use of children. John Russell Young
has for some time seen the need of such
a place, and accordingly a room in the
basement, next to the quarters set apart
for the blind, is being furnished for the
use of readers under 16 years of age.
Between 10,000 and 12,000 books suit-
able for the little folks will be placed
on the shelves, and two women attend-



JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG.

ants are to be in charge. The children's
reading room, like the main reading
room, is to be used from 9 o'clock in
the morning until 10 at night. No date
has been set for its opening.

In his search through the library for
the books formerly belonging to the col-
lection of Thomas Jefferson, Mr. Young
has succeeded in identifying between
6,000 and 8,000 volumes by the secret
mark inserted in the books in the great
statesman's own writing. These books
are to be gathered together and pre-
served behind glass doors in a room ad-
joining the reading room for the blind.
—Washington Post.

The Oregon Versus the Brooklyn.

In the January Scribner's Captain F.
A. Cook of the Brooklyn calls the atten-
tion of Captain Chadwick to what he
believes is an error in the latter's recent
article in Scribner's. Captain Cook does
not think that the Oregon was the nearer
ship in the chase of the Colon. He says:
"From my own knowledge the Oregon
fired her last shot at 8,900 yards from
the forward 13 inch gun, which struck
beyond the Colon, over her bows. At
the same time the last shot from the
Brooklyn was fired from the forward 8
inch gun at 6,800 yards and struck be-
yond, over the stern of the Colon. Both
shots fell close to the Colon, and both
ships were getting the range."

Bible In Australian Dialect.

All of the New Testament has been
translated for the first time into one of
the Australian native dialects by two
German missionaries.—Chicago Trib-
une.



Out on the water in the moonlight. A
more beautiful or romantic situation for a
young man to tell the story of his love and
ask the young woman of his choice to share
his life cannot be imagined.

The courtship of a young couple may be
ever so romantic and their married life be
very unhappy. There are common sense
considerations outside of love that have a
world to do with the making of married
happiness. One of the most important of
these considerations is the good health of
both parties to the sacred tie. The young
man who is in the incipient stages of con-
sumption commits a crime if he marries
before he is restored to health. He con-
demns his wife to the life of a nurse and
his children to early death, or lives of sick-
ness and suffering. Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery cures 98 per cent. of all
cases of consumption if taken in its earlier
stages. This is its record established dur-
ing the past thirty years. It is the great
blood-maker, flesh-builder, nerve-tonic and
general restorative.

The young woman who suffers from weak-
ness and disease of the delicate and im-
portant organs that make wifehood and
motherhood possible has no right to answer
"Yes" to a young man's proposal until she
is thoroughly restored to health in a wom-
anly way. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescrip-
tion prepares a woman for wifehood and
motherhood. It makes her strong, healthy
and vigorous where a woman most needs
health, strength and vigor. Thousands of
women have testified to its merits.

"My daughter," writes Mrs. N. A. Thomas, of
Little Rock, Ark., "had been under a doctor's
care for four years. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pre-
scription, which cured me, also cured her."

THE TALK OF THE CITY.

It's of Interest to Our Readers Be-
cause It Refers to East Liv-
erpool People.

It's astonishing how good news will
spread. From every ward and street we
hear of our people talking about the
workings of the little conqueror, Meric
and honorable methods receive their just
reward. So many cases are cropping
up that it is next to impossible to inves-
tigate them all, but we have taken a few
in hand and give them publicity for the
benefit of our readers. Our representa-
tive obtained the following statement of
facts in a personal interview. They are
true in every particular and no stronger
evidence can be obtained than home en-
dorsement.

Mr. R. H. Hawkins, an employe of
Sebring's Pottery, who lives at No. 234
Second St., says: "I found Doan's Kid-
ney Pills very satisfactory. I had been
taking medicine for my kidneys right
along, and if I had found a cure I would
have had no occasion to use Doan's
Kidney Pills. I was troubled two years
or more with distressing backache
across the loins, a steady aching pain
with quick twinges now and then when
stooping or lifting that felt as if a sharp
instrument had pierced my back, while
the secretions of the kidneys were highly
colored, feverish or slightly scalded.
Work seemed to be a drag; I had no
energy, and I am more than thankful
that I was induced to go to the W. & W.
Pharmacy and get Doan's Kidney Pills.
After taking them there was no sign of
my old complaint. I felt better in every
way, could work with a will, and endorse
the medicine that brought this change
about."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all
dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Sent
by mail on receipt of price. Foster
Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents
for the United States. Remember the
name, Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE
ALL Nervous Diseases—Galling Medi-
cine, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused
by Abuse of Other Excesses and Indi-
cations. They quickly and surely
restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and
fit a man for study, business or marriage.
They prevent Insanity and Consumption if
taken in time. Their use shows immediate im-
provement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Re-
sist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They
have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a per-
fect written guarantee to effect a cure, or \$25.00 in
each case or refund the money. Price 50 CTS. per
package; or six packages (full treatment) for \$2.50. By
mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Check or
Money Order). **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 23 Dearborn St.,
Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John T.
Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

See our line of Holiday Umbrellas.

Over 600 to choose from. Prices
49c to \$4.98, at

The Leader.

Running and Paid Up Stock

now being issued in any
amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.

Corner Fifth and Washington.

At Zeb Kinsey's 5 & 10.

The Kessner

Cork Stuffed Doll.

25, 35, 50, \$2, \$3.50.

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"This is the whole story out of which such a mountain has been sought to be made. So far as I have been able to learn no one was injured, and all that was done was done by consent of all parties in the case, and nobody in any way connected with the case, so far as I have ever heard, has yet any fault to find with it."

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Dress Patterns,
Furs,
Wraps,
Umbrellas,
Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Towels,
Table Linens,
Blankets,
Comforts,

Boots,
Dolls,
Toys,
Bric-a-Brac,
Medallions,
Leather Goods,
Sterling Silver
Novelties,
Trunks, Valises,
Sleds.

And a hundred other things suitable for gifts. Follow the crowds to headquarters for Holiday Shopping. You are sure to get just what you want, and at the right price, too.

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"This is the whole story out of which such a mountain has been sought to be made. So far as I have been able to learn no one was injured, and all that was done was done by consent of all parties in the case, and nobody in any way connected with the case, so far as I have ever heard, has yet any fault to find with it."

Carving knives and forks that
cut at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Hassey's
Fine bon bons are in great demand by
patrons.

Self-pouring tea and coffee
pots, just the thing for a Christ-
mas present, at the Eagle Hard-
ware Co.

Child's rubber boots 95c a pair at
FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

A full line of gold pens and
pencils at Wade's.

A beautiful line of children's suits for
Christmas at Joseph Bros. from \$1.25
to \$3.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

THE FINAL GRAND RUSH

Is here, and we are too busy to write any extended advertisement. We wish only to remind you to call on us in your search for appropriate and useful Xmas gifts. Come where you get the largest assortment for the least possible price.

Dress Patterns,
Furs,
Wraps,
Umbrellas,
Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Towels,
Table Linens,
Blankets,
Comforts,

Boots,
Dolls,
Toys,
Bric-a-Brac,
Medallions,
Leather Goods,
Sterling Silver
Novelties,
Trunks, Valises,
Sleds.

And a hundred other things suitable for gifts. Follow the crowds to headquarters for Holiday Shopping. You are sure to get just what you want, and at the right price, too.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

VICTIMS OF ACCIDENTS.

Workman Buried and Crushed—Other
Fatal Mishaps.

YOUNGSTOWN, Dec. 22.—William McGowan, 50 years of age, was crushed to death in a sand bank. There was a cave-in and he was buried several feet.

TIFFIN, Dec. 22.—John Bellin, living near Lindsey, was drowned by falling from a bridge. He was trying to repair a bad break in the bridge.

NEWARK, Dec. 22.—Samuel Lees, aged 69, a prominent and wealthy farmer of the southwestern part of the county, was almost instantly killed. A horse he was handling kicked him in the stomach and he lived but a few minutes.

Not Knapp's Body.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Dec. 22.—A telegram received from Albany, Ind., states that Private Fred Knapp of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Indiana volunteers, supposed to have been killed here, is alive. How Knapp's identification check came to be in the possession of the man killed here is not explained, and the identity of the body is still a mystery.

TWO KILLED.

Washington Express, on the Pennsylvania, Crashed Into the Pittsburg Flyer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Two of the fastest express trains of the Pennsylvania railroad came into collision at Colonia, a small station in New Jersey just beyond Rahway.

A heavy fog prevailed at the time and the Pittsburg flyer was going slowly while the engine driver was endeavoring to read the signals. The engineer of the Washington express supposed he had a clear track and ran his train into the Pittsburg flyer.

The dead:
William O. Dewolf of Parkersburg, W. Va., clerk in the accountant's office of the Ohio River railroad.

L. E. Knight (colored), porter of the Pullman coach Bartholdi. He had relatives in Boston, his home.

Ten persons were injured.

Bailey Resolution Adopted.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The last session of the house before the holiday recess lasted but about an hour. The Bailey resolution directing an investigation of the right of the members who volunteered in the Spanish-American war to seats in the house was adopted and several bills of minor importance were passed.

Congress Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Both houses of congress adjourned to Jan. 4, 1899.

Why, of Course.

"I've called to tell you, sir, that the photographs you took of us the other day are not at all satisfactory. Why my husband looks like an ape!" "Well, madam, you should have thought of that before you had him taken."—Household Words.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms and 21 acres of ground, near plant of French China company, five minutes' walk from streetcar line. Inquire at store of Chambers company, East End.

FOR RENT—Large pleasant furnished room. Apply room 2 Postoffice Building.

FOR RENT—New house of seven rooms, East End (Klondike), ready about first of year. Inquire at 174 Fourth street.

FOR RENT—House of five rooms, College and Forest street; bath room, inside water closet, hot and cold water, gas in every room, light and heat. Inquire George Peach & son, Diamond.

See the line of

Sterling Silver Novelties

At The Leader

before buying elsewhere.

AT—
ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Doll Buggies and Push
carts, 19, 25, 50, 99, \$1.99.

G. R. PATTISON,
JEWELER -:- OPTICIAN,
224 WASHINGTON ST.

Call and see our fine line of Xmas
goods—Diamonds, Watches, Rings,
and Jewelry of all kinds. Sterling
Silver and Plated ware of the latest
designs. Now is the time to buy and
get first choice.

224 WASHINGTON ST.

Gents' Japanese silk initial
hndk'fs 10c. Gents' linen initial
hndk'fs 12½c. Gents' fine silk
initial hndk'fs 25c, at

The Leader.

Have You Inspected It?

Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent
JOB and BOOK WORK
turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled
Workmen, Superb
Material. Thousands of
dollars worth of latest
Designs and Styles of
Type, Border and Novel-
ties. All work absolutely
guaranteed.

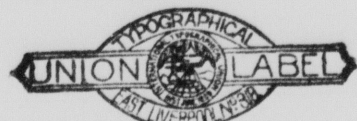
Test the
News Review
Job Department.

The News Review.

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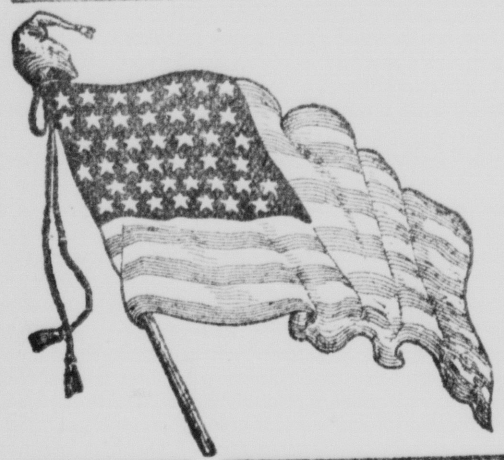
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It is but right to believe that the Rev. Mr. Parkhurst is opposed to home missions since he has emphatically declared against the annexation of the Philippines.

THINGS are coming to a pretty pass when Carnegie and Bryan meet for the purpose of discussing a great question in private. But politics always did make strange bedfellows, and, apparently, always will.

THERE will be warm times in congress after the holiday recess, but when it is all over the people will feel satisfied and safe. Present indications point to a splendid endorsement of the wise policy of President McKinley.

ROBERTS, the polygamist Mormon who was elected to congress by the priesthood of the church of Latter Day Saints, should be ousted at the earliest opportunity. Men who break the law with the smiling indifference displayed by Roberts, have no right among men who make the law. Instead he should be called to account for what he has already done and is continuing to do.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY is a veteran of the civil war, and has never done anything to prompt the belief that he favors the men against whom he fought. He said many things during his southern trip which will do much to foster the good work of cementing the north and south, but not one word of cheer to disloyalty did he utter, nor once countenance that spirit which supported the doctrine of states' rights and cost the nation a million of men and billions of money.

DIRTY STREETS.

The thaw has left the streets of the city in miserable condition, particularly in the business section where they should at all times present a neat appearance. Something should be done at once toward removing the accumulation of filth, not only because it is unsightly but for sanitary reasons. Permit it to remain and its influence will be felt in a remarkable short time. In ordinary weather it would be most disagreeable, but now, when conditions are such as to invite disease, it is dangerous.

THE FIGHT IS ON.

The men who support the construction of the Nicaragua Canal and representatives of the transcontinental railroads are measuring strength in Washington. The former are endeavoring to show the great advantage of the ditch, while the latter are using arguments of every kind to prove its expense and ultimate failure. The reason is plain. All the commerce, or the greater part of it, between the east and west, and much of that between New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and China and Japan is carried by the railroads. Dig the canal and it will go by water. One will lose thousands of dollars in freight rates that the other will gain in tolls. The power of each party is yet to be seen for the debate is young and gives promise of stretching far out into the session.

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS WITH YOUR GROCER FOR

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Fruit Cakes, Wedding Cakes, Layer Cakes, Cream Puffs, Pies, etc. for the Holidays.

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 Phone 44.

We wish all our patrons a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

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Mary O'Neil, who is employed in one of the river potteries, took some whisky and quinine for a cold yesterday, and when she was going to her home in California hollow she fell over the hill near the residence of Justice Rose. She was taken to jail in the patrol, in charge of Officer Woods, where she spent the night. She told the mayor this morning that the medicine she had taken was too strong for her, and caused her to be in the condition she was when found. She was allowed to go without paying a fine.

Mrs. Kitchner, of Florence street, West End, who had her husband arrested yesterday afternoon, called on the mayor this morning, and asked that her husband be released. He was arrested by Officer Wood and taken to the jail in the patrol. Since Kitchner's return from a state institution he has been acting strangely and his family are of the opinion that his mind is affected. The mayor complied with the woman's wish.

No complaints were made this morning and no arrests had been made up to a late hour this afternoon. As a result the jail is empty.

Hassey's

Hand made cream candies are simply delicious.

Kodaks are the best, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Sample & Neal will save you money on holiday footwear.

A very nice line of fancy silk vests at Joseph Bros.' make good Christmas presents.

Brush and Comb sets in silver and ebony at Wade's.

Men's embroidered velvet slippers 47c, at

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James O'Donnell, the father of Mrs. W. M. Foutts, West Market street, died yesterday at his home in Salineville. Deceased was well known here and had many friends who will be pained to hear of his death.

Nut cracks and picks at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Have you seen Joseph Bros.' fine line of neckties for Christmas.

Our Oxford mufflers are going like hot cakes. Call and see them at

ENOCH ELDEN'S.

GOT A SORE THROAT

Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for

TONSILINE.

Tonsiline cures any mouth or throat affection and does it promptly and thoroughly.

It's the stitch in time. Don't neglect to use it.

25 and 50 cents at all druggists. THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

LOADED TO THE GUARDS.

Packets Have All the Freight They Can Carry.

The prediction in this paper last evening that the river would reach a 15-foot stage was fulfilled, and at noon today the marks at the wharf registered 19 feet and rising slowly.

The ice from the upper rivers has reached here, but will not interfere with navigation, as it is very soft. The river was 18 feet at midnight at Pittsburg, but there is no cause for any alarm on account of high water. Rivermen do not think that it will reach higher than 22 or 23 feet. Nearly all the boats are out and the rest will be out shortly.

The Ben Hur was compelled to stop at Wellsville during the night on account of the fog. It went up this morning with a large trip. The Queen City went down last night loaded to the guards with freight. It also had a good passenger list.

About 6,000,000 bushels of coal will go south on the rise, and it is probable it will begin to pass this port tomorrow morning.

EAST VIA WASHINGTON.

New Arrangement Via Pennsylvania Lines.

On and after Christmas 1898, the Pennsylvania lines will sell tickets to Philadelphia and New York via Washington, D. C., at the same fares as apply over the direct lines of the Pennsylvania system and allow ten day's stop over at the national capital. For particulars apply to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania lines.

ARRANGING FOR A FIGHT.

Local Fags May Come Together on the Island.

A number of local sports are endeavoring to arrange a prize fight between two local boxers, the fight to take place during holiday week at the island.

The men have both been in numerous battles, and much money will be wagered on the contest should it take place.

Ladies or gentlemen's slippers at economical prices.

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Gold and silver tooth picks, pens and pencils at Wade's.

DON'T wait until Saturday, the last moment, to select your Christmas presents, but come now while the stock is complete; pick out what you want; we will engrave it free of charge and lay it away until such times as you want it. We have something elegant for every one.

M. WADE,

The Reliable Jeweler.

205 Market Street.

To Piano Owners.

HAVING been hearing complaints for the last few years from piano owners who have had their pianos put in bad shape by itinerant piano tuners, we have gone to the expense and trouble of getting practical men to do work on pianos right. Our Mr. Joseph Bruce has had practical experience with several Pittsburg firms in tuning, repairing and refinishing pianos. Our Mr. J. P. Harrington has been with the Chickerings and Briggs in Boston, and is both practical and artistic in his tuning. They are both at your service, as well as

Smith & Phillips.

AT ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Rogers Bros' knives and forks. Pearl handle knives and forks.

Ladies', misses' and children's Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats reduced to half price at THE LEADER.



STRONG AGAIN!

Sexine Pills

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
 They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicose, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
 For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

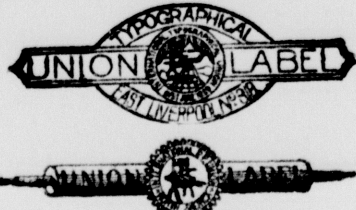
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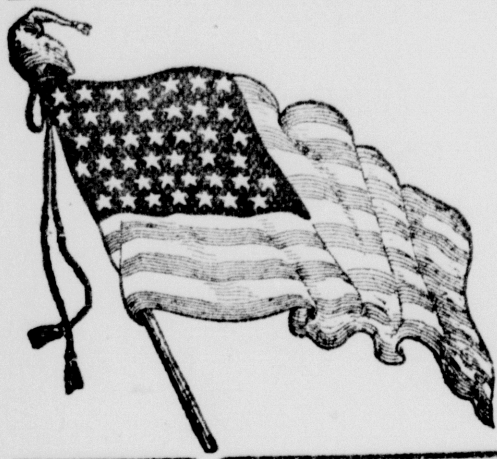
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Ice skates and sleds at the
 Eagle Hardware Co.

Sample & Neal's holiday footwear
 will save you money.

Gold and silver tooth picks,
 pens and pencils at Wade's.

DON'T wait until Saturday, the
 last moment, to select your
 Christmas presents, but come
 now while the stock is complete;
 pick out what you want; we will
 engrave it free of charge and lay
 it away until such times as you
 want it. We have something ele-
 gant for every one.

M. WADE,

The Reliable Jeweler.

205 Market Street.

To Piano Owners.

HAVING been hearing complaints for
 the last few years from piano own-
 ers who have had their pianos put
 in bad shape by itinerant piano tuners,
 we have gone to the expense and trouble
 of getting practical men to do work on
 pianos right. Our Mr. Joseph Bruce has
 had practical experience with several
 Pittsburg firms in tuning, repairing and
 refinishing pianos. Our Mr. J. P. Har-
 rington has been with the Chickerings and
 Briggs in Boston, and is both practical
 and artistic in his tuning. They are both
 at your service, as well as

Smith & Phillips.

AT ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Rogers Bros' knives and forks.
 Pearl handle knives and forks.

Ladies', misses' and children's
 Trimmed and
 Untrimmed Hats
 reduced to half price at
 THE LEADER.



STRONG
 AGAIN!

Sexine Pills

They have stood the test of years,
 and have cured thousands of
 cases of Nervous Diseases, such
 as Debility, Dizziness, Sleepless-
 ness and Varicose, Atrophy, &c.
 They clear the brain, strengthen
 the circulation, make digestion
 perfect, and impart a healthy
 vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients
 are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death.
 Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the
 money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
 For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

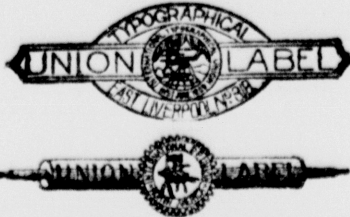
Artistic Job Work, THE NEWS REVIEW
 There is NONE Better

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

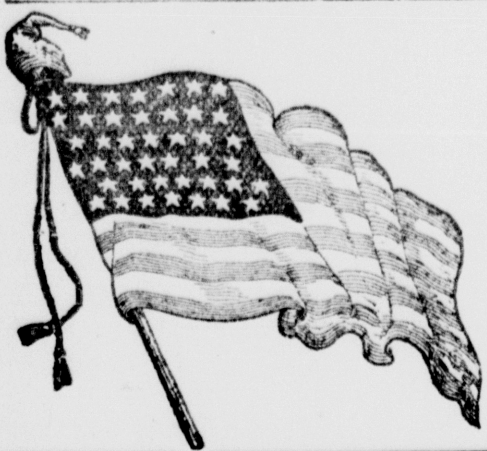
PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
 (Entered as second class matter at the East
 Liverpool, O., postoffice.)
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 (Postage free in United States and Canada.)
 One Year in Advance.....\$5.00
 Three Months.....1.25
 By the Week.....10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, DEC. 22.



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns.



COLONEL BRYAN has been silent for three whole days. The gentleman is probably suffering from throat trouble.

It is but right to believe that the Rev. Mr. Parkhurst is opposed to home missions since he has emphatically declared against the annexation of the Philippines.

THINGS are coming to a pretty pass when Carnegie and Bryan meet for the purpose of discussing a great question in private. But politics always did make strange bedfellows, and, apparently, always will.

THERE will be warm times in congress after the holiday recess, but when it is all over the people will feel satisfied and safe. Present indications point to a splendid endorsement of the wise policy of President McKinley.

ROBERTS, the polygamist Mormon who was elected to congress by the priesthood of the church of Latter Day Saints, should be ousted at the earliest opportunity. Men who break the law with the smiling indifference displayed by Roberts, have no right among men who make the law. Instead he should be called to account for what he has already done and is continuing to do.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY is a veteran of the civil war, and has never done anything to prompt the belief that he favors the men against whom he fought. He said many things during his southern trip which will do much to foster the good work of cementing the north and south, but not one word of cheer to disloyalty did he utter, nor once countenance that spirit which supported the doctrine of states' rights and cost the nation a million of men and billions of money.

DIRTY STREETS.

The thaw has left the streets of the city in miserable condition, particularly in the business section where they should at all times present a neat appearance. Something should be done at once toward removing the accumulation of filth, not only because it is unsightly but for sanitary reasons. Permit it to remain and its influence will be felt in a remarkable short time. In ordinary weather it would be most disagreeable, but now, when conditions are such as to invite disease, it is dangerous.

THE FIGHT IS ON.

The men who support the construction of the Nicaragua Canal and representatives of the transcontinental railroads are measuring strength in Washington. The former are endeavoring to show the great advantage of the ditch, while the latter are using arguments of every kind to prove its expense and ultimate failure. The reason is plain. All the commerce, or the greater part of it, between the east and west, and much of that between New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and China and Japan is carried by the railroads. Dig the canal and it will go by water. One will lose thousands of dollars in freight rates that the other will gain in tolls. The power of each party is yet to be seen for the debate is young and gives promise of stretching far out into the session.

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS WITH YOUR GROCER FOR

BAGLEY'S HOME-MADE BREAD

Fruit Cakes, Wedding Cakes, Layer Cakes, Cream Puffs, Pies, etc. for the Holidays.

The Bagley Co., Originators of Home Made Baked Goods.
 Phone 44.

We wish all our patrons a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

PARKER PAID THE FINE

After He Had Spent a Night In Jail For Swearing.

STRONG WHISKY AND QUININE

Made a Combination That Was Too Much For a Young Girl and She Too Was Locked Up—One Man Arrested and Released by His Wife.

Mayor Bough had several cases before him this morning but only one fine was collected.

Colonel Parker, an old timer, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Chief Johnson on the complaint of Thomas Shreaves. The gentleman alleged that Parker swore at and otherwise abused him, and that by the insults he was injured considerably. Parker spent the night in jail, and after he paid a fine of \$7.60 this morning he was allowed to go.

Mary O'Neil, who is employed in one of the river potteries, took some whisky and quinine for a cold yesterday, and when she was going to her home in California hollow she fell over the hill near the residence of Justice Rose. She was taken to jail in the patrol, in charge of Officer Woods, where she spent the night. She told the mayor this morning that the medicine she had taken was too strong for her, and caused her to be in the condition she was when found. She was allowed to go without paying a fine.

Mrs. Kitchner, of Florence street, West End, who had her husband arrested yesterday afternoon, called on the mayor this morning, and asked that her husband be released. He was arrested by Officer Wood and taken to the jail in the patrol. Since Kitchner's return from a state institution he has been acting strangely and his family are of the opinion that his mind is affected. The mayor complied with the woman's wish.

No complaints were made this morning and no arrests had been made up to a late hour this afternoon. As a result the jail is empty.

Hassey's

Hand made cream candies are simply delicious.

Kodaks are the best, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Sample & Neal will save you money on holiday footwear.

A very nice line of fancy silk vests at Joseph Bros.' make good Christmas presents.

Brush and Comb sets in silver and ebony at Wade's.

Men's embroidered velvet slippers 47c, at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Mrs. Foutts' Father Dead.

James O'Donnell, the father of Mrs. W. M. Foutts, West Market street, died yesterday at his home in Salineville. Deceased was well known here and had many friends who will be pained to hear of his death.

Nut cracks and picks at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Have you seen Joseph Bros.' fine line of neckties for Christmas.

Our Oxford mufflers are going like hot cakes. Call and see them at

ENOCH ELDEN'S.

GOT A SORE THROAT

Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for

TONSILINE.

Tonsiline cures any mouth or throat affection and does it promptly and thoroughly.

It's the stitch in time. Don't neglect to use it.

25 and 50 cents at all druggists. THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, O.

LOADED TO THE GUARDS.

Packets Have All the Freight They Can Carry.

The prediction in this paper last evening that the river would reach a 15-foot stage was fulfilled, and at noon today the marks at the wharf registered 19 feet and rising slowly.

The ice from the upper rivers has reached here, but will not interfere with navigation, as it is very soft. The river was 18 feet at midnight at Pittsburg, but there is no cause for any alarm on account of high water. Rivermen do not think that it will reach higher than 22 or 23 feet. Nearly all the boats are out and the rest will be out shortly.

The Ben Hur was compelled to stop at Wellsville during the night on account of the fog. It went up this morning with a large trip. The Queen City went down last night loaded to the guards with freight. It also had a good passenger list.

About 6,000,000 bushels of coal will go south on the rise, and it is probable it will begin to pass this port tomorrow morning.

EAST VIA WASHINGTON.

New Arrangement Via Pennsylvania Lines.

On and after Christmas 1898, the Pennsylvania lines will sell tickets to Philadelphia and New York via Washington, D. C., at the same fares as apply over the direct lines of the Pennsylvania system and allow ten day's stop over at the national capital. For particulars apply to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania lines.

ARRANGING FOR A FIGHT.

Local Fugs May Come Together on the Island.

A number of local sports are endeavoring to arrange a prize fight between two local boxers, the fight to take place during holiday week at the island.

The men have both been in numerous battles, and much money will be wagered on the contest should it take place.

Ladies or gentlemen's slippers at economical prices.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Nothing more substantial than one-half dozen Dunkirk & Cromwell shirts for Christmas gift at

ENOCH ELDEN'S.

Kodaks from \$2.50 up to \$25 at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Ladies bedroom slippers 50c.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Opera and field glasses at Wade's.

Have you seen our stock of fine silk suspenders for Christmas at

JOSEPH BROS.

Carried Home the Shoes.

Homer Swift, of Fourth street, who has been attending Adrian college, arrived in the city this morning, and will spend the holidays with his parents. Tied to the handle of Mr. Swift's trunk was a woman's shoe, put there by some of his college chums.

Ladies' felt slippers 50c.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

A special invitation is extended to all the ladies when out shopping to see Joseph Bros.' display of holiday goods.

Carving knives and forks that cut at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Men's fancy leather slippers 47c to \$2, at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Made Needed Repairs.

Lamp Trimmer McCoy yesterday afternoon repaired a number of arc lamps in Second street. The lamps had been in a bad condition for several weeks, and the improvements were much needed.

Ice skates and sleds at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Sample & Neal's holiday footwear will save you money.

Gold and silver tooth picks, pens and pencils at Wade's.

To Piano Owners.

HAVING been hearing complaints for the last few years from piano owners who have had their pianos put in bad shape by itinerant piano tuners, we have gone to the expense and trouble of getting practical men to do work on pianos right. Our Mr. Joseph Bruce has had practical experience with several Pittsburg firms in tuning, repairing and refinishing pianos. Our Mr. J. P. Harrington has been with the Chickering and Briggs in Boston, and is both practical and artistic in his tuning. They are both at your service, as well as

Smith & Phillips.

AT ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Rogers Bros' knives and forks. Pearl handle knives and forks.

Ladies', misses' and children's Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats reduced to half price at THE LEADER.



STRONG AGAIN!

Sexine Pills

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY
 They have stood the test of years, and have cured thousands of cases of Nervous Diseases, such as Debility, Dizziness, Sleeplessness and Varicose, Atrophy, &c. They clear the brain, strengthen the circulation, make digestion perfect, and impart a healthy vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into Insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address, PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.
 For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

Artistic Job Work, THE NEWS REVIEW, There is NONE Better.

WELLSVILLE.

MAAS WON THE CASE

But the Jury Considered the Matter For an Hour.

IT WAS A VERY SPICY TRIAL

A Tarantula Caused a Commotion in the West End, but Was Killed After a Battle in the Street—No Meeting of Finance Committee Last Night.

The case of Martin Maas against Charles MacKenzie to obtain possession of property, was heard in council chamber yesterday afternoon. The trial began at 2 o'clock and closed about 5:30.

The jurors were Joseph Warren, John Patterson, Hanson H. Catlett, Frank Kelley, Edward Whitten and George Wells. Martin Maas, Mrs. Maas, Mrs. Christina Richards and Charles McGregor were the witnesses for the plaintiff, and Charles MacKenzie, Mrs. MacKenzie and Miss Eva MacKenzie were witnesses for the defense. The defense claimed a verbal contract for the retention and use of the house for one year.

Many rebuffs from witnesses for the plaintiff to the attorney for the defense made the trial somewhat spicy. The jury deliberated for over an hour before they brought in a verdict for the plaintiff.

Killed a Tarantula.

There were lively times yesterday afternoon at the Model grocery in the West End when one of the clerks discovered a tarantula in a bunch of bananas.

The young man suddenly lost all interest in his work and one would have thought him a flying Spaniard as he climbed down the step ladder. All hands rallied to the attack, and at last the enemy was discovered again, routed from his hiding place and took to the street, where in open warfare he was killed.

News of Wellsville.

Gillis McGregor has returned from a trip to Eldorado, Iowa.

Mrs. J. C. Nicholson has returned from a visit to friends in Alliance.

George Prosser has returned from Colorado where he has been railroading, to spend his Christmas holidays with his parents.

Henry Snediker, the three-year-old son of Charles Snediker, who has been very ill for the past week, is reported improving.

The foundation of the six room dwelling house that is to be erected by James Wellington on Fifteenth street will be completed today.

Roy Davies will leave tomorrow to spend his holiday vacation with his parents in Wilmerding, Pa.

Word received from Massillon concerning Mrs. Martha Ribblet is very discouraging. Her mental condition does not improve under treatment as it was hoped, and she grows worse rather than improved.

There was no meeting of the finance committee or the committee for securing an engineer to do the work of sewerage last night. Chairman Bowers was called to Liverpool by the illness of his sister, Mrs. Dr. Andrews, and various other causes were responsible for the absence of the rest of the committee. No time has been set for another meeting.

Attorney F. L. Wells has gone to Battle Creek where he will remain until after the holidays with his wife who is at the sanitarium at that place. Mrs. Wells is still improving steadily.

J. R. Stoakes is suffering from a very sore hand, but he is still able to continue his duties at the depot.

William Carey and Miss Annie Johnston will be united in marriage this evening at the home of the bride in Salineville. Mr. Carey is an employee at the railroad shops. Mr. and Mrs. Carey will go to housekeeping in town.

Mr. Walters' Funeral.

The funeral of Isaac Walters, who died in this city, will be held Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Interment will be made in Riverview cemetery. Services will be conducted at the home Friday evening, and Saturday the services will be in charge of the Masons.

A Library Meeting.

The library directors will have a regular meeting tomorrow evening. They have not much business to transact beyond hearing the report of the book committee.

Santa Claus will have hard sledding this year, but he will be here, for he has been filling his pack with fine slippers at FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MRS. ANNA CROXALL

Passed Away Last Evening After a Brief Illness.

Mrs. Anna Croxall, wife of Frederick G. Croxall, died last night at her home in Crouth street from erysipelas fever after an illness lasting but seven days.

Deceased was aged 55 years, and was born in Mexico, coming to this city when quite young with her parents. She was married to Mr. Croxall April 21, 1861, and when he enlisted she was left at home but 19 years of age and with a six-months-old child, but bore her hardship with a Christian fortitude seldom seen. Five children were born to bless the marriage, three of whom are living, Nellie, Alma and Thomas. She was a sister of B. W. Haines, John Orr and Mrs. Charles Shenkel.

Mrs. Croxall had been a member of the First M. E. church for over 25 years and was always prominent in the work of the church. She was also a member of the Relief Corps and Eastern Star and was beloved and respected by the members of both organizations.

The funeral will take place Saturday afternoon, Dr. Clark Crawford, officiating. Interment will be made at Riverview.

A BROKEN AXLE

Caused an Expensive Freight Wreck This Morning.

A broken axle of a freight car, attached to a train going from Walls to Conway yards, caused a bad wreck on the Ft. Wayne road at Fair Oaks, a small station west of Sewickley, this morning.

The train was going at rapid speed, and the break caused 14 cars to be badly wrecked, covering the eastbound track. The train due at the Second street station at 8:17 did not arrive until 11:35, and the accommodation, due at 10:05, came in at 12:35. The eastbound train due at 12:15 arrived at 12:25. The wreck occurred at 12:30 o'clock this morning.

FOURTH OHIO

Will Be Prepared For Mustering Out Next Week.

The furlough of the Fourth Ohio expires January 5, and it is expected that very shortly, probably the first of next week, the work of getting the regiment ready for that event will be started.

It is the desire of the officers to have everything in readiness so that on the day the furlough expires all of the men may be mustered out and paid off. Lieutenant Russell, the new mustering officer for Ohio, will have charge of the work.

Private Dan Webster, of this city, is a member of Company A, of the Fourth.

PLEASANT WEDDING.

Henry D. Scott and Miss Isabella Pollock Were Married.

Henry D. Scott and Miss Isabella Pollock were married last evening at the home of the bride, 309 Fifth street. Prof. O. S. Reed performed the ceremony at 6 o'clock. A large number of friends were present, and the bride was the recipient of a number of beautiful presents.

They left on the evening train for points down the river where they will visit friends.

The nicest line of silk suspenders and neckwear, just the thing for Christmas gifts, at

ENOCH ELDEN'S.

Ladies' felt slippers 50c

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Kodaks are the best, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Child's rubbers 10c a pair at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

Special sale of overcoats, \$15 coats for \$12 at

JOSEPH BROS.

Trades Council.

Trades council held a lengthy session, last evening, but the business transacted was of a private nature.

There was a large attendance when President Eardly called the meeting to order. The minutes were read and approved and the usual routine business was transacted.

Sample & Neal will suit you with shoes. They'll save you money, too.

WE KICK.

Uncle Sam Registers a Protest In the Far East.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—[Special]—Information from Peking says that the United States has protested against the extension of French jurisdiction at Shanghai.

SMALL FIRE

Gave the Department a Run Early This Morning.

The fire department at 1:30 o'clock this morning responded to an alarm caused by a small fire in the residence of Charles A. Hayden, 178 Fourth street.

The fire was caused by an overheated fireplace, which caused some clothing to burn in a closet nearby. The flames were soon extinguished, and the damage was very slight.

An Old Time Favorite.

Manager Norris, of the Grand, takes pleasure in announcing the engagement for Friday night of Leonard Grover's comedy drama entitled "Lost In New York," which is more laughable than a farce comedy and more dramatic than a melodrama. W. H. Ryno has secured an excellent company to interpret this play, including Miss Addie Sharp, a remarkably bright and vivacious soubrette who wins the favor of the audience from the very start and maintains it to the final drop of the curtain. Mr. William O. Johnson who impersonates the character of the every day tramp creates no end of laughter.

Secretary Platts' Guests.

Dr. L. O. Platts, of Milton, Wis., is in the city the guest of his son Secretary Platts, of the Young Men's Christian association. E. J. Whittier, of Jamesville, Minn., is also a guest of the secretary.

For style and quality in holiday shoes and slippers.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Kodaks from \$2.50 up to \$25 at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Pink and blue satin shoes, fur trimmed, for baby 50c at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

First Molasses Shipment.

The Keystone State which is expected here from Cincinnati tomorrow will carry the first molasses shipment of the season to Pittsburg from New Orleans. It is said that over 600 barrels are on the boat.

Married In Steubenville.

Clarence L. Harley, of Smith Ferry, and Miss Liddle E. Daniels, of Washington street, this city, were married in Steubenville yesterday. The young couple will make their home in this city.

Married This Afternoon.

Miss Ada Pugh and Mr. Richardson were married this afternoon by Reverend Swift at his residence. They are well known people of the city.

Beginning to Rebuild.

C. F. Bauman yesterday commenced rebuilding his property in Jackson street. It was damaged by fire last week.

Buy your holiday shoes and slippers of Sample & Neal

PERSONAL MENTION:

—Hugh McNicol was a Pittsburg visitor today.

—Charles Goodwin was a Pittsburg visitor today.

—Harry Risinger was in Monaca on business today.

—Miss Clara Wallace will spend the holidays in Wheeling.

—W. L. Lupton, of Alliance, was in the city today on business.

Jack Rowe, of Washington street, was in Allegheny on business today.

—W. C. Roth, of Akron, is spending a few days in the city on business.

—Asher Oakley, of Woodsfield, spent today in the city calling on friends.

—Mrs. Devine, of Second street, was in Pittsburg today visiting friends.

—Miss Pearl Sebring arrived home this evening from Washington, D. C., where she has been taking music.

—Mrs. J. A. Brown, of Ozark, is spending a few weeks with her daughters, Mrs. Haverfield, of Pennsylvania avenue, East End.

SOON SETTLED A CASE

Sebrings and Palestine Pottery Came Together.

IT DIDN'T GO TO THE JURY

The Amount Offered by the Company Was Satisfactory and Each Side Paid Its Own Costs—Cleveland Attorneys File an Action—Lisbon News.

LISBON, Dec. 22.—[Special]—The trial of the suit of George E. and Frank A. Sebring against the East Palestine Pottery company was ended yesterday during the noon recess, the parties making an agreement that suited all.

The company is to pay the Sebring brothers \$3,250, and each side of the suit is to pay its own costs.

A number of witnesses from Palestine and Liverpool were here to testify, but had no opportunity to tell what they knew of the matter.

Virgil P. Kline, W. E. Carr, S. H. Tolles and Fred H. Goff, co-partners as attorneys at Cleveland, have brought action against J. E. McDonald, W. L. Smith and F. H. Croxall for \$592, claimed as fees for trying two cases in the United States circuit court.

Wesley J. Wright has filed a petition against the Big Vein Coal company, alleging that on Oct. 12, 1898, while filling coal cars at the bottom of the company's shaft, he broke through a platform which the company had erected over a ditch in which were two bull wheels used in a wire rope to pass over in drawing the cars. In breaking through the platform his foot was mangled by the wheels, and he asks \$15,000 damages, claiming that the platform was decayed and made of pine boards less than an inch thick.

Transfers.

LISBON, Dec. 22.—[Special]—J. E. Anderson has sold to trustees of Highlandtown church, 87½ square rods of land, \$54.68; C. H. Taggot to J. H. Workman, lots 63-4, Wellsville, \$675; J. H. Workman to C. H. Taggot, one acre, Yellow Creek, \$1,200; Q. A. Butler to Sarah T. Swearingen, lot 14, Salem, \$1,300; Preston M. Little to A. C. Vodack, 83 acres in Unity, \$6,000; R. H. Wilcox to J. A. Workman, lot 18, Wellsville, \$1,600; J. M. Dickenson to Alice Stewart, 20 acres, Center, \$1,025.

Probate Court.

LISBON, Dec. 22.—[Special]—J. M. Dickinson was appointed administrator of the estate of C. D. Hoider.

William P. Day, of Salem, has been adjudged insane. He will be taken to the Massillon hospital.

The will of Annie Hassner, late of Liverpool, has been offered for probate.

Marriage licenses have been issued to W. C. Trover and Mrs. Mary Potts, Liverpool; Oscar L. Gordon and Ida May Vanfossen.

Returned Here From Cleveland.

William Edgar, who has resided in Cleveland for several years, has returned to this city. He will make his home in this place.

Sample & Neal's holiday shoes make a useful Christmas present.

Overcoat sale at Joseph Bros. \$15—selling at \$12.

Attending to Business.

Charles E. Rose, of New York City, stopped off in the city between trains last evening looking after some theatrical enterprises in which he is interested.

"There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak." At the Eagle Hardware Co.

Childs' rubbers 10c a pair at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Night Only,
Friday, December 23.

The Great Comedy Drama.

Lost In New York
Leonard Grover, Author.

Fannier Than a
Farce Comedy.

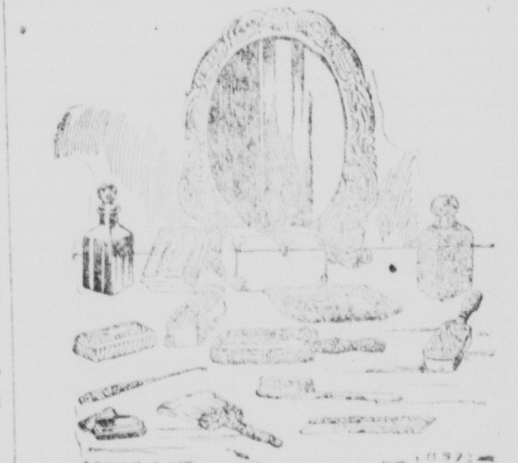
More dramatic than a melodrama. Powerful company. Elaborate scenery. Thrilling climaxes. Laughable situations. A real picture of New York life.

Prices 25, 35, 50, 75c.

Seats on sale at Reed's.

Attended a Meeting.
George R. Baker, of Allegheny, was in the city last evening attending a meeting of the colored Odd Fellows. He returned to his home on the noon train.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER
Are the only preparations that will restore the scalp to its original healthy condition.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—



Holiday Goods

are being shown in our cases. Dainty toilet articles in the most useful materials, made in the best manner. We make a specialty of cut glass bottles filled with dainty perfumes. We have a nice line of Atomizers, Packages of Perfumes, Pocketbooks, Brushes and Combs, etc., that would make

Handsome Presents.

BERT ANSLEY'S
City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.
140 Fourth Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:
That territory bounded by commencing at a point on the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence due north to the north-west corner of section twenty-four (24) in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18) and twelve (12) also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue to the state line; thence with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.
Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana county, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the commissioners, in the court house, in the county of Columbiana, Ohio.

M. J. McGARRY,
City Solicitor.
Published in the News Review, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22 and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

United Presbyterian Mutual Benefit Association.

MONMOUTH, ILL., Dec. 10, 1898.
Having examined into the account of the U. P. M. B. A. of Monmouth, I find that the organization is in a flourishing condition and with the brightest prospects for the future. It has lowered the age of its members six years during the past year, and has carried their insurance at a cost below the average of fraternal orders. With the same careful management in the future, I am confident its success is assured.

FRED A. ARTHUR,
Examiner for Nebraska.

Over \$2,500,000 insurance now in force. All assessments paid returned to beneficiaries at death. Total cost to enter to Jan. 1, 1899, reduced to \$7. \$14.00 written by the undersigned last week \$8.00 this week. Investigate and act, and get into the best insurance association for U. P.'s. Address

J. C. McClain.
Manager,
126 Greasley St., City.

A fine large
Bisque Doll
worth \$1.50 to go at 98c at
THE LEADER.

Christmas Trees,
From 10c to 50c.
357 West Market St.
JOHN GREEN.

THE STATE OF OHIO,
Columbiana County, ss.
EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Dec. 15, 1898.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN: That the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of James Rusby, deceased, with the will annexed.

J. J. MARTIN.

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MRS. ANNA CROXALL

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Returned Here From Cleveland.

William Edgar, who has resided in Cleveland for several years, has returned to this city. He will make his home in this place.

Sample & Neal's holiday shoes make a useful Christmas present.

Overcoat sale at Joseph Bros. \$15—selling at \$12.

Attending to Business.

Charles E. Rose, of New York City, stopped off in the city between trains last evening looking after some theatrical enterprises in which he is interested.

"There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak." At the Eagle Hardware Co.

Childs' rubbers 10c a pair at FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Night Only, Friday, December 23.

The Great Comedy Drama,

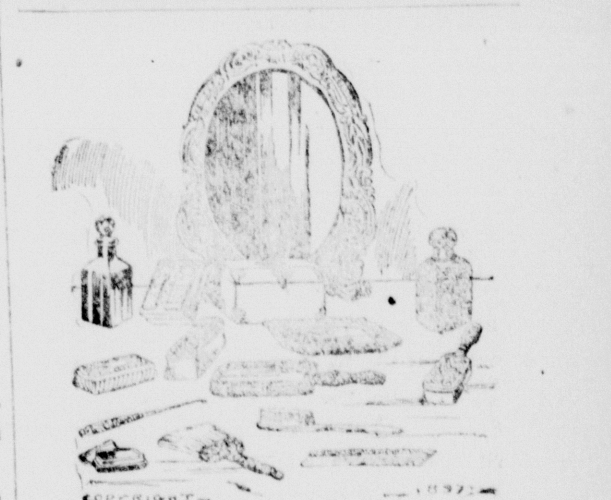
Lost In New York
Leonard Grover, Author.
Funnier Than a Farce Comedy.

More dramatic than a melodrama. Powerful company. Elaborate scenery. Thrilling climaxes. Laughable situations. A real picture of New York life.

Prices 25, 35, 50, 75c.
Seats on sale at Reed's.

George R. Baker, of Allegheny, was in the city last evening attending a meeting of the colored Odd Fellows. He returned to his home on the noon train.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER
Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.
—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—



Holiday Goods

are being shown in our cases. Dainty toilet articles in the most useful materials, made in the best manner. We make a specialty of cut glass bottles filled with dainty perfumes. We have a nice line of Atomizers, Packages of Perfumes, Pocketbooks, Brushes and Combs, etc., that would make

Handsome Presents.

BERT ANSLEY'S
City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.
140 Fourth Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:

That territory bounded by commencing at a point on the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence due north to the north-west corner of section twenty-four (24), in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18) and twelve (12), also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue to the state line; thence with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.

Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana county, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the commissioners, in the court house, in Columbiana county, Ohio.

M. J. McGARRY,
City Solicitor.

Published in the News Review, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22 and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

United Presbyterian Mutual Benefit Association.

MONMOUTH, ILL., Dec. 10, 1898.
Having examined into the account of the U. P. M. B. A. of Monmouth, I find that the organization is in a flourishing condition and with the brightest prospects for the future. It has lowered the age of its members six years during the past year, and has carried their insurance at a cost below the average of fraternal orders. With the same careful management in the future as at present its success is assured.

FRED A. ARCHARD,
Examiner for Nebraska.

Over \$2,500,000 insurance now in force. All assessments paid returned to beneficiaries at death. Total cost to enter Jan. 1, 1899, reduced to \$7. \$14,000 written by the undersigned last week. \$8,000 this week. Investigate and act, and get into the best insurance association for U. P.'s. Address

J. C. McClain,
Manager,
126 Greasley St., City.

A fine large
Bisque Doll
worth \$1.50 to go at 98c at
THE LEADER.

Christmas Trees,
From 10c to 50c.
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William Edgar, who has resided in Cleveland for several years, has returned to this city. He will make his home in this place.

Sample & Neal's holiday shoes make a useful Christmas present.

Overcoat sale at Joseph Bros. \$15—selling at \$12.

Attending to Business.

Charles E. Rose, of New York City, stopped off in the city between trains last evening looking after some theatrical enterprises in which he is interested.

"There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak." At the Eagle Hardware Co.

Childs' rubbers 10c a pair at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Night Only,
Friday, December 23.

The Great Comedy Drama.

Lost In New York
Leonard Grover, Author.

Funnier Than a
Farce Comedy.

More dramatic than a melodrama. Powerful company. Elaborate scenery. Thrilling climaxes. Laughable situations. A real picture of New York life.

Prices 25, 35, 50, 75c.

Seats on sale at Reed's.

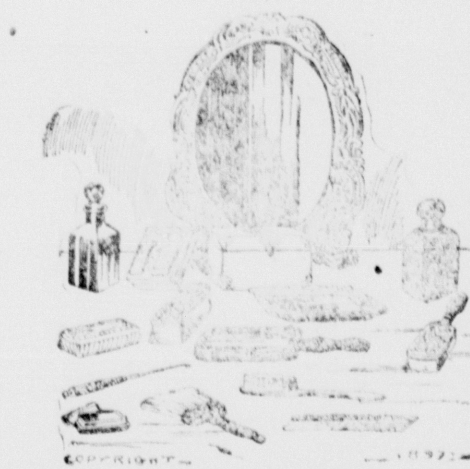
Attended a Meeting.

George R. Baker, of Allegheny, was in the city last evening attending a meeting of the colored Odd Fellows. He returned to his home on the noon train.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER

Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—



Holiday Goods

are being shown in our cases. Dainty toilet articles in the most useful materials, made in the best manner. We make a specialty of cut glass bottles filled with dainty perfumes. We have a nice line of Atomizers, Packages of Perfumes, Pocketbooks, Brushes and Combs, etc., that would make

Handsome Presents.

BERT ANSLEY'S

City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.
140 Fourth Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:

That territory bounded by commencing at a point on the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence due north to the northwest corner of section twenty-four (24) in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18) and twelve (12) also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue due north to the line with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.

Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana County, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the commissioners, in the court house, in Columbiana county, Ohio.

M. J. McGARRY,

City Solicitor, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22 and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

United Presbyterian Mutual Benefit Association.

MONMOUTH, ILL., Dec. 10, 1898.
Having examined into the account of the U. P. M. B. A. of Monmouth, I find that the organization is in a flourishing condition and with the brightest prospects for the future. It has lowered the age of its members six years during the past year, and has carried their insurance at a cost below the average of fraternal orders. With the same careful management in the future as at present its success is assured.

FRED A. ARBARD,

Examiner for Nebraska.

Over \$2,500,000 insurance now in force. All assessments paid returned to beneficiaries at death. Total cost to enter to Jan. 1, 1899, reduced to \$7. \$14.00 written by the undersigned last week. \$8.00 this week. Investigate and act, and get into the best insurance association for U. P.'s. Address

J. C. McClain.

Manager.

126 Greasley St., City.

A fine large
Bisque Doll
worth \$1.50 to go at 98c at
THE LEADER.

Christmas Trees,
From 10c to 50c.
357 West Market St.
JOHN GREEN.

THE STATE OF OHIO,
Columbiana County, ss.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Dec. 15, 1898.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of James Rusby, deceased, with the will annexed.

S. J. MARTIN.

FRY CAN'T BE MOVED

His Condition Today Is Considered Critical.

INFIRMARY DIRECTORS ARE HERE

Looking Into the Matter and Seeing That He Is Given the Best of Care—Wellsville Unfortunates Are Also Demanding Attention.

Infirmary Directors Hoopes and McEride arrived yesterday and transacted much business in this end of the county. They first visited Wellsville where they investigated the case of J. L. Robinson, an oil driller who fell from a derrick sometime ago and is now suffering with paralysis and is entirely helpless. His home is in Toronto and the Jefferson county officials will pay his expenses while he is in Wellsville.

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The directors then came to this city and went to see Arthur Fry who is ill with typhoid pneumonia. He is very ill and his chances of recovery are very slight. The directors made arrangements to pay \$15 a week for his keeping and he will receive the best of care.

The directors reported everybody at the infirmary as in good health and no cases of fever. The vacancy in the board, caused by the death of Mr. Filson, they think will not be filled by the commissioners until after the nomination.

The township trustees have in their charge an old man who resides at Walker. He is suffering with yellow jaundice, and in a very bad way. He has no person to care for him, and if he does not improve he will be sent to the infirmary.

Sample & Neal's up-to-date footwear, elegant in quality, low in price.

Self-pouring tea and coffee pots, just the thing for a Christmas present, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore, requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

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FRANE, SHUMAKER & CO.

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GOING TO SURPRISE EUROPE.

McNally Proposes to Beat the Swimming Feats of Leander and Others.

Peter S. McNally, the noted Boston swimmer and life saver, is to make another European trip next summer, with the idea in view of covering the old world swimming courses made famous by Leander, Byron and others. He will go first to Rome, where he will give the modern Romans an exhibition of Horatian at the bridge; but, instead of landing on the opposite bank, as the old time hero did, McNally will swim on down the Tiber to the Mediterranean, 16 miles away. He will then go over-



PETER S. McNALLY.

land to the ancient Hellespont, the Dardanelles, and will not only emulate Leander and Byron, but will also go there one better by swimming the strait in its widest part. He will next visit the Bosphorus and the Suez canal, and then he has planned a 50 mile trip down the Rhine, from Frankfurt or Cologne. Returning to America, McNally proposes to swim from Newport, R. I., to Block Island, 25 miles, and later from the Battery, New York, to Coney Island.

Some of McNally's long swims in the past are as follows: Down the Kennebec river in July, 1884, 20 miles, in 6 hours and 51 minutes; from Charlestown to Brookline and return in July, 1886, 16 miles, in 6 hours and 57 minutes; from Newport to Narragansett Pier, August, 1896, rounding Brenton Reef lightship, 16 miles, 4 hours and 57 minutes. In July, 1897, McNally set out to swim the English channel from Dover to Calais. He covered 25 miles in 15 hours and 10 minutes, getting within three miles of Cape Griznez on the coast of France. It is as a life saver perhaps that McNally is best known, having a record of 100 persons rescued. He has medals from congress and from the Massachusetts Humane society.—New York Sun.

STUDIES MONKEY LANGUAGE

Professor Garner Will Make a Third Trip to Africa.

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He located on the south side of Lake Farnavuz, about 100 miles south of the equator, on the west side of Africa, and about the same distance from Cape Lopez. It will be remembered he lived in a steel cage in a jungle and made a phonograph record of unspellable monkey words. A pet gorilla and a pet chimpanzee lived with him. He said recently:

"I am preparing to go back next May for a three years' stay in the same locality to further study their language. I had expected to go last May, but the war breaking out delayed me, as I would have been compelled to pass through much Spanish territory and live under the government of the French, and the attitude of the French was at that time an unknown quantity."

"This will be my third trip. I left on my first voyage in 1892 and returned in 1894. On the last voyage I left in July, 1895, returned in June, 1896. On my return to Africa this time I shall devote my attention almost entirely to the chimpanzees and native pygmies." He learned ten words of a pet chimpanzee's speech and could talk with him.—Special Philadelphia Press.

Car Ferry Between Florida and Cuba.

A ferry for loaded cars is talked of between Tampa, Fla., and Havana. The idea, according to a southern paper, is to build suitable tracks at both ends and load cars in Havana with fruit and perishable goods, run them on the ferry-boat, and then send them away across the gulf to Tampa, run them on the tracks, and then away to northern destinations.—Chicago Tribune.

Sounds Scaly.

The king of Anam has an original idea in the way of a strong box. He has the trunks of trees hollowed out, filled with gold and silver, and flung into his private lake, where a large number of crocodiles ward off intruders.—London Answers.

Paper Glue From Seaweed.

A Norwegian engineer has invented a process for producing paper glue, dressing gum and soap from seaweed.

Upon an average 10,000 pineapples are imported into London every week throughout the year.

POISON ON PLAYTHINGS.

Investigating Use of Harmful Colors on Toys.

OF TIMELY INTEREST TO SHOPPERS

Foreign Amusement Devices Particularly Bad as to Painting—Chemists Find That Tin Toys Are the Most Deadly—Principal Poisons Used in Their Coloring Are Zinc and Lead.

In one of the chemical laboratories of the department of agriculture is now being conducted a series of interesting tests of timely interest to those about to buy Christmas toys for young America. Uncle Sam is anxious to discover just how much danger threatens his youngsters who play with highly painted playthings. The chemist in charge of the investigation has collected toys by the closetful and is engaged in scraping the various kinds of paints from each and analyzing it to learn which are poisonous and which are not. The articles in question are of both foreign and domestic manufacture, and there is positive evidence as to whence each one came, as well as by whom manufactured. Needless to say, Uncle Sam looks with contempt upon any concern which would be guilty of such criminal negligence as coloring with poison anything which every mature person knows is as apt to go into a baby's mouth as an armature is to join an attracting magnet. A result of this investigation may be the establishment of new laws in the United States as to the painting of these articles of manufacture and the closing of our ports to those shipped from foreign countries where toy painting is not strictly looked into.

As a general rule, however, it is so far discovered that few American toy manufacturers employ poisonous paints. Many foreign concerns, however, are far less conscientious. Of all the classes of amusement devices for small children which have fallen within the scope of the investigation those made of tin are discovered to be the most deadly as a class. This is because they are the most highly colored and because the paint chips off much more readily than from nonmetallic toys. Often when applied to the newly cut teeth it falls off in great pieces. Considering the poisons commonly used to color tin toys and the proportions in which they are mixed it excited the wonderment of those informed that a youngster does not derive sufficient venom from the average tin toy to lay him up, granting that he bites off only a reasonable amount of the coloring matter.

All sorts of creatures and objects are represented in this odd collection of specimens being subjected to the disfiguring ordeal of having their exteriors scraped and analyzed. It would require several columns to give in full the diagnosis of each case made by the inquisitive chemist. One poor creature, whose predicament should be pitied by the antivivisectionists threatening Uncle Sam's laboratories, will serve as an illustration of many cases. This subject, presented to the writer, was a tin clown, prone upon his back, who, upon the actuation of machinery beneath him, kicked his legs in the direction of a revolving ball supported on a rod. In the first place, his entire make up and that of other parts of the contrivance were found to be backed with white paint containing poisonous zinc. His blue coat was largely oxide of cobalt, a rank poison, while his yellow legs were of chromate of lead, also deadly. The support upon which he lay was colored with red lead, not the most nourishing of baby foods, and green mixed of the chrome and cobalt of the yellow and blue.

Further tests with many other tin toys showed that the principal poisons entering into their coloring are zinc and lead. Some blues are copper, while whites are either lead or zinc. Arsenic was not found in a single case. In some countries there are laws forbidding the use of arsenic for coloring toys, yet the other poisons mentioned are allowed. It appears that the manufacturers, especially in foreign countries, utilize the pigments which are cheapest and most convenient. Yet there are none of these poisonous colors which cannot be duplicated in absolutely nonpoisonous compounds. For instance, a harmless white can be made from magnesia, chalk or sulphate of barium; a nonpoisonous yellow from one of these whites and extract of saffron; red from equal parts of glue and red chalk; green from saffron and white, and so on.

Many dolls with innocent faces have suffered the removal of their complexion for the noble cause of science. Dolls, generally speaking, are not found to be poisonous. The exposed portions are usually of porcelain, china or wax, and what little paint there is over these is either harmless water colors or some other pigment applied so thin that it cannot go far toward causing internal complications of any sort or international ones either. Poisonous paint is found upon wooden toys, but it is not applied so thick upon wood as upon metal and does not chip easily from the former. Likewise upon rubber playthings the coloring matter is thinlike enamel, yet rubber toys are much more

wholesome articles of diet when left unpainted. This new investigation, of course, is for the welfare of the community and will develop some more interesting facts as it progresses.—Chicago Tribune.

ELECTRICITY IN WARFARE.

Electricians Draw Conclusions From the Recent Examples.

What part electricity and the electrical engineers played in the war was the subject of discussion at the New York Electrical society's meeting at the College of the City of New York the other night. Colonel Eugene Griffin of the First United States volunteer engineers was the first speaker. He told of the great amount of work which his command found waiting to be done in Porto Rico and advocated an increase of the engineer corps. He also spoke strongly of the advisability of organizing a torpedo militia, made up of electricians, who could in the event of war protect our harbors at short notice with mines and torpedoes.

Mr. F. W. Roller, late chief engineer United States steamship Nashville, told of the electrical apparatus used on the warships. The range finders and electrical firing apparatus were not successes, he said, but the searchlight was the great success of the period and but for its use most of Cervera's ships would probably have slipped out of Santiago harbor and reached Havana, in which case the war might well be going on yet. The electric motor for turrets was also a great success, as was the system of incandescent lighting, whereby a warship can be almost totally darkened instantaneously.

Mr. Roller read the paper of ex-Chief Engineer W. D. Weaver of the refrigerator ship Glacier, who was unable to be present. Mr. Weaver lamented the fact that the naval authorities at Washington tend to hold electrical appliances on warships in place of steam in disfavor. He thought that great gains in efficiency and economy would result from the substitution of electricity in ventilation, ice-making, winches and ash hoists and probably in anchor hoists and steering gear. Captain Zalinski, inventor of the dynamite gun, spoke briefly on the work of the Vesuvius, which, he said, was intended to blow up ships and not fortifications and had had no chance at its own peculiar work during the war.—New York Sun.

FIELD FOR ELECTRICITY.

Brazil Offers a Splendid Market For Trade From This Country.

That Brazil is an attractive field for the electrical trade is indicated by the following extract from a report made by a traveling representative of the Philadelphia Commercial museum, recently returned from Brazil:

The electrical goods trade of Brazil is growing by leaps and bounds, it being but a few years ago that electrical trams, lighting, power, etc., were unknown in any part of the country, and now almost every town and city within 300 miles of the coast is either lighted by electricity or has the project under consideration. Many of the mining companies and cotton cloth mills through the interior have plants now in operation supplying them with both light and power. Several of the large plants have come from England. Arc and incandescent lamps, fittings, carbons, wire of all kinds, electric bells, batteries, electricians' tools and gloves, zinc, sal ammoniac, etc., are in demand in the towns along the line of the Central railroad between Rio and Sao Paulo and Rio and Bello Horizonte, as these towns at present rely on the Rio merchants for their supplies.

Bello Horizonte, the new capital of the state of Minas Geraes, is a growing town of at present about 30,000 inhabitants, and is located right in the heart of the mining and cotton mill district, and practically at the end of the main line of the Central railroad. It is therefore in a position to supply not only the mining and cotton mill companies, but the towns of Sabara, Sete Lagoas, Curvello, Caethe, Ouro Frete (the old capital), Lafayette and about ten other small towns on the line of the railroad between there and Juiz de Fora that are lighted with electricity with electrical goods. At Juiz de Fora another electrical plant is installed, and here another agency for sundries would do well.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

NEWS NOVELTIES.

Statistics show that on an average every man who has gambled at Ostend has lost about \$400. Last season an Englishman from London lost £28,000 there and a Russian £36,000.

It is seriously proposed in a London newspaper that a man should take a wife on the same principle as he engages a house—for three, five or seven years, renewable at the husband's pleasure. This idea was once discussed in parliament.

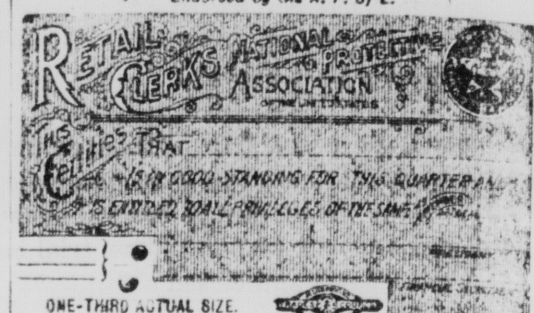
Telephones are to be placed in the wards of one of the Paris hospitals within reach of the bedridden patients, so as to enable them to communicate with their friends outside. There will also be an arrangement whereby the telephones may be switched on to a wire connected with a concert hall, so that the performance may be enjoyed by the invalids.

UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE.

COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only one month—named in lower left hand corner and properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The union trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.

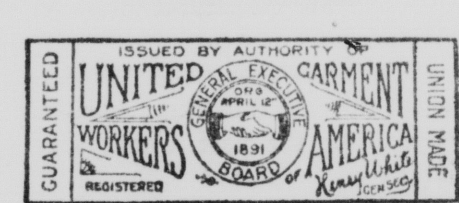


The Journeymen Tailors' Label is so found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buckramed paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a hat from one hat store and places it in another, or has any detached labels, his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

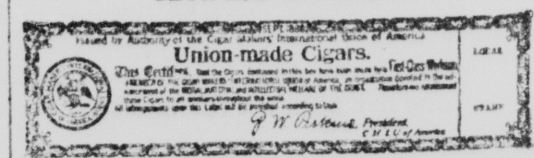


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BIKCYCLE LABEL.

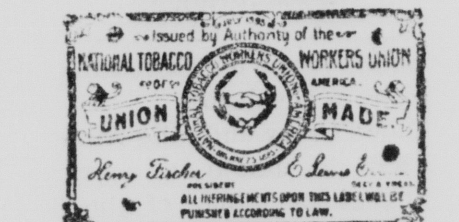
"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of uniform bread. It is evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and crackers' Label:

Great reduction sale of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats

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POISON ON PLAYTHINGS.

Investigating Use of Harmful Colors on Toys.

OF TIMELY INTEREST TO SHOPPERS

Foreign Amusement Devices Particularly Bad as to Painting—Chemists Find That Tin Toys Are the Most Deadly—Principal Poisons Used in Their Coloring Are Zinc and Lead.

In one of the chemical laboratories of the department of agriculture is now being conducted a series of interesting tests of timely interest to those about to buy Christmas toys for young America. Uncle Sam is anxious to discover just how much danger threatens his youngsters who play with highly painted playthings. The chemist in charge of the investigation has collected toys by the closetful and is engaged in scraping the various kinds of paints from each and analyzing it to learn which are poisonous and which are not. The articles in question are of both foreign and domestic manufacture, and there is positive evidence as to whence each one came, as well as by whom manufactured. Needless to say, Uncle Sam looks with contempt upon any concern which would be guilty of such criminal negligence as coloring with poison anything which every mature person knows is as apt to go into a baby's mouth as an armature is to join an attracting magnet. A result of this investigation may be the establishment of new laws in the United States as to the painting of these articles of manufacture and the closing of our ports to those shipped from foreign countries where toy painting is not strictly looked into.

As a general rule, however, it is so far discovered that few American toy manufacturers employ poisonous paints. Many foreign concerns, however, are far less conscientious. Of all the classes of amusement devices for small children which have fallen within the scope of the investigation those made of tin are discovered to be the most deadly as a class. This is because they are the most highly colored and because the paint chips off much more readily than from nonmetallic toys. Often when applied to the newly cut teeth it falls off in great pieces. Considering the poisons commonly used to color tin toys and the proportions in which they are mixed it excited the wonderment of those informed that a youngster does not derive sufficient venom from the average tin toy to lay him up, granting that he bites off only a reasonable amount of the coloring matter.

All sorts of creatures and objects are represented in this odd collection of specimens being subjected to the disfiguring ordeal of having their exteriors scraped and analyzed. It would require several columns to give in full the diagnosis of each case made by the inquisitive chemist. One poor creature, whose predicament should be pitied by the antivivisectionists threatening Uncle Sam's laboratories, will serve as an illustration of many cases. This subject, presented to the writer, was a tin clown, prone upon his back, who, upon the actuation of machinery beneath him, kicked his legs in the direction of a revolving ball supported on a rod. In the first place, his entire make up and that of other parts of the contrivance were found to be backed with white paint containing poisonous zinc. His blue coat was largely oxide of cobalt, a rank poison, while his yellow legs were of chromate of lead, also deadly. The support upon which he lay was colored with red lead, not the most nourishing of baby foods, and green mixed of the chrome and cobalt of the yellow and blue.

Further tests with many other tin toys showed that the principal poisons entering into their coloring are zinc and lead. Some blues are copper, while whites are either lead or zinc. Arsenic was not found in a single case. In some countries there are laws forbidding the use of arsenic for coloring toys, yet the other poisons mentioned are allowed. It appears that the manufacturers, especially in foreign countries, utilize the pigments which are cheapest and most convenient. Yet there are none of these poisonous colors which cannot be duplicated in absolutely nonpoisonous compounds. For instance, a harmless white can be made from magnesia, chalk or sulphate of barium; a nonpoisonous yellow from one of these whites and extract of saffron; red from equal parts of glue and red chalk; green from saffron and white, and so on.

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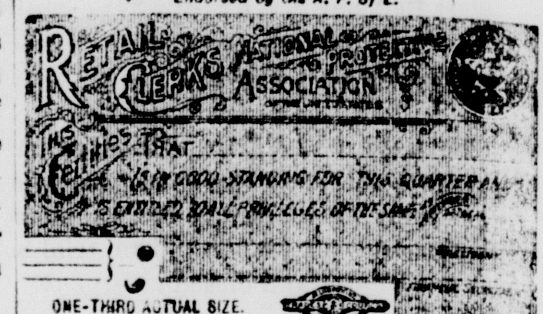
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It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workers and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others?

The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

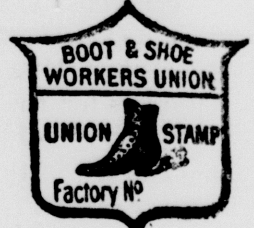
All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card. Ask for it when making your purchases. Endorsed by the A. F. of L.



ONE-THIRD ACTUAL SIZE. COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER. Good only during month named in lower left hand corner and properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.



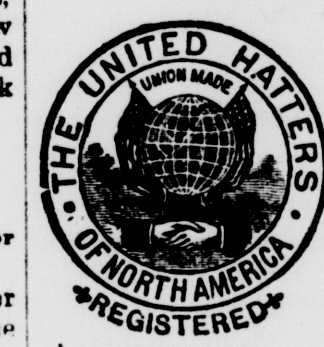
CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



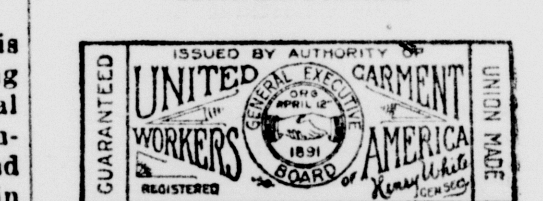
The Journeymen Tailor's Label is so placed on the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it on another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeited, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.



UNION MADE CLOTHES.



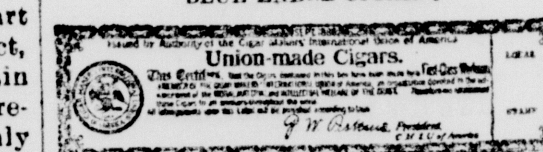
You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

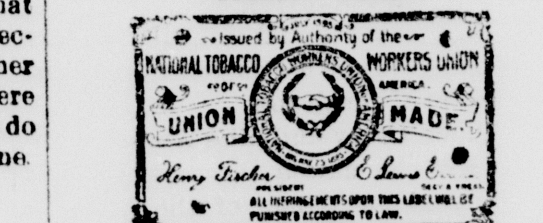


BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar-box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union-made bread. It is evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and crackers Label:



Great reduction sale of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats now going on at The Leader.

FRY CAN'T BE MOVED

His Condition Today Is Considered Critical.

INFIRMARY DIRECTORS ARE HERE

Looking Into the Matter and Seeing That He Is Given the Best of Care—Wellsville Unfortunates Are Also Demanding Attention.

Infirmary Directors Hoopes and McBride arrived yesterday and transacted such business in this end of the county. They first visited Wellsville where they investigated the case of J. L. Robinson, an oil driller who fell from a derrick sometime ago and is now suffering with paralysis and is entirely helpless. His home is in Toronto and the Jefferson county officials will pay his expenses while he is in Wellsville.

The next case to be looked up was that of Jennie Williams who is seriously ill. Her home is in Marietta, and she will be sent to that place Friday morning.

The directors then came to this city and went to see Arthur Fry who is ill with typhoid pneumonia. He is very ill and his chances of recovery are very slight. The directors made arrangements to pay \$15 a week for his keeping and he will receive the best of care.

The directors reported everybody at the infirmary as in good health and no cases of fever. The vacancy in the board, caused by the death of Mr. Filson, they think will not be filled by the commissioners until after the nomination.

The township trustees have in their charge an old man who resides at Walker. He is suffering with yellow jaundice, and in a very bad way. He has no person to care for him, and if he does not improve he will be sent to the infirmary.

Sample & Neal's up-to-date footwear, elegant in quality, low in price.

Self-pouring tea and coffee pots, just the thing for a Christmas present, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore, requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

"There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak." At the Eagle Hardware Co.

But They Are Expected.

The street cars, which were ordered from a Buffalo line by the street car company of this city, have not yet been received. Superintendent Andrews stated last evening that no word had been received that the cars had been shipped.

A good trust—See U. P. M. B. A. ad.

Fancy bronze and decorated lamps and globes at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Mormons Not Working Here.

The Mormon elders, who worked about this city for several months, have left town, and are now working in the country districts. The meetings in the city are now held once a week, and the membership of the branch at present is 15.

One of Joseph Bros.' suits or overcoats will make an acceptable Christmas present. A splendid overcoat from \$6 to \$10; suit from \$8 to \$12.

Hassey's

Hand made chocolates are superior to any other goods sold in East Liverpool.

Nut cracks and picks at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Baby shoes, pink and blue satin, fur trimmed, 60c, at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

Ice skates and sleds at the Eagle Hardware Co.

GOING TO SURPRISE EUROPE.

McNally Proposes to Beat the Swimming Feats of Leander and Others.

Peter S. McNally, the noted Boston swimmer and life saver, is to make another European trip next summer, with the idea in view of covering the old world swimming courses made famous by Leander, Byron and others. He will go first to Rome, where he will give the modern Romans an exhibition of Horatius at the bridge; but, instead of landing on the opposite bank, as the old time hero did, McNally will swim on down the Tiber to the Mediterranean, 16 miles away. He will then go over-



PETER S. McNALLY.

land to the ancient Hellespont, the Dardanelles, and will not only emulate Leander and Byron, but will also go them one better by swimming the strait in its widest part. He will next visit the Bosphorus and the Suez canal, and then he has planned a 50 mile trip down the Rhine, from Frankfurt or Cologne. Returning to America, McNally proposes to swim from Newport, R. I., to Block Island, 25 miles, and later from the Battery, New York, to Coney Island.

Some of McNally's long swims in the past are as follows: Down the Kennebec river in July, 1884, 20 miles, in 6 hours and 51 minutes; from Charleston to Brookline and return in July, 1886, 16 miles, in 6 hours and 57 minutes; from Newport to Narragansett Pier, August, 1896, rounding Brenton Reef lightship, 16 miles, 4 hours and 57 minutes. In July, 1897, McNally set out to swim the English channel from Dover to Calais. He covered 35 miles in 15 hours and 10 minutes, getting within three miles of Cape Grisnez on the coast of France. It is as a life saver perhaps that McNally is best known, having a record of 100 persons rescued. He has medals from congress and from the Massachusetts Humane society.—New York Sun.

STUDIES MONKEY LANGUAGE

Professor Garner Will Make a Third Trip to Africa.

Professor R. L. Garner, the famous naturalist, who has spent his life studying "monkey talk" and who has already made two trips to central Africa to study gorillas and chimpanzees, is in Springfield, O., for a short stay, he having recently completed a lecture engagement there.

He located on the south side of Lake Farnavuz, about 100 miles south of the equator, on the west side of Africa, and about the same distance from Cape Lopez. It will be remembered he lived in a steel cage in a jungle and made a phonograph record of unspellable monkey words. A pet gorilla and a pet chimpanzee lived with him. He said recently:

"I am preparing to go back next May for a three years' stay in the same locality to further study their language. I had expected to go last May, but the war breaking out delayed me, as I would have been compelled to pass through much Spanish territory and live under the government of the French, and the attitude of the French was at that time an unknown quantity."

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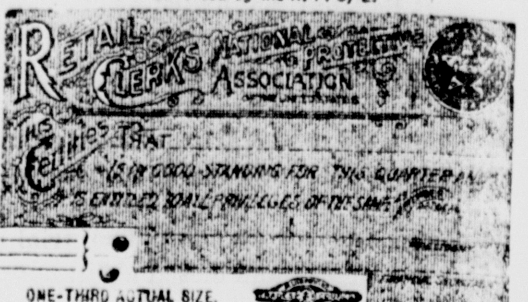
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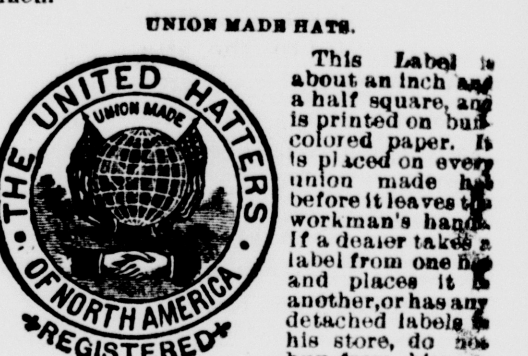
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The Journeymen Tailors' Label is so found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.



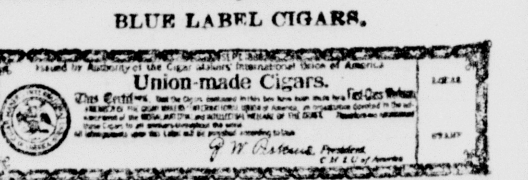
counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.



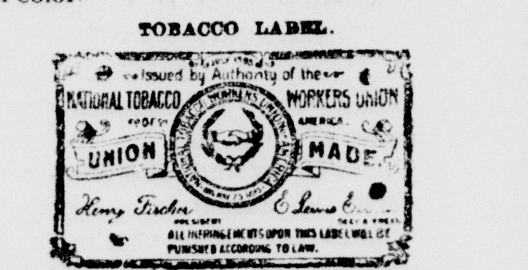
You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.



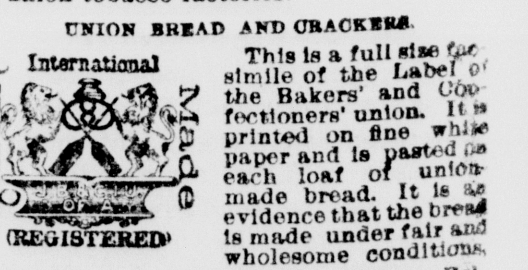
The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.



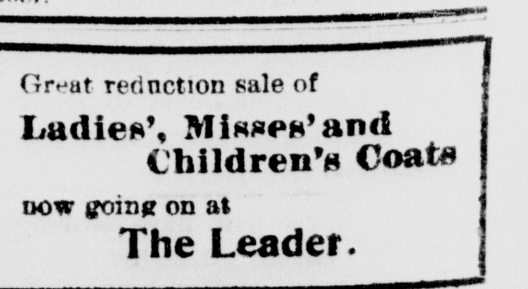
This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the clear box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.



and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and crackers' Label:



HARKER NOT YET IN IT

Negotiations With the Trust Not Closed.

EAST END COMPANY STILL OUT

Latest Rumor Is That the Goodwin Pottery Will Sign, Geo. H. Goodwin and Henry Goodwin Having Gone East Last Night—Steubenville Is All Right.

The managers of the pottery trust are hard at work winding up the preliminary operations the first of the year. There are still a number of potteries on the outside, and it is not known whether they will be brought into the fold before New Year's day.

The News Review can state positively that the Harker pottery has not yet closed negotiations for the sale of its plant to the company. A gentleman, who is acquainted with the business of the Harker, said that he knew positively the papers had not yet been signed, but he would not predict the outcome of the negotiations. "One cannot tell what may happen in these days of surprises," he said.

Manager E. J. Owen, of the East End pottery, said this morning that his concern was in no way connected with the American Pottery company, they were not considering a proposition, and no negotiations were in progress between the gentlemen in New York and himself. Geo. H. Goodwin and Henry Goodwin, of the Goodwin Pottery company, left for the east last night and the story is abroad that they are considering a flattering offer from the big company. Nothing could be learned of the matter at the company's office this morning, but it is believed its name will be added to the trust's list before the week is over.

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"The company have never sent a representative to see us, and I see no reason why we should go to them. I hope the trust will be a good thing for Liverpool, and indeed I think it will be. If the money that comes to Liverpool as a result of the sale of the various interests is invested in other lines of business, the town will enjoy a boom the like of which it has not dreamed."

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Gentlemen's slippers at any price
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Silver plated knives, forks, spoons and children's sets at the Eagle Hardware Co.

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Infirmary Director Hoopes, who will be a candidate for re-election, is very much in favor of early primaries, and states he will do all in his power to have them held in March, as he thinks that is the best time.

He says he had talked to a number of other candidates, and with but few exceptions they are in favor of early primaries.

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Fine candies are made of the very best and purest materials, while his prices are very reasonable.

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People Solicited to Contribute Articles They Do Not Need.

Thomas E. Keenan, the American consul at Odessa, transmits to the department of state a translation of a printed notice which has been delivered at every house in that city. He says: "It occurred to me that the idea is well worthy of the attention of the great public and private organizations devoted to relieving distress in the United States. The scheme outlined in this appeal to the people of Odessa, while it is not new, is interesting and deserves to succeed. The articles collected are separated into a number of classes and sold, to be remanufactured into paper, glassware, iron, etc. The plan is as follows:

"The president of the Society For the Relief of the Odessa Poor, Countess A. J. Shuvalov, while endeavoring to find means for the wider development of the activity of that society, obtained the sanction for the establishment in connection with the central committee of the society, of a section for the collection of contributions consisting of unnecessary articles.

"In every family unnecessary articles can be found which are frequently thrown out from the dwelling along with rubbish, and it is these entirely useless things which may serve as a new fund for the activity of the society. If every family in Odessa would only give during the year 1 ruble's worth of these unnecessary things, tens of thousands of rubles would accumulate in the treasury of the society. Addressing such a request to all Odessa people, the society knows that it does not ask for sacrifices exceeding the donor's means. It only addresses to all the modest request, 'Contribute all that you do not require.' Do not be embarrassed either by the quality or the quantity of the offering. With most earnest gratitude we accept all old rubbish, torn pieces of paper, clothing, gear, leather leggings, old newspapers, unnecessary books and music, old postage stamps, rags, linen, corks, pieces of iron, brass and other metals, bottles, caps of bottles, broken glass, cut off cigar ends, empty cigar and cigarette boxes, broken playthings, useless furniture, etc.

"For the collection of these offerings of unnecessary articles the section will send around collectors, dressed in uniform, with an open letter. In acknowledgment of such offerings the collector will issue a proper receipt. The collectors are not authorized to accept offerings in the shape of money."

JACK FROST TOOK A HAND.

Froze Up the Pipes of a Miner's Band and Spoiled the March.

"Tooting horns under difficulties" might be the title of a little story regarding the march of the miners' officials and the Black Diamond Brass band of Pittsburgh to Millers Run on the Pan Handle railroad. The object of the march was to get the miners employed in that vicinity together with a view of getting them to enforce the payment of the Chicago scale at the mines.

Under the leadership of District Vice President William Dodds and National Organizer Edward McKay, the band left their temporary domicile at Carnegie and went to the Vulcan mine, some six miles distant. There they marched around, keeping carefully on the country roads, playing their sweetest music—that is, they played as sweetly as possible under the circumstances. Everything was going along nicely—the tune was "Marching Through Georgia"—when suddenly the alto horn let out a shrill shriek which made a horrid discord, and then that player stopped work.

He marched along, however, until another of the instruments failed to work and then both fell out of line. These horns were frozen up. They repaired to the nearest house and thawed them out. Rejoining the column, they found that several others had been compelled to quit playing on account of Jack Frost's work, and then the whole band adjourned to the engine house of the Vulcan mine to thaw out their instruments. —Special Philadelphia Press.

Valuable Map by an Alumnus.

The library of the University of Colorado has been the recipient recently from the German government of a very rare and valuable map of some hitherto unexplored sections of South Africa. The map was prepared by Dr. A. L. Bennett, an alumnus of the University of Colorado, now a missionary in the province of Gaboon, South Africa. Dr. Bennett sold the map to the German government, one of the conditions of the sale being that two copies be made, one for himself and one for the library of the state university. These are the only copies of the map in existence. —Special Rocky Mountain News.

The Egyptian women were bangle hoops of gold in their ears, which were regarded as the wearer's choicest possessions, and were parted from only under direst stress. The golden calf was supposed to have been made entirely from the earrings of the people.

The death penalty is rarely enforced in Germany, Austria, Denmark or Sweden. In New York 11 out of 12 murderers escape without any punishment, and in the United States only one murderer in 50 suffers capital punishment.

HE WANTED THE SHIP

THOUGHT HE WAS ELIGIBLE TO COMMAND A CRUISER.

The Shabby Trick Played Upon a Patriotic Greek Boiler Maker by Some of Uncle Sam's Sailors With Whom He Had Shipped.

"About four years ago the cruiser on which I was serving shipped a boiler maker while we were on the Mediterranean station," said a Washington chief petty officer of the navy, now on leave of absence. "Our former boiler maker's time expired while we were at Gibraltar, and as he was not in good physical shape he wasn't re-enlisted, but took his discharge and returned to the United States by mail steamer. So the ship was shy a boiler maker, a very important and necessary petty officer down below in the engineer's department, and when the ship pulled into Naples harbor the chief engineer went ashore to see if he couldn't dig up a boiler maker.

"There's a clause in the enlistment regulations permitting commanding officers to ship necessary men on foreign stations in short handed emergencies. The chief engineer brought back to the ship a Greek named Charlie Maro. The man couldn't speak any English—to speak of—but he was a good man at the boiler making business, and he was duly shipped aboard of us for three years. He was a wild, hairy looking lot, Maro was, and he got a good deal of a laugh at the hands of the crew, especially the younger fellows, from the time he first came over the side.

"Maro thought that there wasn't any other country on the map except Greece. He thought that the 'Greeks' man' was the hottest kind of a tamale when it came to scrapping by land or sea, and after he got hold of enough English to make himself understood he used to take some of the young apprentice boys up into the eyes of the ship and tell them with many gesticulations and furious words of the different kinds of tar Greece would knock out of Turkey if the two countries ever came to an open rupture.

"The ship was around on the Pacific station when the war broke out between Greece and Turkey. When the news of the outbreak of the war got to Maro, our boiler maker, he nearly had heart disease and a whole lot of other sudden things from pure excitement. He just couldn't hold himself in, he looked so tickled.

"'Da Greeka man willa bim! bim! bim! da Turka man,' was Charlie Maro's way of putting it, and he didn't see that the Turk had a ghost of a show. All hands forward encouraged him in the belief. They all acquiesced in expressing the belief to Maro that Greece would simply eat Turkey up. Then a bo'sun's mate who knew how to crack the most impossible kind of steers with a face as solemn and wooden as an Indian's took Charlie in hand and told him some things. He told Maro that the United States was so much in sympathy with Greece in the struggle with Turkey that the navy department had decided to turn over all of the ships of the American navy to Greek commanders.

"Here's a big chance for you, Maro, the bo'sun's mate told Maro. 'You just want to work your edge. Here you are already shipped on this cruiser, and it's dollars to doughnuts that if you ask for the command of this ship in order to take her over to Greece to mix it up with the Turks you'll get it hands down. Better try it on.'

"That idea impressed Maro a heap. He asked the bo'sun's mate whom he'd have to apply to to get command of the cruiser.

"Why, to the commanding officer, of course," was the reply.

"Maro was tremendously important for a day or so while he let this huge idea grow within him, and he bullied the men detailed to work with him down below in the boiler room a good deal. The bo'sun's mate kept working him up to it, and finally Maro appeared on deck one morning togged out in his very best mustering suit of blue jacket clothes and went up to the officer of the deck and asked permission to see the commanding officer at the mast. The officer of the deck was rather surprised to see the man all done up in his mustering togs when all hands were at work, but, as he is obliged to do when an enlisted man requests permission to see the commanding officer, he sent word to the skipper, who soon emerged from his cabin and appeared at 'the stick.'

"Well, my man," said the skipper to Maro, who stood bolt upright and saluted with a flourish.

"Sare," said Maro to the skipper. "I have-a da honor to her-a-by taka da command of a da ship."

"Hey?" said the commanding officer, putting his hand to his ear and looking as if he hadn't heard aright.

"Da ship," repeated Maro. "For-a da naeve of-a Hellas—da Greeka naeve—I hava da honor to taka da command."

"All hands among the enlisted men were up on the to'gallant bro'le taking the thing in, and they broke into a roar that you could have heard five cable lengths' distance. Maro heard it, and, suspecting that his confidence had been abused, got red and flatbergasted. He suddenly bolted for the engine room hatch and made his way below, and it took three marines to drag him aft to the sick bay, where the surgeon, at the skipper's command, gave Maro a half hour's examination as to his sanity. Maro was game enough to decline to give the name of the enlisted man who had told him he was eligible for the command of the ship upon its being 'turned into the navy of Greece,' but the thrashing he gave that bo'sun's mate when he got him 'on the beach' was certainly savage."—Washington Star.

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STATEMENT FROM BLISS.

In Hearty Accord With the President, but Wished to Retire.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Bliss, in an interview said:

It has been understood for some time that it would be my wish to retire from public life on the conclusion of the war. Now that the peace treaty has been signed, my request to be relieved will be granted, but I shall await the arrival of my successor before severing my connection with the interior department. I have been in most hearty accord with the president in his policy through the trying days in which he sought to avoid war, and while, as commander-in-chief, he was conducting the war that came notwithstanding his effort to prevent it. I believe most thoroughly in the course he is now pursuing for maintaining the honor of the country by securing the just results of a successful war. I shall leave my associates of the cabinet and of the department and my many friends in Washington with great regret, but private and personal reasons make my retirement a necessity.

Smallest Man in Congress.

Mr. Simon, the new senator from Oregon, is the smallest man in congress—smaller than General Wheeler and Senator Wilson, who weigh only 96 pounds each.—Chicago Record.

Dead Soldiers to Be Returned.

LEBANON, Pa., Dec. 22.—The bodies of the three volunteer soldiers from this place, who were members of Company H and who were buried in Porto Rico, will be brought home for burial. The bodies to be recovered are those of Sergeant Reuben H. Michael and Private George E. Harpel and Fred Fuhrman of Company H. At the same time the body of Private Austin Graham of Company K, Steelton, will also be disinterred and brought north.

Joseph C. Shields Dead.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—Joseph C. Shields, who was captain of the Nineteenth Ohio battery during the Civil war, died, aged 71. Shields' battery was one of the fighting organizations of the Union army and it won a notable reputation.

More Troops Reached Havana.

HAVANA, Dec. 22.—The United States transport Chester, which sailed from Savannah on Dec. 18 with the Fourth Virginia on board, arrived here.

Weather Forecast.

Western Pennsylvania and Ohio—Rain; high south winds.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 21.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 65¢@66¢.

CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 30¢@40¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 30¢@40¢; high mixed, shelled, 30¢@40¢; No. 2 yellow shelled, corn, new, 30¢@40¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 32¢@33¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 32¢@33¢; extra No. 3 white, 31¢@32¢; light mixed, 30¢@31¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$7.50@8.00; No. 2, \$8.00@8.50; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$8.00@8.50; wagon hay, \$9.00@9.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 55¢@60¢ per pair; small, 45¢@50¢; spring chickens, 40¢@50¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@50¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@15¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.15 per pair; dressed—Chickens, 10¢@15¢ per pound; ducks, 10¢@15¢; turkeys, 12¢@14¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.

GAME—Rabbits, per pair, 15¢@25¢; quail, per dozen, \$1.25@1.50; squirrel, per dozen, \$1.00@1.25; pheasants, \$8.00@9.50 per dozen; prairie chickens, \$5.00@6.00 per dozen; wild turkeys, \$1.00@1.50 each; venison saddle, 17¢@18¢ per pound.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@24¢; extra creamery, 23¢@24¢; Ohio, fancy creamery, 18¢@19¢; country roll, 14¢@15¢; low grades and cooking, 12¢@13¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, 10¢@11¢; three quarters, 9¢@10¢; New York state, full cream, October make, 11¢@12¢; Ohio Swiss, 11¢@12¢; Wisconsin, 12¢@13¢; 30-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢@13¢; Limburger, 11¢@12¢.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 23¢@24¢; candied, 24¢@25¢; southern fresh, 22¢@23¢; store, 1¢@1.19.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 21.

CATTLE—Supply light; market steady.

Extra, \$5.00@5.50; prime, \$4.90@5.20; good, \$4.65@4.85; tidy, \$4.40@4.60; fair, \$3.90@4.25; common, \$3.20@4.00; feeders, \$3.80@4.25; stockers, \$3.00@4.50; heifers, \$2.50@4.30; oxen, \$2.50@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, \$1.50@3.80; good fresh cows, \$4.00@9.00; fair, \$3.00@4.00; bologna cows, \$3.00@4.50.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 8 cars on sale; market ruled steady. We quote the following prices: Heavy, \$4.50@5.50; best mediums, \$3.90@4.45; best Yorkers, \$3.80@3.35; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, \$3.25@3.00; coarse hogs, \$3.25@3.35; common pigs and skips, \$2.50@3.15; roughs, \$2.50@4.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The supply was light and very little doing. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.40@4.50; good wethers, \$4.25@4.35; fair mixed, \$3.90@4.10; common, \$2.50@3.50; extra lambs, \$5.25@5.35; common to good, \$3.50@4.50; veal calves, \$5.00@7.00; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21.

CATTLE—Market steady at \$2.85@3.35.

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SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs—Market steady at \$1.00@2.25.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 77¢ f. o. b. abov.

CORN—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 42¢@42½¢ f. o. b. abov.

OATS—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 32¢; No. 2 white, 34¢; b. b. d.

CATTLE—Market moderately active; good beefs steady; common and medium steers 10¢ lower; bulls and cows steady to firm.

STEERS, \$4.90@5.25; oxen and stags, \$3.00@4.75; bulls, \$2.75@3.50; cows, \$1.70@3.65; extra fat cows and bulls, \$4.00@4.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull and low; good lambs firm; others steady. Sheep, \$2.50@4.50; extra, \$4.75; lambs, medium to choice, \$5.00@5.80; Canada lambs, \$5.50@5.75.

HOGS—Market firm at \$3.50@3.70; common, \$3.20@3.40.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

Finest Print Shop

IN EASTERN OHIO

We Print Everything.

From an Election Sticker

to a 3-Sheet Poster.

HIGH GRADE COLOR PRINTING, ART CATALOGUES, EMBOSSED, HALF TONE WORK, IM. LITHOGRAPHY, IM. TYPE WRITER, &c., &c., &c.

WE AIM TO DO CAREFUL, CORRECT PRINTING, TO MAKE SOMETHING ATTRACTIVE.

OUR WORK EMBRACES CARDS, LETTER HEADS, INVOICE SHEETS, INVITATIONS, FOLDERS, CIRCULARS, BILLS, &c.

Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

Get your Xmas presents at The Leader. Largest Assortment. Lowest Prices.

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Froze Up the Pipes of a Miner's Band and Spoiled the March.

"Tooting horns under difficulties" might be the title of a little story regarding the march of the miners' officials and the Black Diamond Brass band of Pittsburgh to Millers Run on the Pan Handle railroad. The object of the march was to get the miners employed in that vicinity together with a view of getting them to enforce the payment of the Chicago scale at the mines.

Under the leadership of District Vice President William Dodds and National Organizer Edward McKay, the band left their temporary domicile at Carnegie and went to the Vulcan mine, some six miles distant. There they marched around, keeping carefully on the country roads, playing their sweetest music—that is, they played as sweetly as possible under the circumstances. Everything was going along nicely—the tune was "Marching Through Georgia"—when suddenly the alto horn let out a shrill shriek which made a horrid discord, and then that player stopped work. He marched along, however, until another of the instruments failed to work and then both fell out of line. These horns were frozen up. They repaired to the nearest house and thawed them out. Rejoining the column, they found that several others had been compelled to quit playing on account of Jack Frost's work, and then the whole band adjourned to the engine house of the Vulcan mine to thaw out their instruments. —Special Philadelphia Press.

Valuable Map by an Alumnus. The library of the University of Colorado has been the recipient recently from the German government of a very rare and valuable map of some hitherto unexplored sections of South Africa. The map was prepared by Dr. A. L. Bennett, an alumnus of the University of Colorado, now a missionary in the province of Gaboon, South Africa. Dr. Bennett sold the map to the German government, one of the conditions of the sale being that two copies be made, one for himself and one for the library of the state university. These are the only copies of the map in existence. —Special Rocky Mountain News.

The Egyptian women wore bangle hoops of gold in their ears, which were regarded as the wearer's choicest possessions, and were parted from only under dire stress. The golden calf was supposed to have been made entirely from the earrings of the people.

The death penalty is rarely enforced in Germany, Austria, Denmark or Sweden. In New York 11 out of 12 murderers escape without any punishment, and in the United States only one murderer in 50 suffers capital punishment.

HE WANTED THE SHIP

THOUGHT HE WAS ELIGIBLE TO COMMAND A CRUISER.

The Shabby Trefk Played Upon a Patriotic Greek Boiler Maker by Some of Uncle Sam's Sailors With Whom He Had Shipped.

"About four years ago the cruiser on which I was serving shipped a boiler maker while we were on the Mediterranean station," said a Washington chief petty officer of the navy, now on leave of absence. "Our former boiler maker's time expired while we were at Gibraltar, and as he was not in good physical shape he wasn't re-enlisted, but took his discharge and returned to the United States by mail steamer. So the ship was shabby a boiler maker, a very important and necessary petty officer down below in the engineer's department, and when the ship pulled into Naples harbor the chief engineer went ashore to see if he couldn't dig up a boiler maker.

"There's a clause in the enlistment regulations permitting commanding officers to ship necessary men on foreign stations in short handed emergencies. The chief engineer brought back to the ship a Greek named Charlie Maro. The man couldn't speak any English—to speak of—but he was a good man at the boiler making business, and he was duly shipped aboard of us for three years. He was a wild, hairy looking lot, Maro was, and he got a good deal of a laugh at the hands of the crew, especially the younger fellows, from the time he first came over the side.

"Maro thought that there wasn't any other country on the map except Greece. He thought that the 'Greeks' man' was the hottest kind of a tamale when it came to scrapping by land or sea, and after he got hold of enough English to make himself understood he used to take some of the young apprentice boys up into the eyes of the ship and tell them with many gesticulations and furious words of the different kinds of tar Greece would knock out of Turkey if the two countries ever came to an open rupture.

"The ship was around on the Pacific station when the war broke out between Greece and Turkey. When the news of the outbreak of the war got to Maro, our boiler maker, he nearly had heart disease and a whole lot of other sudden things from pure excitement. He just couldn't hold himself in, he looked so tickled.

"Da Greeks man willa him! him! him! da Turka man, was Charlie Maro's way of putting it, and he didn't see that the Turk had a ghost of a show. All hands forward encouraged him in the belief. They all acquiesced in expressing the belief to Maro that Greece would simply eat Turkey up. Then a bo'sun's mate who knew how to crack the most impossible kind of steers with a face as solemn and wooden as an Indian's took Charlie in hand and told him some things. He told Maro that the United States was so much in sympathy with Greece in the struggle with Turkey that the navy department had decided to turn over all of the ships of the American navy to Greek commanders.

"Here's a big chance for you, Maro, the bo'sun's mate told Maro. 'You just want to work your edge. Here you are already shipped on this cruiser, and it's dollars to doughnuts that if you ask for the command of this ship in order to take her over to Greece to mix it up with the Turks you'll get it hands down. Better try it on.'

"That idea impressed Maro a heap. He asked the bo'sun's mate whom he'd have to apply to to get command of the cruiser.

"Why, to the commanding officer, of course," was the reply.

"Maro was tremendously important for a day or so while he let this huge idea grow within him, and he bullied the men detailed to work with him down below in the boiler room a good deal. The bo'sun's mate kept working him up to it, and finally Maro appeared on deck one morning togged out in his very best mustering suit of bluejacket clothes and went up to the officer of the deck and asked permission to see the commanding officer at the mast. The officer of the deck was rather surprised to see the man all done up in his mustering togs when all hands were at work, but, as he is obliged to do when an enlisted man requests permission to see the commanding officer, he sent word to the skipper, who soon emerged from his cabin and appeared at 'the stick.'

"Well, my man?" said the skipper to Maro, who stood bolt upright and saluted with a flourish.

"Sare," said Maro to the skipper. "I have a da honor to her a-by taka da command of a da ship."

"Hey?" said the commanding officer, putting his hand to his ear and looking as if he hadn't heard aright.

"Da ship," repeated Maro. "For a da navee of a Hellas—da Greeks navee—I have da honor to taka da command."

"All hands among the enlisted men were up on the to'gallant fo'c'sle taking the thing in, and they broke into a roar that you could have heard five cable lengths' distance. Maro heard it, and, suspecting that his confidence had been abused, got red and flatbergasted. He suddenly bolted for the engine room hatch and made his way below, and it took three marines to drag him aft to the sick bay, where the surgeon, at the skipper's command, gave Maro a half hour's examination as to his sanity. Maro was game enough to decline to give the name of the enlisted man who had told him he was eligible for the command of the ship upon its being 'turned into the navy of Greece,' but the thrashing he gave that bo'sun's mate when he got him 'on the beach' was certainly savage."—Washington Star.

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STATEMENT FROM BLISS.

In Hearty Accord With the President, but Wished to Retire.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Bliss, in an interview said:

It has been understood for some time that it would be my wish to retire from public life on the conclusion of the war. Now that the peace treaty has been signed, my request to be relieved will be granted, but I shall await the arrival of my successor before severing my connection with the interior department. I have been in most hearty accord with the president in his policy through the trying days in which he sought to avoid war, and while, as common term chief, he was conducting the war that came notwithstanding his effort to prevent it. I believe most thoroughly in the course he is now pursuing for maintaining the honor of the country by securing the just results of a successful war. I shall leave my associates of the cabinet and of the department and my many friends in Washington with great regret, but private and personal reasons make my retirement a necessity.

Smallest Man in Congress.

Mr. Simon, the new senator from Oregon, is the smallest man in congress—smaller than General Wheeler and Senator Wilson, who weigh only 96 pounds each.—Chicago Record.

Dead Soldiers to Be Returned.

LEBANON, Pa., Dec. 22.—The bodies of the three volunteer soldiers from this place, who were members of Company H and who were buried in Porto Rico, will be brought home for burial. The bodies to be recovered are those of Sergeant Reuben H. Michael and Privates George E. Hargel and Fred Fuhrman of Company H. At the same time the body of Private Austin Graham of Company K, Steelton, will also be disinterred and brought north.

Joseph C. Shields Dead.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—Joseph C. Shields, who was captain of the Nineteenth Ohio battery during the Civil war, died, aged 71. Shields' battery was one of the fighting organizations of the Union army and it won a notable reputation.

More Troops Reached Havana.

HAVANA, Dec. 22.—The United States transport Chester, which sailed from Savannah on Dec. 18 with the Fourth Virginia on board, arrived here.

Weather Forecast.

Western Pennsylvania and Ohio—Rain; high south winds.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 21.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 65¢/bbl. CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 30¢/bbl; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 30¢/bbl; high mixed, shelled, 30¢/bbl; No. 2 yellow shelled, corn, new, 30¢/bbl; No. 2 yellow ear corn, new, 30¢/bbl.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 32¢/bbl; No. 2 white, clipped, 32¢/bbl; extra No. 3 white, 31¢/bbl; light mixed, 30¢/bbl.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$5.75/ton; No. 2, \$5.00/ton; No. 1 cover, mixed, \$5.00/ton; wagon hay, \$9.00/ton for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 55¢/lb; per pair, small, 45¢/lb; spring chickens, 40¢/lb; per pair, ducks, 40¢/lb; per pair, turkeys, 100¢/lb; per pound; geese, 41¢/lb; per pair, Dressed—Chickens, 10¢/lb; per pound; ducks, 10¢/lb; turkeys, 12¢/lb; geese, 9¢/lb.

GAME—Rabbits, per pair, 15¢/lb; quail, per dozen, 15¢/lb; squirrel, per dozen, 15¢/lb; pheasants, 15¢/lb; per dozen; prairie chickens, 15¢/lb; per dozen; wild turkeys, 15¢/lb; 50 each; venison saddle, 17¢/lb; per pound.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢/lb; extra creamery, 23¢/lb; Ohio, fancy creamery, 18¢/lb; country roll, 14¢/lb; low grades and cooking, 12¢/lb.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, 10¢/lb; three quarters, 9¢/lb; New York state, full cream, October make, 11¢/lb; Ohio Swiss, 11¢/lb; Wisconsin, 12¢/lb; 30-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢/lb; Limburger, 11¢/lb.

EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 23¢/doz; candied, 24¢/doz; southern fresh, 22¢/doz; store, 19¢/doz.

PITTSBURGH, Dec. 21.

CATTLE—Supply light, market steady. Extra, 55¢/lb; prime, 49¢/lb; good, 44¢/lb; 44¢/lb; fair, 39¢/lb; 39¢/lb; common, 34¢/lb; 34¢/lb; feeders, 33¢/lb; 33¢/lb; stockers, 33¢/lb; 33¢/lb; heifers, 33¢/lb; 33¢/lb; oxen, 32¢/lb; 32¢/lb; bulls, cows and stags, 25¢/lb; 25¢/lb; good fresh cows, 44¢/lb; 44¢/lb; fair, 43¢/lb; 43¢/lb; bologna cows, 38¢/lb; 38¢/lb.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 8 cars on sale; market ruled steady. We quote the following prices: Heavies, 34¢/lb; 34¢/lb; best mediums, 33¢/lb; 33¢/lb; best Yorkers, 33¢/lb; 33¢/lb; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, 33¢/lb; 33¢/lb; coarse hogs, 32¢/lb; 32¢/lb; common pigs and skips, 25¢/lb; 25¢/lb; roughs, 22¢/lb; 22¢/lb.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The supply was light and very little doing. We quote: Choice wethers, 44¢/lb; 44¢/lb; good wethers, 42¢/lb; 42¢/lb; fair mixed, 40¢/lb; 40¢/lb; common, 35¢/lb; 35¢/lb; choice lambs, 35¢/lb; 35¢/lb; common to good, 33¢/lb; 33¢/lb; veal calves, 35¢/lb; 35¢/lb; heavy and thin calves, 24¢/lb; 24¢/lb.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21. HOGS—Market steady at 28¢/lb; 28¢/lb. CATTLE—Market steady at 22¢/lb; 22¢/lb. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at 22¢/lb; 22¢/lb. Lambs—Market steady at 21¢/lb; 21¢/lb.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 77¢/c f. o. b. afloat. CORN—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 42¢/bbl; f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 32¢/bbl; No. 2 white, 34¢/bbl.

CATTLE—Market moderately active; good beefs steady; common and medium steers 10¢ lower; bulls and cows steady to firm. Steers, 44¢/lb; 44¢/lb; oxen and stags, 39¢/lb; 39¢/lb; bulls, 27¢/lb; 27¢/lb; cows, 27¢/lb; 27¢/lb; extra fat cows and bulls, 40¢/lb; 40¢/lb.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull and 10¢ lower; good lambs firm; others steady. Sheep, 25¢/lb; 25¢/lb; extra, 44¢/lb; 44¢/lb; medium to choice, 35¢/lb; 35¢/lb; Canada lambs, 45¢/lb; 45¢/lb.

HOGS—Market firm at 35¢/lb; 35¢/lb; common 32¢/lb; 32¢/lb.

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We Print Everything.

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No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

Our Type.

Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen.

Tells the Story.

Get your Xmas presents at The Leader. Largest Assortment, Lowest Prices.

It Will Be a
Merry Christmas

“COKE'S
BREAD.”

Made by W. H. Colclough &
Co., 102 Fifth Street.

PHONE 176-2.

N. B.—Leave your orders now for
Fruit Cake. Wedding Cake a specialty.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. Frank Allabaugh, of East End,
is today entertaining friends.

The Red Men will nominate officers
at their meeting this evening.

J. C. Thompson is confined to his
home in Thompson Place on account of
illness.

The son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hill is
very ill at the home of its parents in
Second street.

Charles Pittenger, who has been at-
tending Westminster college, is home
for the holidays.

Daniel McDonald, who has been at-
tending medical college at Columbus, is
home for the holidays.

The new end of the Knowles, Taylor
& Knowles pottery shut down today
for the usual holiday loaf.

L. B. Hefler and H. A. Wolf, buyers
from Chicago, are spending a few days
in the city placing orders.

Alex Bryan returned to the city from
Georgetown last evening. He attended
the funeral of his father while there.

Dr. W. N. Bailey, of East Market
street, who has been ill for several
weeks with the fever, is improving
rapidly.

H. J. Taylor, of Sixth street, who has
been in New York City for the last
two weeks, returned to the city this
morning.

The first installment of Christmas
trees arrived in the city yesterday, but
they are now being hauled in by the
wagon load.

Will Corfman, who is studying for
the ministry at Adrian college, arrived
in the city last evening. He will spend
his vacation here.

All the persons from this city who
were in Lisbon attending the trial of
the Sebring-Palestine pottery suit re-
turned last evening.

Shipments of ware have been made
to Allegheny on the early train every
morning this week. A large shipment
was made this morning.

The insurance adjusters this morning
commenced the work of adjusting the
loss of the C. N. Forster Coal company.
The work will require several days.

The dense fog which prevailed this
morning caused the early Pittsburg and
Bellaire accommodation to be 10 minutes
late in arriving at the passenger station.

Kelso Bennett, who has been seriously
ill for the past two weeks at his home
in Bank street, is now able to be out.
He was suffering with a light attack of
the fever.

T. R. Jones, traveling passenger agent
of the Topeka & Atchison road, was in
the city yesterday the guest of Agent
Adam Hill. He left last evening for
Pittsburg.

Walter Manley, the colored porter at
the Hotel Lakel who had his right foot
badly injured by having a trunk fall on
it, is much improved. He is still walk-
ing lame.

Mrs. George Bettridge, of Riverview
street, who has been seriously ill at her
home for several weeks, is improving.
It is thought she will be able to be out
within a short time.

Special car 502, containing Superin-
tendent W. H. Scriven and party, of
the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, passed
through the city this afternoon attached
to the 10:05 train. The party made an
inspection trip over the river division of
the road.

The Christmas service of the Sunday
school of St. John's Evangelical
Lutheran church will take place next
Sunday evening. As is customary in
the Lutheran church it will be a service
of strictly religious nature, not an enter-
tainment.

The remains of Josiah Hollingshead
were taken to Beaver on the noon train
for burial. The body was in charge of
a committee from the Odd Fellows, and
a large number of friends accompanied
them. Funeral services were conducted
last night at the residence of S. J.
Cripps by Doctor Crawford.

D.M.Ogilvie & Co.

CLOAKS!

25 per cent reduction from regular price on any child's jacket or
cloak, sizes from 1 year to 12 years THIS WEEK. Some nice ones left.
This means that you can buy the \$2 child's coats at \$1.50, the \$3
ones at \$2.25, the \$4 ones at \$3, the \$5 ones at \$3.75, the \$6.25 ones
at \$4.69, and like reductions from any other price on children's coats.
Better see these if you need any thing in children's coats,

MISSSES' JACKETS!

All the \$10 ones reduced to \$8. Some very good values in
misses' coats at \$5, \$6 and \$7.50.

WOMEN'S JACKETS!

All the \$18 ones at \$15, some of the \$15 ones at \$12.50, some of
the \$10 ones at \$7.50. Nice stylish jackets at low prices.

CAPEs!

Plain plush capes at \$5, \$6.95, \$8.50 or \$10. Crushed
plush at \$9.98 and \$11. Cloth capes at \$5 and up to \$15
each.

27 inch, nice lined astrachan capes at \$25.
20 inch electric seal capes, persian lamb yoke, silk
plaid lining, at \$45.

New brown martin scarfs, nice goods, at \$8.

Mink scarfs at \$7.50 and \$13.50.

D.M.Ogilvie & Co.

HE COWED THE BULLY.

Harold Frederic's Encounter With a
Lordly Prussian Lieutenant.

Harold Frederic's self confidence and
power of dominating strangers stood
him in good stead in one of his first
visits—if not his very first visit—to
Berlin. The incident as he related it
seemed natural enough to an American
not brought up in awe of a military
caste, but to those who knew Germany
it was almost surprising that he came
through it with his life. He had been
paying some formal diplomatic calls,
and in the evening dropped in at the
Cafe Bauer in the unwonted glory of a
frock coat and a tall silk hat. This hat
was carefully hung on a hat stand, and
Frederic sat down to read an English
newspaper just arrived.

Enter a particularly fine specimen of
the lieutenant, booted and spurred and
sworded and epauletted. He brushed
against the hat stand, knocked Frederic's
hat over into the sawdust and swag-
gered to his seat without so much as
looking around. The slight to the hat
was more than Frederic could endure.

In a towering passion he went to the
lieutenant, stood over him and pointed
to the object on the floor. "Pick up
that hat, sir!" he roared. The officer
stared amazed; the waiters were par-
alyzed with terror at hearing one so
much more than human so addressed by
a civilian. "Pick up that hat!" re-
peated Frederic in a tone more menac-
ing than before. And the lieutenant did
what he was told. He was as irresisti-
bly dominated by the courage and force
of the man as a schoolboy before his
master, or perhaps he thought Frederic
carried the customary west American
revolver.—Saturday Review.

Easy Fishing Through the Ice.

John Foster, ex-captain in Grigsby's
cowboy regiment, and a Lyman coun-
ty settler named Spain had an interest-
ing and unusual fishing experience. At
a point on Bull creek which flows
northward and enters the Missouri river
a short distance below the confluence of
the Missouri and White rivers is a deep
pool, in which numberless fish congreg-
ated while the creek was swollen and
were presumably imprisoned there by
the falling of the waters. The other day
the two men, having become aware of
the presence of the fish there, broke
a hole in the ice. Almost immediately
the opening became choked with fish of
all sizes and kinds, probably coming to
the surface for air. Foster threw him-
self on the ice near the opening, and
with his hands threw scores of the fish
out upon the ice. About 300 pounds
were secured in this way. A so called
buffalo fish caught in this manner

weighed nearly 18 pounds, while sev-
eral catfish each weighed nearly as
much.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Long and Hay Ill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The list of
official invalids has been increased by
Secretary Long, who is suffering from
a cold contracted during his visit to the
south. He has been confined to his
apartments ever since his return to the
city, and has attended to all his official
duties there. He probably will be all
right again in a few days. Secretary
Hay remained at home and is said to be
improving.

A Hero Perished.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 22.—Claude
Herbert, an employee of the Havens and
Geddes company, is now known to have
perished in the big fire of Monday
night. Herbert was acting as Santa
Claus in the toy department of the
store, and by heroic efforts succeeded in
safely conducting the children, who
crowded the aisles, and the department
clerks to a place of safety.

Don't Think It Effects Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 22.—The report to
the effect that Yale university was in-
volved in the bankruptcy of the firm of
Mason & Co. of Chicago, of which the
late Edward G. Mason was the head,
was called to the attention of President
Dwight. The president admitted that
certain loans had been negotiated by
the college through Mason & Co., but
he felt sure that they were satisfactory
and that the funds of the university
were in no way involved by the failure.

Killed In Street Car Collision.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 22.—Two
fast cars on the Worcester and Sub-
urban Electric road collided head on at
the foot of the long hill in Leicester.
John Kerrigan of Cherry Valley, Wal-
ter H. Holbrook of Leicester, passen-
gers, were killed and several received
dangerous injuries. The accident was
caused by fog.

Killed on the Street.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—In the midst of
crowds of pedestrians on Kinzie street,
close to the passenger depot of the
Northwestern railroad, two men en-
gaged in a desperate encounter with re-
volvers. Dennis E. Riley was killed by
Joseph A. Mayer.

Shot by Drunken Soldiers.

MERIDIAN, Miss., Dec. 22.—Lucy
Thomas and her 4-year-old boy were
shot by drunken soldiers of the First
Missouri volunteers, who were must-
ered out at Columbia, Tenn., the child
probably fatally. The boys were drunk.

Not Permanent Settlers.

The natives of Asia and Africa are
constantly being reminded of the fact
that by the European powers they are
regarded merely as squatters.—Wash-
ington Star.

Earth Hunger of France.

Within the last 20 years the French
have annexed no fewer than 2,000,000
square miles of Africa. They own Ale-
bira, Tunis, "the light soil" of the Sa-
hara, Senegal, the Ivory coast, the west-
ern Sudan, Dahomey, the French Congo
and a large tract on the Somali coast,
while in Abyssinia they are making
steady way.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Difference.

The following couple of verses were
taken from the Cleveland Plain Dealer
and show the mistaken idea people at
home have of Aguinaldo and his follow-
ers. We take the liberty of appending a
concoction of our own, with apologies
to an estimable Manila newspaper.

As it was written:

AGUINALDO.
We rather like your style,
Aguinaldo.
You are at it the while,
Aguinaldo.
You step right out and fight,
And you hit with all might,
And you make the dons a sight,
Aguinaldo.

And when all's said and done,
Aguinaldo,
We'll remember you, my son,
Aguinaldo.
You're the friend of Uncle Sam,
And you'll find he's not a clam.
When he hands around the jam,
Aguinaldo.

As it should have been written:

We do not like your style,
Aguinaldo.
The Yanks are bad to rile,
Aguinaldo.
They'll make you look a sight,
If you provoke a fight.
You'll be knocked clean out of sight,
Aguinaldo.

And it's time for you to run,
Aguinaldo.
When Uncle "gets his gun,"
Aguinaldo.
He will do the job first rate,
For he'll "lay you out in state,"
If you do not "pull your freight,"
Aguinaldo.

See our line of
Celluloid Gloves, Hndk'fs
Manicure, Work and
Toilet Cases, etc., at
The Leader.

AT
ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Tinsel ornaments, glass balls, glass
beads, tinsel 1c to 10c a yard.

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Vice President—J. M. KELLY
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER

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75c gloves to go at 69c. \$1.25
gloves to go at \$1. All colors and
sizes, at

The Leader.

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Of Insuring in the Western and
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Company Are:

It furnishes for the money paid larger
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State requiring an official examination
of its life companies to be made an-
nually.

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to be made only in government bonds,
mortgages upon real estate worth
double the amount loaned thereon, ex-
clusive of buildings, and loans upon its
own policies to the amount of the re-
serve value thereof. Companies of
other States are allowed to loan upon a
much wider and less safe class of secur-
ities.

It is required by State law to hold,
for the protection of its policy holders,
a reserve fund upon the basis of four
per cent., the highest standard known
in the United States.

Its policies are incontestable after
three annual payments, except as to age
or fraud.

Its stockholders, by State law are liable
for double the amount of their stock.

Policies are issued upon either whole
life or twenty years' endowment plan.

Policies issued by the Western and
Southern are in immediate benefit, and
provide for liberal paid-up values after
having been in force five or more years.

Prompt payment of claims is absolute-
ly guaranteed, \$100,000.00 being on de-
posit with the State Treasurer for the
sole protection of policy holders.

Consult any of our agents for rates of
Whole Life or Endowment Policies.
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Apply

For a Policy in the
Northwestern Mu-
tual Life Insurance
Company.

before the year closes. The
greatest company. The most lib-
eral policy contract. Dividends
payable annually.

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,

District Agents, Room 5.

First National Bank Building.

A 75c Doll to go at

49 cents

AT
The Leader.

FOR SALE.

Lot on east side of Avondale,
between Bradshaw and Mi-
nerva Street. Will be sold
cheap to cash buyer. Call on

**The Hill
Real Estate Co.**
105 Sixth St., City.

ALL THE NEWS In the
NEWS REVIEW

It Will Be a
Merry Christmas

“COKE'S
BREAD.”

Made by W. H. Colclough & Co., 102 Fifth Street.

PHONE 176-2.

N. B.—Leave your orders now for Fruit Cake. Wedding Cake a specialty.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. Frank Allabaugh, of East End, is today entertaining friends.

The Red Men will nominate officers at their meeting this evening.

J. C. Thompson is confined to his home in Thompson Place on account of illness.

The son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hill is very ill at the home of its parents in Second street.

Charles Pittenger, who has been attending Westminster college, is home for the holidays.

Daniel McDonald, who has been attending medical college at Columbus, is home for the holidays.

The new end of the Knowles, Taylor & Knowles pottery shut down today for the usual holiday loaf.

L. B. Hefler and H. A. Wolf, buyers from Chicago, are spending a few days in the city placing orders.

Alex Bryan returned to the city from Georgetown last evening. He attended the funeral of his father while there.

Dr. W. N. Bailey, of East Market street, who has been ill for several weeks with the fever, is improving rapidly.

H. J. Taylor, of Sixth street, who has been in New York City for the last two weeks, returned to the city this morning.

The first installment of Christmas trees arrived in the city yesterday, but they are now being hauled in by the wagon load.

Will Curfman, who is studying for the ministry at Adrian college, arrived in the city last evening. He will spend his vacation here.

All the persons from this city who were in Lisbon attending the trial of the Sebring-Palestine pottery suit returned last evening.

Shipments of ware have been made to Allegheny on the early train every morning this week. A large shipment was made this morning.

The insurance adjusters this morning commenced the work of adjusting the loss of the C. N. Forster Coal company. The work will require several days.

The dense fog which prevailed this morning caused the early Pittsburg and Bellaire accommodation to be 10 minutes late in arriving at the passenger station.

Kelse Bennett, who has been seriously ill for the past two weeks at his home in Bank street, is now able to be out. He was suffering with a light attack of the fever.

T. R. Jones, traveling passenger agent of the Topeka & Atchison road, was in the city yesterday the guest of Agent Adam Hill. He left last evening for Pittsburg.

Walter Manley, the colored porter at the Hotel Lakel who had his right foot badly injured by having a trunk fall on it, is much improved. He is still walking lame.

Mrs. George Bettridge, of Riverview street, who has been seriously ill at her home for several weeks, is improving. It is thought she will be able to be out within a short time.

Special car 502, containing Superintendent W. H. Scriven and party, of the Cleveland and Pittsburg road, passed through the city this afternoon attached to the 10:05 train. The party made an inspection trip over the river division of the road.

The Christmas service of the Sunday school of St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church will take place next Sunday evening. As is customary in the Lutheran church it will be a service of strictly religious nature, not an entertainment.

The remains of Josiah Hollingshead were taken to Beaver on the noon train for burial. The body was in charge of a committee from the Odd Fellows, and a large number of friends accompanied them. Funeral services were conducted last night at the residence of S. J. Cripps by Doctor Crawford.

D.M.Ogilvie & Co.

25 per cent reduction from regular price on any child's jacket or cloak, sizes from 1 year to 12 years THIS WEEK. Some nice ones left. This means that you can buy the \$2 child's coats at \$1.50, the \$3 ones at \$2.25, the \$4 ones at \$3, the \$5 ones at \$3.75, the \$6.25 ones at \$4.69, and like reductions from any other price on children's coats. Better see these if you need any thing in children's coats.

CLOAKS!

MISSSES' JACKETS!

All the \$10 ones reduced to \$8. Some very good values in misses' coats at \$5, \$6 and \$7.50.

WOMEN'S JACKETS!

All the \$18 ones at \$15, some of the \$15 ones at \$12.50, some of the \$10 ones at \$7.50. Nice stylish jackets at low prices.

CAPEES!

Plain plush capes at \$5, \$6.95, \$8.50 or \$10. Crushed plush at \$9.98 and \$11. Cloth capes at \$5 and up to \$15 each.

27 inch, nice lined astrachan capes at \$25.

20 inch electric seal capes, persian lamb yoke, silk plaid lining, at \$45.

New brown martin scarfs, nice goods, at \$8.

Mink scarfs at \$7.50 and \$13.50.

D.M.Ogilvie & Co.

HE COWED THE BULLY.

Harold Frederic's Encounter With a Lordly Prussian Lieutenant.

Harold Frederic's self confidence and power of dominating strangers stood him in good stead in one of his first visits—if not his very first visit—to Berlin. The incident as he related it seemed natural enough to an American not brought up in awe of a military caste, but to those who knew Germany it was almost surprising that he came through it with his life. He had been paying some formal diplomatic calls, and in the evening dropped in at the Cafe Bauer in the unwonted glory of a frock coat and a tall silk hat. This hat was carefully hung on a hat stand, and Frederic sat down to read an English newspaper just arrived.

Enter a particularly fine specimen of the lieutenant, booted and spurred and sworded and epauletted. He brushed against the hat stand, knocked Frederic's hat over into the sawdust and swaggared to his seat without so much as looking around. The slight to the hat was more than Frederic could endure.

In a towering passion he went to the lieutenant, stood over him and pointed to the object on the floor. "Pick up that hat, sir!" he roared. The officer stared amazed; the waiters were paralyzed with terror at hearing one so much more than human so addressed by a civilian. "Pick up that hat!" repeated Frederic in a tone more menacing than before. And the lieutenant did what he was told. He was as irresistibly dominated by the courage and force of the man as a schoolboy before his master, or perhaps he thought Frederic carried the customary west American revolver. —Saturday Review.

Easy Fishing Through the Ice.

John Foster, ex-captain in Grigsby's cowboy regiment, and a Lyman county settler named Spain had an interesting and unusual fishing experience. At a point on Bull creek which flows northward and enters the Missouri river a short distance below the confluence of the Missouri and White rivers is a deep pool, in which numberless fish congregated while the creek was swollen and were presumably imprisoned there by the falling of the waters. The other day the two men, having become aware of the presence of the fish there, broke a hole in the ice. Almost immediately the opening became choked with fish of all sizes and kinds, probably coming to the surface for air. Foster threw himself on the ice near the opening, and with his hands threw scores of the fish out upon the ice. About 300 pounds were secured in this way. A so called buffalo fish caught in this manner

weighed nearly 18 pounds, while several catfish each weighed nearly as much. —Minneapolis Tribune.

Long and Hay Ill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The list of official invalids has been increased by Secretary Long, who is suffering from a cold contracted during his visit to the south. He has been confined to his apartments ever since his return to the city, and has attended to all his official duties there. He probably will be all right again in a few days. Secretary Hay remained at home and is said to be improving.

A Hero Perished.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Dec. 22.—Claude Herbert, an employee of the Havens and Geddes company, is now known to have perished in the big fire of Monday night. Herbert was acting as Santa Claus in the toy department of the store, and by heroic efforts succeeded in safely conducting the children, who crowded the aisles, and the department clerks to a place of safety.

Don't Think it Effects Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 22.—The report to the effect that Yale university was involved in the bankruptcy of the firm of Mason & Co. of Chicago, of which the late Edward G. Mason was the head, was called to the attention of President Dwight. The president admitted that certain loans had been negotiated by the college through Mason & Co., but he felt sure that they were satisfactory and that the funds of the university were in no way involved by the failure.

Killed In Street Car Collision.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 22.—Two fast cars on the Worcester and Suburban Electric road collided headon at the foot of the long hill in Leicester. John Kerrigan of Cherry Valley, Walter H. Holbrook of Leicester, passengers, were killed and several received dangerous injuries. The accident was caused by fog.

Killed on the Street.

CHICAGO, Dec. 22.—In the midst of crowds of pedestrians on Kinzie street, close to the passenger depot of the Northwestern railroad, two men engaged in a desperate encounter with revolvers. Dennis E. Riley was killed by Joseph A. Stayer.

Shot by Drunken Soldiers.

MERIDIAN, Miss., Dec. 22.—Lucy Thomas and her 4-year-old boy were shot by drunken soldiers of the First Missouri volunteers, who were mustered out at Columbia, Tenn., the child probably fatally. The boys were drunk.

Not Permanent Settlers.

The natives of Asia and Africa are constantly being reminded of the fact that by the European powers they are regarded merely as squatters. —Washington Star.

Earth Hunger of France.

Within the last 20 years the French have annexed no fewer than 2,000,000 square miles of Africa. They own Algeria, Tunis, "the light soil" of the Sahara, Senegal, the Ivory coast, the western Sudan, Dahomey, the French Congo and a large tract on the Somali coast, while in Abyssinia they are making steady way. —Pittsburg Dispatch.

A Difference.

The following couple of verses were taken from the Cleveland Plain Dealer and show the mistaken idea people at home have of Aguinaldo and his followers. We take the liberty of appending a concoction of our own, with apologies to an estimable Manila newspaper.

As it was written:

AGUINALDO.
We rather like your style,
Aguinaldo.
You are at it all the while,
Aguinaldo.
You step right out and fight,
And you hit with all might,
And you make the dons a sight,
Aguinaldo.

And when all's said and done,
Aguinaldo,
We'll remember you, my son,
Aguinaldo.
You're the friend of Uncle Sam,
And you'll find he's not a clam.
When he hands around the jam,
Aguinaldo.

As it should have been written:

We do not like your style,
Aguinaldo.
The Yanks are bad to rile,
Aguinaldo.
They'll make you look a sight,
If you provoke a fight.
You'll be knocked clean out of sight,
Aguinaldo.

And it's time for you to run,
Aguinaldo,
When Uncle "gets his gun,"
Aguinaldo.
He will do the job first rate,
For he'll "lay you out in state,"
If you do not "pull your freight,"
Aguinaldo.

See our line of
Celluloid Gloves, Handk'fs
Manicure, Work and
Toilet Cases, etc., at
The Leader.

AT
ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Tinsel ornaments, glass balls, glass beads, tinsel 1c to 10c a yard.

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Vice President—J. M. KELLY
Cashier—N. G. MACRUM.
Asst. Cash'r—THOS. H. FISHER

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75c gloves to go at 69c. \$1.25 gloves to go at \$1. All colors and sizes, at

The Leader.

THE ESPECIAL ADVANTAGES

Of Insuring in the Western and Southern Life Insurance Company Are:

It furnishes for the money paid larger benefits than any other similar company. It is located in Ohio, which is the only State requiring an official examination of its life companies to be made annually.

Its investments are required by law to be made only in government bonds, mortgages upon real estate worth double the amount loaned thereon, exclusive of buildings, and loans upon its own policies to the amount of the reserve value thereof. Companies of other States are allowed to loan upon a much wider and less safe class of securities.

It is required by State law to hold, for the protection of its policy holders, a reserve fund upon the basis of four per cent., the highest standard known in the United States.

Its policies are incontestable after three annual payments, except as to age or fraud.

Its stockholders, by State law are liable for double the amount of their stock.

Policies are issued upon either whole life or twenty years' endowment plan.

Policies issued by the Western and Southern are in immediate benefit, and provide for liberal paid-up values after having been in force five or more years.

Prompt payment of claims is absolutely guaranteed, \$100,000.00 being on deposit with the State Treasurer for the sole protection of policy holders.

Consult any of our agents for rates of Whole Life or Endowment Policies. Branch office Ikirt block.

Apply

For a Policy in the Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company.

before the year closes. The greatest company. The most liberal policy contract. Dividends payable annually.

GEO. H. OWEN & CO.,
District Agents, Room 5,
First National Bank Building.

A 75c Doll to go at

49 cents

AT

The Leader.

FOR SALE.

Lot on east side of Avondale, between Bradshaw and Minerva Street. Will be sold cheap to cash buyer. Call on

The Hill Real Estate Co.

105 Sixth St., City.

ALL THE NEWS

In the NEWS REVIEW

EVENING NEWS REVIEW.

14TH YEAR. NO. 167.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, DEC. 22, 1898.

TWO CENTS

DUE TO BAD BEEF.

Miles Attributes to It Much of the Sickness.

HE DUBBED IT "EMBALMED BEEF."

An Experiment For Which Some One in Washington Was Responsible—Neglect of the Sick—Blamed Shafter at One Point—Merritt Testified.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Gen. Miles gave testimony before the war investigating commission, but when asked whether willing to be sworn said: "I think that I can say what I have to say without being sworn."

He opened by describing the railroad confusion in getting the war munitions to Tampa, pointed to the lack of government storehouse facilities there and said the cars at one time were held back as far as Columbia, S. C. He said when the transports were loaded it was found impossible to put more than 15,000 men aboard and they were equipped as well as possible under the circumstances. Said he:

It was most fortunate the transports had good weather. If they had encountered a severe storm the loss of life or the suffering at least, must have been fearful. As it was, with fair weather, the men below crowded in with the mules and supplies on deck, which would have been impossible otherwise.

The commissary stores taken, he said, were sufficient but the medical supplies were inadequate. He left the loading, except for general directions, to the corps commander, General Shafter. He found just before sailing that there were a number of pontoon boats being taken which would be utterly useless for purpose the and he himself had secured two barges from the owners there and had taken other steps, but the supply of such boats taken was very inadequate. Said he:

The expedition should have been furnished with launches, naphtha or steam, or tugs, for moving barges from the ships to the shore. We relied largely on the engineer officers and the engineer department for these. In the second expedition to Porto Rico these were furnished, but they arrived too late to render much assistance.

He said before the first fleet sailed from Tampa estimates had been definitely made of the number of boats to be furnished the transports and the number to be furnished by the navy to assist. The most cordial assistance, he added, had been promised on the part of the navy.

At Santiago the supply of tentage and food was very limited.

"Were the medical supplies at that time sufficient for the needs of the command?" he was asked. In reply he read a dispatch from General Shafter on Aug. 1, which referred to a "chronic scarcity of medicines" and that four men had just died from lack of medicines. There was at no time, said General Miles, sufficient medicines for the troops. He remembered seeing one train for the sick in a drenching rain, with no covering over the wagons.

General Beaver—From what you learned and observed while there, do you think there was at any time a sufficient medical supply?

General Miles—Of medical men and materials?

General Beaver—Yes.

General Miles—No, sir.

The witness stated that the hospital accommodations were only of a temporary character. He said that the shelter was bad. The shelter tents did not shelter. Questioned as the character of the facilities for transporting the wounded, he said that they were taken in wagons.

General Beaver—Do you know if any of the wounded were lying exposed to the weather?

General Miles—Some were exposed in being sent down to the hospitals. I saw one train of wounded men driving along in the drenching rain with nothing to shelter them.

He had taken measures personally to correct matters, and on July 12 had telegraphed for a well equipped corps of pier and bridge builders, etc., and had ordered places burned. General Miles said the transportation facilities were used to carry supplies to some 15,000 to 20,000 refugees from Santiago and about 5,000 Cuban troops. He stated in answer to a question:

This was not expected, because I had cautioned General Shafter to keep his men out of the Spanish buildings of every character, and to keep the men away from the natives. Had he not done so, he did the army would have been much better supplied.

His army in Porto Rico, he said, had been supplied in a way with quartermasters and commissary stores, but not in the best way. At Porto Rico he had asked that fixed rations be sent, but instead they were sent down in bulk, without invoice or bills of lading, and in many instances stores were spoiled in the hold and thrown away. This caused great embarrassment and loss of stores and deprived troops of food. He asserted, that the scarcity of food largely caused the distress of the troops. He had advised against the shipping of beef to Porto Rico, both because there was abundance of it on the island, as well as because of his belief that it was defective. He characterized the refrigerator beef, of which there was 327 tons sent, as "embalmed beef," and said the canned fresh beef, of which 198,000 pounds had been shipped there, was condemned by officers whose commands used it.

"Who fixed that beef as an army ration?" he was asked. He replied: "You'll have to ask some one here in Washington. You had better ask the secretary of

war or the commissary general. It was sent as food. If they hadn't taken that they would have had to go hungry. If they had sent paymasters down there, as I asked, we could have bought food, but they did not do that.

General Miles suggested that the food was sent to his large army under pretense of an experiment.

General Miles called attention to the fact that good fresh beef could be bought in Porto Rico for 6 cents a pound, American money, and he suggested it might be interesting to compare the cost of the refrigerated beef together with the expense of transportation.

He said he did not know but what the chemicals used in treating the beef were responsible for the great sickness in the American army. Reports which he had received concerning it were to the effect that this beef had an odor like an embalmed dead body.

Captain Howell—Were these reports ever brought to the attention of the commissary general?

General Miles—Reports were frequently sent in to him. But he seemed to insist that the beef be used.

Captain Howell—Was the matter ever brought to the attention of the secretary of war?

General Miles—I requested that no more of it be sent. If a supply of it were sent to the men in this country I would prohibit their use of it. I am having an investigation of the matter. I thought you gentlemen would get on to it.

He said he had never complained to the secretary of war as to the condition of the beef, but had asked that the supply be stopped.

General Miles stated the first plans for sending troops to Cuba were not his, as he was opposed to sending troops there until Cervera's fleet was located. The question at the outset was a naval problem; and the dispatch of troops, in his judgment, then hinged on which fleet should destroy the other. If the Spanish had destroyed the United States fleet, the United States would have been blocked for a number of years. "If we had had a force in Cuba then we would have lost it, as it would have been impossible to get it back here."

He was opposed, also, to sending a large force to places like Havana or Matanzas, because of the large percentage of yellow fever deaths there. He said the destruction of Cervera's fleet settled that problem. He said he wanted to operate with a small force against the Spanish forces by harassing them during the sickly season, aiding the Cubans and not endangering the lives of his own force. He also at first favored taking Porto Rico to prevent the Spanish from using that as a base of operations.

General Miles gave details of the Porto Rican expedition organization and obstacles. Concluding with his opinion of camp sites, he said the first he knew of the selection of Camp Alger, Va., the most objectionable camp, in his mind, was when the regiments began reaching there. At Chickamauga he had recommended mobilizing the regulars there and a portion of the volunteers, after some of the regulars left, but he never anticipated 75,000 men would be sent there, and, when he found it overcrowded, he had recommended distribution of the forces among other localities.

General Merritt told the commission that he regarded the Philippine expedition as a decided success and would conduct it on the same lines if he had it to do over. He spoke in high terms of the troops under him, and said this army was well supplied with medicines and food. He praised the volunteers.

SUCCEEDS BLISS.

Ambassador Hitchcock Appointed Secretary of the Interior.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The president nominated Ethan A. Hitchcock of Missouri, to be secretary of the interior.

Mr. Hitchcock is at present ambassador to Russia. He was appointed minister more than a year ago and when the



rank was raised to an embassy he was reappointed.

SAVED PROCTOR'S RESOLUTION.

Absence of a Quorum in the Senate Prevented Its Defeat.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The absence of a quorum in the senate saved Senator Proctor's resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of senators to investigate the conditions in Cuba and Porto Rico during the approaching recess of congress from decisive defeat.

An effort was made by Mr. Daniel (Va.) to obtain consideration for his resolution, but his motion mustered only 8 of the 38 votes cast. Only some routine business, including the passage of a few private pension bills, was transacted.

WERE BOOKS BURNED?

Serious Charges Against Standard Oil Officials.

MONNETT IS INVESTIGATING.

A Hearing Instituted at Cleveland. Some Witnesses Examined and a Constable After Others, One a Brother of John D. Rockefeller.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—Developments of a most sensational nature in the Standard Oil investigation came to light when Attorney General Monnett began taking depositions for the purpose of proving that the Standard Oil company, just previous to the issuance of the order by the supreme court that the books of the company be produced in evidence, had destroyed a large number of its books.

Upon the strength of information received by the attorney general from reliable business men and attorneys, that it could be proved that the Standard Oil company had burned a lot of its books, journals, ledgers and other valuable books, the state served notice upon the Standard Oil company that depositions would be taken before a notary in the office of Attorney Harry C. Mason in this city.

During the investigation of the Standard Oil trust before Commissioner Brinsmade a few weeks ago, the Standard refused to produce its books in evidence. The matter was taken to the supreme court and on Dec. 7 that court ordered the Standard Oil company to produce its books covering the period from 1892 to 1897, to show whether the Standard had paid dividends during that time to the holders of the trust certificates.

Previous to the discussion of the supreme court, Virgil P. Kline, attorney for the Standard, spent several days at Columbus, and it is alleged that he received information beforehand in regard to the court's decision and at once notified the officials of the Standard Oil company.

Attorney General Monnett expects to be able to prove that the officials of the Standard destroyed their books three or four nights before the supreme court ordered F. B. Squire, secretary of the company, to produce the company's books in evidence.

Rabbi Darmstetter of a Bohemian church testified that one evening three or four weeks ago he went into the saloon of E. H. Pollock at 131 Croton street, to see Pollock, who is an official of his church. He said that at the time Pollock was waiting on several Bohemian laborers, who were employees of the Standard Oil company, and he sat down till the saloonkeeper got through with his customers.

Darmstetter said that one of the men in the saloon was quite hilarious and was asked: "Why are you fellows doing so much treating?" Two of the men then engaged in a conversation and flashing a roll of bills said that they had got some good stuff by working overtime. One of them, who was a teamster, said that he and another teamster had loaded up a lot of books at the Euclid avenue office of the Standard Oil company and had taken them to the company's furnaces, where they were burned.

Attorney General Monnett secured the residence and name of one of the drivers and when a constable went to subpoena him the man exclaimed: "My job is gone if I have to testify."

Another of the teamsters of the Standard, when informed that he would probably be called upon to testify, is reported to have said: "They can't catch me. What we took were boxes and I can't tell what they contained."

Rabbi Darmstetter, when placed upon the witness stand, was very unwilling to testify, saying that if he did so it would injure the members of his congregation many of whom were employees of the Standard.

The depositions of other witnesses were taken, but nothing important was brought out.

Edward O'Hearn, a teamster, in the employ of the Standard Oil company, was found and placed on the witness stand. He testified that on the Saturday before Thanksgiving day he was ordered to go to the office of the company on Euclid avenue and carry some boxes from there to the company's warehouse on Independence street. He said he got the boxes, 16 in number, and delivered them as ordered. He said he did not know the names of the employees who turned the boxes over to him, nor those who received them at the warehouse. In dimensions they were about 2 feet long and 18 inches broad. He declared that he did not know what was in them and denied having made the declaration in a saloon that they contained account books.

His brother, Cornelius O'Hearn, was the next witness. He has had charge of horses for the Standard company. The witness was very much agitated and his testimony did not add anything to the information already obtained.

Attorney General Monnett is very desirous of placing on the stand Frank Rockefeller, brother of John D. Rockefeller, and president of the Ohio Standard Oil company, and L. H. Severance, late treasurer of the Ohio company. Constable George Arnold was given the subpoenaes to serve, but was unable to

find these two gentlemen. He was satisfied that they were in the city and will endeavor to get them.

GRIP EPIDEMIC.

Thousands of Cases Have Been Reported From Various Places.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 22.—It is estimated by the health department that there are 10,000 cases of grip in this city. The ravages of the disease have been so widespread that in many cases business has been seriously impeded. Grip this year has not been so fatal, however, as it was during the famous epidemic of seven years ago.

St. Louis, Dec. 22.—There are two dozen cases of la grippe in the City hospital and about 100 cases in East St. Louis. The number of reported suspects is daily increasing. No deaths have been reported so far.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 22.—The grip, which seems so prevalent in some Ohio cities north of here, has made its appearance in Cincinnati in a very mild form and to a comparatively limited extent. Adults are rarely attacked. The disease shows a preference for small children. It yields readily to simple treatment.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 22.—An epidemic of grip has struck Columbus, and it is estimated that there are several thousand cases. Local physicians all report the malady prevalent in their practice, though not in as severe a form as the epidemic of 1891. Public institutions are severely affected.

JOHN P. DUNNING RELEASED.

He Gave Testimony Pointing Toward Mrs. Botkin's Guilt.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22.—John P. Dunning, who was arrested for contempt of court for refusing to answer certain questions put to him by counsel for Mrs. Botkin, was released from custody. He appeared in court, and Attorney Knight withdrew the obnoxious question, thus giving Judge Cook an opportunity to order his release.

Mr. Dunning appeared on the witness stand and gave further testimony pointing to Mrs. Botkin as the guilty woman. Attorney Knight seemed very willing to drop the witness. He was questioned a little further by District Attorney Hosmer, but nothing of a startling nature was brought out.

A DESTITUTE MARCHIONESS.

She Was Sent to a Workhouse, in England.

LONDON, Dec. 22.—The Marchioness of Denegal will eat her Christmas dinner in a London workhouse. Ill, miserably clad and apparently in acute destitution, she applied for admittance to the Great Northern hospital, from which place she was removed to the Islington workhouse infirmary.

She explained that she was homeless and not willing to communicate with her wealthy friends, or with her husband, who is suffering from pneumonia.

Muster Out of Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Nothing definite has been decided by the war department as to the regiments which will be included in the 50,000 volunteers to be mustered out. It is said, however, that they will be distributed as equitably as possible among the several states and in a general way the first regiments mustered in will be the first to go out.

Lieutenant Hobson Visited Denver.

DENVER, Dec. 22.—Lieutenant Hobson arrived here on his way to the Pacific coast. After a reception at the Brown Palace hotel he visited the schools, being received enthusiastically everywhere. The Sons of the Revolution entertained him at luncheon. There was no kissing.

Otis Will Be Retained.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Alger said that Major General Otis had rendered most satisfactory service in command of the military forces in the Philippines and would be retained in that position. Whether or not he will be appointed governor general of the archipelago depends upon future events.

To Prevent Liquorselling.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Senator Quay presented in the senate a petition from the Presbyterian church of New Alexandria, Pa., in favor of the Ellis bill to prevent the sale of liquors in army cantens, public buildings and the immigrant station on Ellis island.

Sentenced For Counterfeiting.

DETROIT, Dec. 22.—Edward and David Johnson were sentenced by Judge Swan in the United States district court to nine years at hard labor in the Detroit house of correction, for counterfeiting. Both had pleaded guilty.

A Husband Suspected of Murder.

ROCKVILLE, Ind., Dec. 22.—Mrs. Joe Meeshock, wife of an Austrian miner at Coxville, this county, was shot through the heart and killed, supposedly by her husband, who has disappeared.

Hawaiian Bill Reported.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—At the opening of the senate session Mr. Cullom (Ill.) reported favorably from the committee on foreign relations the bill to provide a government for the Hawaiian Islands.

TREATY LIKELY SAFE.

Clark Howell Believes It Will Be Ratified.

BIG FIGHT COMING LATER.

After Interviewing Democratic and Republican Leaders He Sent That Opinion to His Paper—Expects Old Political Parties to Split Upon Philippines.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Clark Howell, member of the Democratic national committee from Georgia and editor of the Atlanta Constitution, after consulting with the leaders of both of the political parties at Washington, telegraphed in part as follows to his paper:

With the adjournment of congress for the holidays the final decision on the peace treaty is as clear as it will be after a vote has been taken in the senate. Two weeks ago the matter was in doubt—today it is certain that the treaty will be ratified as it will be that it has after the vote has been taken.

He said Mr. Bryan had advised ratification of the treaty, that, aside from national obligation, it was a matter of party policy for the Democrats not to obstruct ratification. There were leading Democratic opponents to ratification who had now changed their minds. There were both Democrats and Republicans who would vote for ratification that were opposed to trans-oceanic expansion. They take the view that, after Spain has been eliminated from the problem, it will be time enough to consider the policy to be pursued in dealing with the Philippines.

Mr. Howell says that after the treaty has been finally disposed of a resolution will be introduced making declaration of the proposed policy of this government in dealing with the Philippines and that this resolution will be framed very much on the basis of the Cuban resolution adopted co-incidental with the declaration of war, in which it was declared that the policy of this government would be to give the people of Cuba a free and independent government of their own.

Mr. Howell says in part:

It is the determination to prevent a resolution of this kind as a rallying point for the expansion and anti expansion elements, both Democrats and Republicans, that takes from the consideration of the peace treaty such doubt as might have existed as to the outcome and which now makes its ratification a foregone conclusion.

The vote on this proposed resolution will not be confined by any means to party lines and the outcome is in doubt. A large majority of the Democrats will vote in favor of it and a large majority of the Republicans will vote against it, but the size of either minority is sufficiently involved in doubt as to render exceedingly questionable the final action that will be taken on the resolution.

The Republicans as a body will favor the ratification of the peace treaty and will oppose any further action. They will hold that it will be time enough to cross the Philippine bridge when they get to it, and in the meantime the islands should be held under strict military government and that, in God's own time it is demonstrated that the Philippines are able to take care of themselves and desire to maintain a government of their own, it will be time enough for the United States to take up the question and act accordingly.

Mr. Howell's summary concludes as follows:

As the result of the final encounter over the resolution it may be that the country will witness the spectacle of badly severed party lines and that out of it may be furnished the battle-cries around which will be formed the lines of the next presidential fight.

HOUNDED TO HIS DEATH.

An Ex-Convict Driven to Suicide by a Detective Agency.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 22.—David Shea, an ex-convict, committed suicide here. In a letter left by Shea and addressed to The Post Dispatch he says he was driven to death by a private detective agency as a result of being hounded by the agency. Shea declares he was unable to obtain work to sustain himself honestly.

Effigies of General Weyler.

HAVANA, Dec. 22.—Effigies of General Weyler hung in Cerro, the suburb, surrounded by jeering crowds, while small processions marched and counter-marched along the streets, shouting constantly.

Vessel and Crew Given Up.

PROVIDENCE, Dec. 22.—The big three-masted schooner Howard H. Hanscomb has been given up for lost. There were eight men on board the ill-fated craft, which was caught in the deadly November blizzard.

Colonel Edward S. Barrett Dead.

CONCORD, Mass., Dec. 22.—Colonel Edward S. Barrett, national president of the Sons of the American Revolution, was killed by falling from a window of his home here.

Rev. Dr. Stebbins Improved.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 22.—Rev. Dr. Horatio Stebbins, who was reported dying of heart failure, is slightly improved. There is no immediate anticipation of his death.

Pearson Declared Insane.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—A marshal's jury declared Joseph W. Pearson to be insane. He recently hurled missiles through the door and windows of the British embassy.

FREE! FREE!

A Handsome Calendar
with every sale.

The next few days will be
busy ones with us, as we
have the stock and the
right prices.

Thousands of pairs of

Slippers and
Shoes

to select from.

W. H. GASS,
220 DIAMOND.

Repairing done best and quick-
est in city.

CAUGHT A CONTRACTOR

Lisbon Man Claims He Lost
Money Gambling.

HE SUED CONKLE FOR THE SUM

Funds In the First National Bank, Belong-
ing to the Defendant, Have Been At-
tached—The Trial Is Listed For Tomor-
row In Squire Hill's Court.

The game of craps is very expensive
sport if a case in the court of Squire Hill
can be taken as an example.

Several days ago, it will be remem-
bered, Samuel Conkle was arrested on a
charge of keeping a gambling house, and
was taken before Mayor Bough. He
pleaded guilty to the charge and was fined
\$50 and costs. This did not end the
case, as J. Frank Tullis, who gave the
information upon which Conkle was
arrested, wanted the money he had lost,
and Tuesday night he appeared in the
court of Squire Hill and began an action
and attachment against Conkle for \$247,
which he claims he lost in a game of
craps. Money which Conkle is supposed
to have in the First National bank was
garnished, and the case is set for hear-
ing tomorrow.

The defendant is represented by At-
torney A. H. Clark, while Attorney W.
B. Hill has the case of the plaintiff.
Numerous witnesses have been subpoe-
naed, and a hard fought legal battle is
expected. The case is exciting a great
deal of interest, as it is probably the
first action of the kind ever brought in
the city.

EVEN WORSE

Are the New Lights at the Second Street
Station.

The new lights placed at the Second
street station are worthless. The com-
pany intended to make an improve-
ment, but the attempt failed. The
platform is darker than ever before, and
instead of two lights being used there
should be at least four lamps.

Gas Inspector Johnson was asked
about placing additional lights at the
station and said he would lay the mat-
ter before the officials, but personally he
could do nothing in the matter.

Fresh and Pure.

Eat candies, fresh and pure.
Buy at Hassey's to be sure.

We know of nothing to equal a
Gold Medal Cyco-Bearing carpet
sweeper at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Ladies' high overgaiters, worth 50c,
for 25c, at
FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Fountain pens, gold and silver
pencils at Wade's.

Holiday shoes and slippers.
SAMPLE & NEAL.

Fancy bronze and decorated
lamps and globes at the Eagle
Hardware Co.

Good Results Expected.

The midwinter examinations in the
public schools will close tomorrow
morning. So far the scholars have been
very successful and have been preparing
excellent papers. The higher grades
will be examined tomorrow morning in
music, spelling and current events.

Gloves and mittens, silk and linen
handkerchiefs, an umbrella, a smoking
jacket, fancy colored shirts, all useful
Christmas presents. The place to buy
them is at
JOSEPH BROS.

GARCIA'S VISIT TO SAMPSON.

Famous Cuban General Became Sen-
sible and Wanted to Return Ashore.

It was during that long, monotonous
blockade before Santiago, some days be-
fore the arrival of the transports bear-
ing General Shafter and the army of
invasion, that I first met the late Gen-
eral Garcia. Admiral Sampson desired
to confer with the Cuban commander
and had sent a dispatch boat down the
coast to bring the general and his staff
to the flagship New York.

The Caribbean was in a bad temper
that day, and when the steam cutter of
the flagship came alongside the yacht
to take the distinguished party to the
ship of the commander in chief of the
squadron the old general hesitated.
However he managed to get into the
launch as it bumped and pounded
against the sides of the Vixen, despite
the efforts of the "jackies" to keep
clear with boathooks, and after a most
uncomfortable "shaking up" reached
the ladder on the New York's port
quarter.

The little launch was bobbing like a
cork, and the old general, overcome by
zealotry, lost heart and protested
against attempting to scale the uninviting
deck of the warship. "No, no," he
said. "I have certainly had enough. I
think I would better go back." Pre-
vailed upon, he managed to reach the
deck of the cruiser and soon after was
stretched on the divan in Captain Chad-
wick's cabin.

When last I saw him on the ship, he
was standing aft gazing toward the
Cuban shore, but five miles away. His
eyes were filled with tears and his voice
was broken as I heard him say aloud,
not knowing that he was overheard:
"O my poor Cuba! My poor Cuba! I
have fought for you a long, long time!
And now you are to be free!"—Henry
Barrett Chamberlin in Chicago Record.

ICE BREAKING STEAMER.

How the Russian Vessel Breaks Her
Way Through the Ice.

Consul Metcalf sends from Newcastle-
on-Tyne a description of the launching
of the ice breaking steamer Ermaek,
recently built for the Russian govern-
ment. This steamer is 305 feet long, 71
feet in breadth and 42½ feet in depth.
When fully loaded, the draft will be 25
feet and displacement 8,000 tons. The
dimensions and appearance of the vessel
would suggest a battleship but for the
cutaway bow. The principle upon which
this vessel attacks the ice is an improve-
ment on the old idea of running up on
to it and breaking it down by what
might be termed brute force. Science
has added to this brute force by placing
a forward propeller to disturb the water
under the ice, depriving the latter of
its support and rendering it a compara-
tively easy task for the heavy vessel to
break through.

It is held by men of experience in
navigation amid frozen waters that
there will be no great difficulty in
keeping open many, if not all, of the
principal trade routes of the world
which are now rendered impassable ev-
ery winter. In addition to conveying
merchant vessels through the ice she is
capable of carrying a heavy cargo as
well as 90 passengers.—H. S. Canfield
in Chicago Times-Herald.

MADSTONE SOLD FOR \$450.

Famous Heirloom Disposed of by
Auction to Close an Estate.

The madstone an account of which
was lately published in the Washington
Post and therefrom copied into several
other papers north and south was sold
at Leesburg, Va., the other day at auc-
tion. From a bid of \$25 its price went
to \$450, at which it was sold to Mr. J.
A. Geiman of Bloomfield, Loudoun
county, Va. It has belonged in the Fred
family of this section for 131 years, and
may be said to remain there yet, as Mr.
Geiman's grandmother was a Fred.

The stone is about seven-eighths of
an inch long, five-eighths of an inch
wide and one-quarter of an inch thick,
and, it is said, has never failed to effect
a cure in its entire history. It has been
visited at Leesburg lately by persons
living miles away, applied to bites of
mad dogs, and the parties have gone
back claiming to be relieved. It was
sold to wind up an estate, and will re-
main in Leesburg.—Special Washing-
ton Post.

They Don't Wear Stockings.

It will take some time to educate the
Filipinos to hang up their stockings
like Christians on Christmas eve.—Mil-
waukee Sentinel.

When Dewey Comes to Town.

When Dewey comes to town, you bet,
There'll be a hot old time,
For drums'll beat an horns'll toot
An welcoming bells'll chime.
We'll wine him an we'll dine him
An tote him up an down,
Till he won't know what he's up against,
When
Dewey
Comes
To
Town!

Oh, the hero of Manila
Is a modest kind of peach,
An like enough he'd stammer
If he had to make a speech;
But when it comes to fighting
He's entitled to the crown,
An the folks'll make him wear it,
When
Dewey
Comes
To
Town!
—New York Sun.

WE LEAD IN EXPORTS.

The United States In 1898
Strides Ahead of England.

GREAT GROWTH OF FOREIGN TRADE

We Shall Export This Year More
Than \$1,200,000,000 of Domestic
Merchandise Against Exports From
the United Kingdom of Less Than
\$1,140,000,000.

Our exports of domestic merchandise
in 1898 will amount to over \$1,200,-
000,000. The United Kingdom will ex-
port domestic merchandise valued at
less than \$1,140,000,000. Our foreign
trade in the past three years has grown
by leaps and bounds, while England's
has been at a standstill, and the United
States treasury and English board of
trade returns at the end of December
will show that the place England has
so long held as the greatest exporter of
domestic products has been taken by
the United States. Eight years ago,
when England shipped to foreign coun-
tries her products to the value of
\$1,280,758,643 (the world's high water
mark), while our domestic exports
amounted to but \$845,999,603, it did
not seem possible that before the end of
the decade America would outstrip En-
gland and take her place as the greatest
exporter of homemade products. Our
advance, considering that in the middle
of the decade we passed through one of
the most disastrous panics in our his-
tory, has been wonderful.

November's export trade broke the
record. The treasury department bureau
of statistics' preliminary figures for the
month show that our exports of do-
mestic merchandise amounted to \$127,-
483,467, exceeding the record of De-
cember last by \$4,330,384. Including
the few exports of foreign products our
exports last month amounted in all to
\$129,783,512. The December, 1897,
record was \$125,053,961, while the re-
cord prior to that was \$117,185,926,
made in December, 1896. The Novem-
ber exports show an increase of over
\$13,000,000 over those in last Novem-
ber, while the increase over the No-
vember exports of three years ago is
over \$42,000,000.

Sir C. T. Ritchie, president of the
English board of trade, in a speech be-
fore the Croydon chamber of commerce
the other day, calling attention to the
critical state of the foreign trade of the
kingdom, stated that while in the period
of 1891-7 the exports from France had
increased 1½ per cent, those from Ger-
many, Holland and Belgium 12¾ per
cent, and those from the United States
18 per cent, the United Kingdom's ex-
ports had fallen off 5 per cent. Up to
the end of October the English exports
for the year had fallen off \$2,600,000
(\$13,000,000), while the imports had
increased \$14,000,000 (\$70,000,000).
He attributed the wonderful increase of
our export trade to the development of
our natural resources and said that our
tariff was in a large part responsible
for the decline of England's export
trade.

The United Kingdom's exports of her
own products last year amounted to
\$1,138,941,015, while our exports were
valued at \$1,079,834,294. The British
lead of \$170,000,000 in 1896 was cut
down to \$60,000,000. We are not only
going to overcome this \$60,000,000 this
year, but we will lead the United
Kingdom by from \$60,000,000 to \$90,-
000,000. The British total will prob-
ably be a little less than last year,
while ours will be between \$1,200,000,-
000 and \$1,225,000,000. Our domestic
exports for the 11 months of the year
were \$1,098,089,136, and a December
total as low as the lowest December
record in years would bring the year's
domestic exports tens of millions of dol-
lars above England's.

Our excess of exports this year will
reach remarkable figures. November
not only broke the export record, but
made a new record for a month's excess
of exports. While the exports were
nearly \$130,000,000, the imports were
only \$52,109,560, the exact excess of
exports being \$77,673,952. If the De-
cember excess is up to the average, the
year's "balance of trade" will come
close to being \$600,000,000 in our favor.
Last year we thought \$360,000,000 a
great record. The wonderful progress
of our export trade in this decade is ap-
parent from a glance at this table:

	Exports.	Excess over imports.
1890.....	\$857,502,548	\$34,104,822
1891.....	970,569,646	142,188,703
1892.....	938,430,680	97,489,705
1893.....	870,108,781	96,859,867
1894.....	825,102,248	148,789,307
1895.....	824,860,126	21,100,789
1896.....	1,005,843,241	324,257,685
1897.....	1,099,714,807	357,112,304
1898.....	1,220,000,000	\$600,000,000

Exports of foreign merchandise are
included in the table. They are insig-
nificant in the United States, seldom
amounting to \$20,000,000 in a year.
For the 11 months of the year the total
exports from the United States were
\$1,117,681,199, an increase of over
\$243,000,000 over the corresponding
period last year.

With the new record for merchandise
exports in 1898 will come a new record
for gold imports, and a remarkable re-
cord for excess of gold imports over ex-

ports. The record of 1880 is already
swept away. For the 11 months of the
year the gold imports were \$149,396,370,
and the exports \$14,975,316, an excess
of imports of \$134,421,054. The silver
excess of exports for the 11 months was
\$22,048,103. In previous years when
our export trade has risen to abnormal
figures Europe has paid its debt largely
through the increase of its sales of mer-
chandise to the United States. Now we
are increasing our exports to unheard of
dimensions and at the same time cut-
ting down our imports. This year our
imports will be over \$100,000,000 less
than last year.—New York Sun.

CINDERELLA ON THE ICE.

Glass Skates Which Are Both Useful
and Ornamental.

Cinderella's glass slipper bids fair to
become something more than a myth,
though the modern Cinderella will need
no fairy godmother to furnish her with
a coach in which to reach home swift-
ly. Her slippers will answer the pur-
pose.

The modern Cinderella's glass slipper
is a skate, of which the upper part re-
sembles a slipper, open behind, with a
split "lace up" heel cap. The Age of
Steel describes this new skate as a skate
of glass, hardened by a recent process
to the consistency of steel. Every part
of the skate is of glass, from the slip-
perlike upper to the glittering blade. It
is asserted that the glass blades are
much more slippery than steel ones and
that they will run almost as well over
rough, snow covered ice as on a smooth
ice sheet and will also go easily over
inequalities, twigs and other obstruc-
tions. They are made very sharp and
are so extremely hard that it is almost
impossible to blunt them. They are un-
like steel skates, in that they never
want grinding and never rust.

The new skates are as pretty as they
are efficient. They are very nearly trans-
parent, and in some cases, while in the
liquid state, are variously colored. Sev-
eral notable skaters are said to have
tested them, in every case with most
satisfactory results. So the pretty skates,
with their sharp blades, will, in all
probability, soon be seen skimming over
lakes and streams, and youths and
maidens who long ago relegated the
Cinderella story to the region of their
childhood will take a renewed interest
in glass slippers.

CHILDREN'S READING ROOM

Mr. Young Is Having One Fitted Up
In Congressional Library.

A special reading room is being fitted
up in the Congressional library for the
use of children. John Russell Young
has for some time seen the need of such
a place, and accordingly a room in the
basement, next to the quarters set apart
for the blind, is being furnished for the
use of readers under 16 years of age.
Between 10,000 and 12,000 books suit-
able for the little folks will be placed
on the shelves, and two women attend-



JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG.

ants are to be in charge. The children's
reading room, like the main reading
room, is to be used from 9 o'clock in
the morning until 10 at night. No date
has been set for its opening.

In his search through the library for
the books formerly belonging to the col-
lection of Thomas Jefferson, Mr. Young
has succeeded in identifying between
6,000 and 8,000 volumes by the secret
mark inserted in the books in the great
statesman's own writing. These books
are to be gathered together and pre-
served behind glass doors in a room ad-
joining the reading room for the blind.
—Washington Post.

The Oregon Versus the Brooklyn.

In the January Scribner's Captain F.
A. Cook of the Brooklyn calls the atten-
tion of Captain Chadwick to what he
believes is an error in the latter's recent
article in Scribner's. Captain Cook does
not think that the Oregon was the nearer
ship in the chase of the Colon. He says:
"From my own knowledge the Oregon
fired her last shot at 8,900 yards from
the forward 13 inch gun, which struck
beyond the Colon, over her bows. At
the same time the last shot from the
Brooklyn was fired from the forward 8
inch gun at 6,800 yards and struck be-
yond, over the stern of the Colon. Both
shots fell close to the Colon, and both
ships were getting the range."

Bible In Australian Dialect.

All of the New Testament has been
translated for the first time into one of
the Australian native dialects by two
German missionaries.—Chicago Trib-
une.



Out on the water in the moonlight. A
more beautiful or romantic situation for a
young man to tell the story of his love and
ask the young woman of his choice to share
his life cannot be imagined.

The courtship of a young couple may be
ever so romantic and their married life be
very unhappy. There are common sense
considerations outside of love that have a
world to do with the making of married
happiness. One of the most important of
these considerations is the good health of
both parties to the sacred tie. The young
man who is in the incipient stages of con-
sumption commits a crime if he marries
before he is restored to health. He con-
demns his wife to the life of a nurse and
his children to early death, or lives of sick-
ness and suffering. Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery cures 98 per cent. of all
cases of consumption if taken in its earlier
stages. This is its record established dur-
ing the past thirty years. It is the great
blood-maker, flesh-builder, nerve-tonic and
general restorative.

The young woman who suffers from weak-
ness and disease of the delicate and im-
portant organs that make wifehood and
motherhood possible has no right to answer
"Yes" to a young man's proposal until she
is thoroughly restored to health in a wom-
anly way. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription
prepares a woman for wifehood and
motherhood. It makes her strong, healthy
and vigorous where a woman must needs
health, strength and vigor. Thousands of
women have testified to its merits.

"My daughter," writes Mrs. N. A. Thomas, of
Little Rock, Ark., "had been under a doctor's
care for four years. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pres-
cription, which cured me, also cured her."

THE TALK OF THE CITY.

It's of Interest to Our Readers Be-
cause It Refers to East Liv-
erpool People.

It's astonishing how good news will
spread. From every ward and street we
hear of our people talking about the
workings of the little conqueror. Merit
and honorable methods receive their just
reward. So many cases are cropping
up that it is next to impossible to inves-
tigate them all, but we have taken a few
in hand and give them publicity for the
benefit of our readers. Our representa-
tive obtained the following statement of
facts in a personal interview. They are
true in every particular and no stronger
evidence can be obtained than home en-
dorsement.

Mr. R. H. Hawkins, an employee of
Sebring's Pottery, who lives at No. 234
Second St., says: "I found Doan's Kid-
ney Pills very satisfactory. I had been
taking medicine for my kidneys right
along, and if I had found a cure I would
have had no occasion to use Doan's
Kidney Pills. I was troubled two years
or more with distressing backache
across the loins, a steady aching pain
with quick twinges now and then when
stooping or lifting that felt as if a sharp
instrument had pierced my back, while
the secretions of the kidneys were highly
colored, feverish or slightly scalded.
Work seemed to be a drag; I had no
energy, and I am more than thankful
that I was induced to go to the W. & W.
Pharmacy and get Doan's Kidney Pills.
After taking them there was no sign of
my old complaint. I felt better in every
way, could work with a will, and indorse
the medicine that brought this change
about."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all
dealers. Price 50 cents per box. Sent
by mail on receipt of price. Foster-
Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents
for the United States. Remember the
name, Doan's, and take no other.

MADE ME A MAN

AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE
ALL Nervous Disorders—calling Men-
strual Irregularity, Sleeplessness, etc., caused
by Abuse or other Excesses and Indi-
cations. They quickly and surely
restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and
fit a man for study, business or marriage.
Prevent Insanity and Consumption if
taken in time. Their use shows immediate im-
provement and cures a CURSE where all other fail. As-
sist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They
have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a po-
sitive written guarantee to effect a cure for \$2.00. By
mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price (Circular
Free). **AJAX REMEDY CO.,** 75 Dearborn St.,
Chicago, Ill.

For sale in East Liverpool, Ohio, by John I.
Hodson and the W. & W. Pharmacy.

Holiday Umbrellas.

Over 600 to choose from. Prices,
49c to \$4.98, at

The Leader.

Running and Paid Up Stock

now being issued in any
amount desired.

THE POTTERS' BUILDING & SAVINGS CO.
Corner Fifth and Washington.

At Zeb Kinsey's 5 & 10.

The Kessner

Cork Stuffed Doll.

25, 35, 50, \$2, \$3.50.

A FLASH IN THE PAN

Nothing in the Story of Those Altered Court Records.

JUSTICE FOR F. E. GROSSHANS

Judge Boone Makes a Statement in Which He Shows All to Be Regular, and There Is No Cause for the Charges Made Within the Past Few Months.

Judge Boone has made a statement regarding the claim of a local paper that records in probate court have been altered. It will doubtless be read with much interest by those people who followed the long drawn out story of the Mrs. Grundon matter. It will be remembered that F. E. Grosshans was administrator of the estate of James Grundon, and brought suit against the paper in question for \$10,000 for alleged libel, the statements made reflecting seriously upon him in the settlement of the estate.

Judge Boone's statement appears in this week's issue of the Lisbon Journal and is as follows:

"In the matter of the estate of James Grundon, the real estate was sold by order of the probate court to pay debts and cost of administration. The sale was advertised in the East Liverpool Crisis, the appraisement of the property being \$2,000. The property was sold to A. W. Stevenson for two-thirds of the appraisement, the confirmation of the sale being delayed a week or more by Judge Young at the request of General Riley, then counsel for Henrietta Grundon. Certain proceedings to set aside the sale was afterwards brought in probate court by Harvey Morrison and W. H. Spence as attorneys for Henrietta Grundon. The case was brought to trial and after the testimony of plaintiff and others had been introduced, her attorneys stated in open court that no case had been made; that they would proceed no further, and that judgment should be rendered against the plaintiff, which was accordingly done. Some months later a similar action was commenced by Henrietta Grundon by the same attorneys in the court of common pleas. While this action was pending it was ascertained that the appraisement of the real estate in question was in fact \$2,100, instead of \$2,000, and that it had not in fact sold for two-thirds of the appraised value. As this fact would render the sale void, the attorneys for the administrator at once suggested to the attorneys of Mrs. Grundon that an order be taken setting the sale aside, and that it be re-advertised and sold to the highest bidder. After making inquiry and concluding that the property, if re-advertised, would not sell for more than it had previously sold for, Mr. Morrison and Mr. Spence, as attorneys for Mrs. Grundon, proposed that instead of incurring the expense of re-advertising and other costs incident thereto, all of which would have been paid by their client the administrator should simply account for two-thirds of \$2,100, instead of two-thirds of \$2,000, which he was willing to do. By agreement and consent of all parties to the case, and for the benefit of Henrietta Grundon only, the administrator did then account for two-thirds of \$2,100. All parties to the case consented that the record should be corrected by erasing \$1,344 and substituting \$1,400, wherever the same occurred, as the prices for which said property sold, which was accordingly done by the deputy clerk of the probate court, and I was not present when the record was corrected nor when the matter was brought up, being at Salem, Ohio.

"This is the whole story out of which such a mountain has been sought to be made. So far as I have been able to learn no one was injured, and all that was done was done by consent of all parties in the case, and nobody in any way connected with the case, so far as I have ever heard, has yet any fault to find with it."

Carving knives and forks that cut at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Hassey's Fine bon bons are in great demand by patrons.

Self-pouring tea and coffee pots, just the thing for a Christmas present, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Child's rubber boots 95c a pair at FRANK, SHUMAKER & Co.

A full line of gold pens and pencils at Wade's.

A beautiful line of children's suits for Christmas at Joseph Bros. from \$1.25 to \$3.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

THE FINAL GRAND RUSH

Is here, and we are too busy to write any extended advertisement. We wish only to remind you to call on us in your search for appropriate and useful Xmas gifts. Come where you get the largest assortment for the least possible price.

Dress Patterns,
Furs,
Wraps,
Umbrellas,
Gloves,
Handkerchiefs,
Towels,
Table Linens,
Blankets,
Comforts,

Boots,
Dolls,
Toys,
Bric-a-Brac,
Medallions,
Leather Goods,
Sterling Silver
Novelties,
Trunks, Valises,
Sleds.

And a hundred other things suitable for gifts. Follow the crowds to headquarters for Holiday Shopping. You are sure to get just what you want, and at the right price, too.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE,

A. S. YOUNG, Fifth and Market Streets.

VICTIMS OF ACCIDENTS.

Workman Buried and Crushed—Other Fatal Mishaps.

YOUNGSTOWN, Dec. 22.—William McGowan, 50 years of age, was crushed to death in a sand bank. There was a cave-in and he was buried several feet.

TIPPIN, Dec. 22.—John Bellin, living near Lindsey, was drowned by falling from a bridge. He was trying to repair a bad break in the bridge.

NEWARK, Dec. 22.—Samuel Lees, aged 69, a prominent and wealthy farmer of the southwestern part of the county, was almost instantly killed. A horse he was handling kicked him in the stomach and he lived but a few minutes.

Not Knapp's Body.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Dec. 22.—A telegram received from Albany, Ind., states that Private Fred Knapp of the One Hundred and Sixtieth Indiana volunteers, supposed to have been killed here, is alive. How Knapp's identification check came to be in the possession of the man killed here is not explained, and the identity of the body is still a mystery.

TWO KILLED.

Washington Express, on the Pennsylvania, Crashed into the Pittsburgh Flyer.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—Two of the fastest express trains of the Pennsylvania railroad came into collision at Colonia, a small station in New Jersey just beyond Rahway.

A heavy fog prevailed at the time and the Pittsburgh flyer was going slowly while the engine driver was endeavoring to read the signals. The engineer of the Washington express supposed he had a clear track and ran his train into the Pittsburgh flyer.

The dead: William O. Dewolf of Parkersburg, W. Va., clerk in the accountant's office of the Ohio River railroad.

L. E. Knight (colored), porter of the Pullman coach Bartholdi. He had relatives in Boston, his home. Ten persons were injured.

Bailey Resolution Adopted.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—The last session of the house before the holiday recess lasted but about an hour. The Bailey resolution directing an investigation of the right of the members who volunteered in the Spanish-American war to seats in the house was adopted and several bills of minor importance were passed.

Congress Adjourned.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Both houses of congress adjourned to Jan. 4, 1899.

Why, of Course.

"I've called to tell you, sir, that the photographs you took of us the other day are not at all satisfactory. Why, my husband looks like an ape!" "Well, madam, you should have thought of that before you had him taken."—Household Words.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—House of six rooms and 21 acres of ground, near plant of French china company, five minutes' walk from street car line. Inquire at store of Chambers company, East End.

FOR RENT—Large pleasant furnished room. Apply room 2 Postoffice Building.

FOR RENT—New house of seven rooms, East End (Klondike); ready about first of year. Inquire at 171 Fourth street.

FOR RENT—House of five rooms, College and Forest street; bath room, inside water closet, hot and cold water, gas in every room, light and heat. Inquire George Peach & son, Diamond.

See the line of Sterling Silver Novelties At The Leader before buying elsewhere.

AT—ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Doll Buggies and Push carts, 19, 25, 50, 99, \$1.99.

G. R. PATTISON, JEWELER - OPTICIAN, 224 WASHINGTON ST.

Call and see our fine line of Xmas goods—Diamonds, Watches, Rings, and Jewelry of all kinds. Sterling Silver and Plated ware of the latest designs. Now is the time to buy and get first choice.

224 WASHINGTON ST.

Gents' Japanese silk initial handkerchiefs 10c. Gents' linen initial handkerchiefs 12½c. Gents' fine silk initial handkerchiefs 25c, at

The Leader.

Have You Inspected It?

Inspected What?

Why that Magnificent JOB and BOOK WORK turned out at the....

News Review Job Office.

FINE Presses, Skilled Workmen, Superb Material. Thousands of dollars worth of latest Designs and Styles of Type, Border and Novelties. All work absolutely guaranteed.

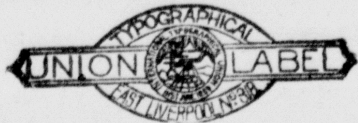
Test the News Review Job Department.

The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

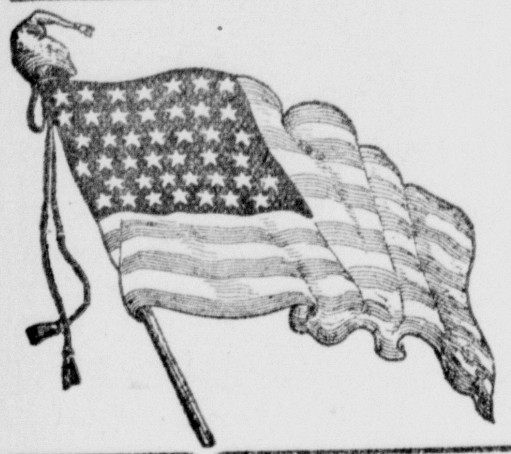
PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY
THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.
 HARRY PALMER, Manager and Proprietor.
 (Entered as second class matter at the East
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TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
 (Postage free in United States and Canada.)
 One Year in Advance.....\$5 00
 Three Months..... 1 25
 By the Week..... 10

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., THURSDAY, DEC. 22.



UNION PAPERS.

All Union papers of East Liverpool are known to the various craft and unions of the city by the printing of the above Union Labels at the head of their columns



COLONEL BRYAN has been silent for three whole days. The gentleman is probably suffering from throat trouble.

It is but right to believe that the Rev. Mr. Parkhurst is opposed to home missions since he has emphatically declared against the annexation of the Philippines.

THINGS are coming to a pretty pass when Carnegie and Bryan meet for the purpose of discussing a great question in private. But politics always did make strange bedfellows, and, apparently, always will.

THERE will be warm times in congress after the holiday recess, but when it is all over the people will feel satisfied and safe. Present indications point to a splendid endorsement of the wise policy of President McKinley.

ROBERTS, the polygamist Mormon who was elected to congress by the priesthood of the church of Latter Day Saints, should be ousted at the earliest opportunity. Men who break the law with the smiling indifference displayed by Roberts, have no right among men who make the law. Instead he should be called to account for what he has already done and is continuing to do.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY is a veteran of the civil war, and has never done anything to prompt the belief that he favors the men against whom he fought. He said many things during his southern trip which will do much to foster the good work of cementing the north and south, but not one word of cheer to disloyalty did he utter, nor once countenance that spirit which supported the doctrine of states' rights and cost the nation a million of men and billions of money.

DIRTY STREETS.

The thaw has left the streets of the city in miserable condition, particularly in the business section where they should at all times present a neat appearance. Something should be done at once toward removing the accumulation of filth, not only because it is unsightly but for sanitary reasons. Permit it to remain and its influence will be felt in a remarkable short time. In ordinary weather it would be most disagreeable, but now, when conditions are such as to invite disease, it is dangerous.

THE FIGHT IS ON.

The men who support the construction of the Nicaragua Canal and representatives of the transcontinental railroads are measuring strength in Washington. The former are endeavoring to show the great advantage of the ditch, while the latter are using arguments of every kind to prove its expense and ultimate failure. The reason is plain. All the commerce, or the greater part of it, between the east and west, and much of that between New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and China and Japan is carried by the railroads. Dig the canal and it will go by water. One will lose thousands of dollars in freight rates that the other will gain in tolls. The power of each party is yet to be seen for the debate is young and gives promise of stretching far out into the session.

LEAVE YOUR ORDERS WITH YOUR GROCER FOR

BAGLEY'S HOME-MADE BREAD

Fruit Cakes, Wedding Cakes.
 Layer Cakes, Cream Puffs, Pies,
 etc, for the Holidays.

The Bagley Co., Originators of
 Home Made
 Baked Goods.

Phone 44.

We wish all our patrons a Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year.

PARKER PAID THE FINE

After He Had Spent a Night In Jail For Swearing.

STRONG WHISKY AND QUININE

Made a Combination That Was Too Much For a Young Girl and She Too Was Locked Up--One Man Arrested and Released by His Wife.

Mayor Bough had several cases before him this morning but only one fine was collected.

Colonel Parker, an old timer, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Chief Johnson on the complaint of Thomas Shreaves. The gentleman alleged that Parker swore at and otherwise abused him, and that by the insults he was injured considerably. Parker spent the night in jail, and after he paid a fine of \$7.60 this morning he was allowed to go.

Mary O'Neil, who is employed in one of the river potteries, took some whisky and quinine for a cold yesterday, and when she was going to her home in California hollow she fell over the hill near the residence of Justice Rose. She was taken to jail in the patrol, in charge of Officer Woods, where she spent the night. She told the mayor this morning that the medicine she had taken was too strong for her, and caused her to be in the condition she was when found. She was allowed to go without paying a fine.

Mrs. Kitchner, of Florence street, West End, who had her husband arrested yesterday afternoon, called on the mayor this morning, and asked that her husband be released. He was arrested by Officer Wood and taken to the jail in the patrol. Since Kitchner's return from a state institution he has been acting strangely and his family are of the opinion that his mind is affected. The mayor complied with the woman's wish.

No complaints were made this morning and no arrests had been made up to a late hour this afternoon. As a result the jail is empty.

Hassey's

Hand made cream candies are simply delicious.

Kodaks are the best, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Sample & Neal will save you money on holiday footwear.

A very nice line of fancy silk vests at Joseph Bros.' make good Christmas presents.

Brush and Comb sets in silver and ebony at Wade's.

Men's embroidered velvet slippers 47c, at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Mrs. Foutts' Father Dead.

James O'Donnell, the father of Mrs. W. M. Foutts, West Market street, died yesterday at his home in Salineville. Deceased was well known here and had many friends who will be pained to hear of his death.

Nut cracks and picks at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Have you seen Joseph Bros.' fine line of neckties for Christmas.

Our Oxford mufflers are going like hot cakes. Call and see them at

ENOCH ELDEN'S.

GOT A SORE THROAT

Don't let it run on--it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for

TONSILINE.

Tonsiline cures any mouth or throat affection and does it promptly and thoroughly.

It's the stich in time. Don't neglect to use it.

25 and 50 cents at all druggists. THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

LOADED TO THE GUARDS.

Packets Have All the Freight They Can Carry.

The prediction in this paper last evening that the river would reach a 15-foot stage was fulfilled, and at noon today the marks at the wharf registered 19 feet and rising slowly.

The ice from the upper rivers has reached here, but will not interfere with navigation, as it is very soft. The river was 18 feet at midnight at Pittsburg, but there is no cause for any alarm on account of high water. Rivermen do not think that it will reach higher than 22 or 23 feet. Nearly all the boats are out and the rest will be out shortly.

The Ben Hur was compelled to stop at Wellsville during the night on account of the fog. It went up this morning with a large trip. The Queen City went down last night loaded to the guards with freight. It also had a good passenger list.

About 6,000,000 bushels of coal will go south on the rise, and it is probable it will begin to pass this port tomorrow morning.

EAST VIA WASHINGTON.

New Arrangement Via Pennsylvania Lines.

On and after Christmas 1898, the Pennsylvania lines will sell tickets to Philadelphia and New York via Washington, D. C., at the same fares as apply over the direct lines of the Pennsylvania system and allow ten day's stop over at the national capital. For particulars apply to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania lines.

ARRANGING FOR A FIGHT.

Local Fugs May Come Together on the Island.

A number of local sports are endeavoring to arrange a prize fight between two local boxers, the fight to take place during holiday week at the island.

The men have both been in numerous battles, and much money will be wagered on the contest should it take place.

Ladies or gentlemen's slippers at economical prices.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Nothing more substantial than one-half dozen Dunkirk & Cromwell shirts for Christmas gift at

ENOCH ELDEN'S.

Kodaks from \$2.50 up to \$25 at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Ladies bedroom slippers 50c.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Opera and field glasses at Wade's.

Have you seen our stock of fine silk suspenders for Christmas at

JOSEPH BROS.

Carried Home the Shoe.

Homer Swift, of Fourth street, who has been attending Adrian college, arrived in the city this morning, and will spend the holidays with his parents. Tied to the handle of Mr. Swift's trunk was a woman's shoe, put there by some of his college chums.

Ladies' felt slippers 50c.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

A special invitation is extended to all the ladies when out shopping to see Joseph Bros.' display of holiday goods.

Carving knives and forks that cut at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Men's fancy leather slippers 47c to \$2, at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Made Needed Repairs.

Lamp Trimmer McCoy yesterday afternoon repaired a number of arc lamps in Second street. The lamps had been in a bad condition for several weeks, and the improvements were much needed.

Ice skates and sleds at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Sample & Neal's holiday footwear will save you money.

Gold and silver tooth picks, pens and pencils at Wade's.

DON'T wait until Saturday, the last moment, to select your Christmas presents, but come now while the stock is complete; pick out what you want; we will engrave it free of charge and lay it away until such times as you want it. We have something elegant for every one.

M. WADE,

The Reliable Jeweler.

205 Market Street.

To Piano Owners.

HAVING been hearing complaints for the last few years from piano owners who have had their pianos put in bad shape by itinerant piano tuners, we have gone to the expense and trouble of getting practical men to do work on pianos right. Our Mr. Joseph Bruce has had practical experience with several Pittsburg firms in tuning, repairing and refinishing pianos. Our Mr. J. P. Harrington has been with the Chickerings and Briggs in Boston, and is both practical and artistic in his tuning. They are both at your service, as well as

Smith & Phillips.

AT ZEB KINSEY'S 5 & 10.

Rogers Bros.' knives and forks. Pearl handle knives and forks.

Ladies', misses' and children's
Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats
 reduced to half price at
THE LEADER.



STRONG AGAIN!

WHEN IN DOUBT, TRY

Sexine Pills

vigor to the whole being. All drains and losses are checked permanently. Unless patients are properly cured, their condition often worries them into insanity, Consumption or Death. Mailed sealed. Price \$1 per box; 6 boxes, with iron-clad legal guarantee to cure or refund the money, \$5.00. Send for free book. Address, **PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.**
 For sale by Clarence G. Anderson, Druggist, East Liverpool.

Artistic Job Work, THE NEWS REVIEW. There is NONE Better.

WELLSVILLE.

MAAS WON THE CASE

But the Jury Considered the Matter For an Hour.

IT WAS A VERY SPICY TRIAL

A Tarantula Caused a Commotion In the West End, but Was Killed After a Battle in the Street--No Meeting of Finance Committee Last Night.

The case of Martin Maas against Charles MacKenzie to obtain possession of property, was heard in council chamber yesterday afternoon. The trial began at 2 o'clock and closed about 5:30.

The jurors were Joseph Warren, John Patterson, Hanson H. Catlett, Frank Kelley, Edward Whitten and George Wells. Martin Maas, Mrs. Maas, Mrs. Christina Richards and Charles McGregor were the witnesses for the plaintiff, and Charles MacKenzie, Mrs. MacKenzie and Miss Eva MacKenzie were witnesses for the defense. The defense claimed a verbal contract for the retention and use of the house for one year.

Many rebuffs from witnesses for the plaintiff to the attorney for the defense made the trial somewhat spicy. The jury deliberated for over an hour before they brought in a verdict for the plaintiff.

Killed a Tarantula.

There were lively times yesterday afternoon at the Model grocery in the West End when one of the clerks discovered a tarantula in a bunch of bananas.

The young man suddenly lost all interest in his work and one would have thought him a flying Spaniard as he climbed down the step ladder. All hands rallied to the attack, and at last the enemy was discovered again, routed from his hiding place and took to the street, where in open warfare he was killed.

News of Wellsville.

Gillis McGregor has returned from a trip to Eldorado, Iowa.

Mrs. J. C. Nicholson has returned from a visit to friends in Alliance.

George Prosser has returned from Colorado where he has been railroading, to spend his Christmas holidays with his parents.

Henry Snediker, the three-year-old son of Charles Snediker, who has been very ill for the past week, is reported improving.

The foundation of the six room dwelling house that is to be erected by James Wellington on Fifteenth street will be completed today.

Roy Davies will leave tomorrow to spend his holiday vacation with his parents in Wilmerding, Pa.

Word received from Massillon concerning Mrs. Martha Ribblet is very discouraging. Her mental condition does not improve under treatment as it was hoped, and she grows worse rather than improved.

There was no meeting of the finance committee or the committee for securing an engineer to do the work of sewerage last night. Chairman Bowers was called to Liverpool by the illness of his sister, Mrs. Dr. Andrews, and various other causes were responsible for the absence of the rest of the committee. No time has been set for another meeting.

Attorney F. L. Wells has gone to Battle Creek where he will remain until after the holidays with his wife who is at the sanitarium at that place. Mrs. Wells is still improving steadily.

J. R. Stoakes is suffering from a very sore hand, but he is still able to continue his duties at the depot.

William Carey and Miss Annie Johnston will be united in marriage this evening at the home of the bride in Sahneville. Mr. Carey is an employe at the railroad shops. Mr. and Mrs. Carey will go to housekeeping in town.

Mr. Walters' Funeral.

The funeral of Isaac Walters, who died in this city, will be held Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Interment will be made in Riverview cemetery. Services will be conducted at the home Friday evening, and Saturday the services will be in charge of the Masons.

A Library Meeting.

The library directors will hold a regular meeting tomorrow evening. They have not much business to transact beyond hearing the report of the book committee.

Santa Claus will have hard sledding this year, but he will be here, for he has been filling his pack with fine slippers at Frank, Shumaker & Co.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE
Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

MRS. ANNA CROXALL

Passed Away Last Evening After a Brief Illness.

Mrs. Anna Croxall, wife of Frederick G. Croxall, died last night at her home in Fourth street from erysipelas fever after an illness lasting but seven days.

Deceased was aged 55 years, and was born in Mexico, coming to this city when quite young with her parents. She was married to Mr. Croxall April 21, 1861, and when he enlisted she was left at home but 19 years of age and with a six-months-old child, but bore her hardship with a Christian fortitude seldom seen. Five children were born to bless the marriage, three of whom are living, Nellie, Alma and Thomas. She was a sister of B. W. Haines, John Orr and Mrs. Charles Shenkel.

Mrs. Croxall had been a member of the First M. E. church for over 25 years and was always prominent in the work of the church. She was also a member of the Relief Corps and Eastern Star and was beloved and respected by the members of both organizations.

The funeral will take place Saturday afternoon, Dr. Clark Crawford, officiating. Interment will be made at River-view.

A BROKEN AXLE

Caused an Expensive Freight Wreck This Morning.

A broken axle of a freight car, attached to a train going from Walls to Conway yards, caused a bad wreck on the Ft. Wayne road at Fair Oaks, this morning.

The train was going at rapid speed, and the break caused 14 cars to be badly wrecked, covering the eastbound track. The train due at the Second street station at 8:17 did not arrive until 11:55, and the accommodation, due at 10:05, came in at 12:35. The eastbound train due at 12:15 arrived at 12:25. The wreck occurred at 12:30 o'clock this morning.

FOURTH OHIO

Will Be Prepared For Mustering Out Next Week.

The furlough of the Fourth Ohio expires January 5, and it is expected that very shortly, probably the first of next week, the work of getting the regiment ready for that event will be started.

It is the desire of the officers to have everything in readiness so that on the day the furlough expires all of the men may be mustered out and paid off. Lieutenant Rowell, the new mustering officer for Ohio, will have charge of the work.

Private Dan Webster, of this city, is a member of Company A of the Fourth.

PLEASANT WEDDING.

Henry D. Scott and Miss Isabella Pollock Were Married.

Henry D. Scott and Miss Isabella Pollock were married last evening at the home of the bride, 309 Fifth street. Prof. O. S. Reed performed the ceremony at 6 o'clock. A large number of friends were present, and the bride was the recipient of a number of beautiful presents.

They left on the evening train for points down the river where they will visit friends.

The nicest line of silk suspenders and neckwear, just the thing for Christmas gifts, at

ENOCH ELDEN'S.

Ladies' felt slippers 50c.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Kodaks are the best, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Child's rubbers 10c a pair at FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Special sale of overcoats. \$5 coats for \$12 at JOSEPH BROS.

Trades Council.

Trades council held a lengthy session, last evening, but the business transacted was of a private nature.

There was a large attendance when President Eardly called the meeting to order. The minutes were read and approved and the usual routine business was transacted.

Sample & Neal will suit you with shoes. They'll save you money, too.

WE KICK.

Uncle Sam Registers a Protest In the Far East.

NEW YORK, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—Information from Peking says that the United States has protested against the extension of French jurisdiction at Shanghai.

SMALL FIRE

Gave the Department a Run Early This Morning.

The fire department at 1:30 o'clock this morning responded to an alarm caused by a small fire in the residence of Charles A. Hayden, 178 Fourth street.

The fire was caused by an overheated fireplace, which caused some clothing to burn in a closet nearby. The flames were soon extinguished, and the damage was very slight.

An Old Time Favorite.

Manager Norris, of the Grand, takes pleasure in announcing the engagement for Friday night of Leonard Grover's comedy drama entitled "Lost In New York," which is more laughable than a farce comedy and more dramatic than a melodrama. W. H. Ryno has secured an excellent company to interpret this play, including Miss Addie Sharp, a remarkably bright and vivacious soubrette who wins the favor of the audience from the very start and maintains it to the final drop of the curtain. Mr. William O. Johnson who impersonates the character of the every day tramp creates no end of laughter.

Secretary Platts' Guests.

Dr. L. O. Platts, of Milton, Wis., is in the city the guest of his son Secretary Platts, of the Young Men's Christian association. E. J. Whitticar, of Jamesville, Minn., is also a guest of the secretary.

For style and quality in holiday shoes and slippers.

SAMPLE & NEAL.

Kodoks from \$2.50 up to \$25 at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Pink and blue satin shoes, fur trimmed, for baby 50c at

FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

First Molasses Shipment.

The Keystone State which is expected here from Cincinnati tomorrow will carry the first molasses shipment of the season to Pittsburg from New Orleans. It is said that over 600 barrels are on the boat.

Married In Steubenville.

Clarence L. Harley, of Smith Ferry, and Miss Liddie E. Daniels, of Washington street, this city, were married in Steubenville yesterday. The young couple will make their home in this city.

Married This Afternoon.

Miss Ada Pugh and Mr. Richardson were married this afternoon by Reverend Swift at his residence. They are well known people of the city.

Beginning to Rebuild.

C. F. Bauman yesterday commenced rebuilding his property in Jackson street. It was damaged by fire last week.

Buy your holiday shoes and slippers of Sample & Neal

PERSONAL MENTION:

—Hugh McNicol was a Pittsburg visitor today.

—Charles Goodwin was a Pittsburg visitor today.

—Harry Risinger was in Monaca on business today.

—Miss Clara Wallace will spend the holidays in Wheeling.

—W. L. Lupton, of Alliance, was in the city today on business.

—Jack Rowe, of Washington street, was in Allegheny on business today.

—W. C. Roth, of Akron, is spending a few days in the city on business.

—Asher Oakley, of Woodsfield, spent today in the city calling on friends.

—Mrs. Devine, of Second street, was in Pittsburg today visiting friends.

—Miss Pearl Sebring arrived home this evening from Washington, D. C., where she has been taking music.

—Mrs. J. A. Brown, of Ozark, is spending a few weeks with her daughters, Mrs. Haverfield, of Pennsylvania avenue, East End.

SOON SETTLED A CASE

Sebrings and Palestine Pottery Came Together.

IT DIDN'T GO TO THE JURY

The Amount Offered by the Company Was Satisfactory and Each Side Paid Its Own Costs--Cleveland Attorneys File an Action--Lisbon News.

LISBON, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—The trial of the suit of George E. and Frank A. Sebring against the East Palestine Pottery company was ended yesterday during the noon recess, the parties making an agreement that suited all.

The company is to pay the Sebring brothers \$3,250, and each side of the suit is to pay its own costs.

A number of witnesses from Palestine and Liverpool were here to testify, but had no opportunity to tell what they knew of the matter.

Virgil P. Kline, W. F. Carr, S. H. Tolles and Fred H. Goff, co-partners as attorneys at Cleveland, have brought action against J. E. McDonald, W. L. Smith and F. H. Croxall for \$592, claimed as fees for trying two cases in the United States circuit court.

Wesley J. Wright has filed a petition against the Big Vein Coal company, alleging that on Oct. 12, 1898, while filling coal cars at the bottom of the company's shaft, he broke through a platform which the company had erected over a ditch in which were two bull wheels used for a wire rope to pass over in drawing the cars. In breaking through the platform his foot was mangled by the wheels, and he asks \$15,000 damages, claiming that the platform was decayed and made of pine boards less than an inch thick.

Transfers.

LISBON, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—J. E. Anderson has sold to trustees of Highlandtown church, 87½ square rods of land, \$54.68; O. H. Taggot to J. H. Workman, lots 63-4, Wellsville, \$675; J. H. Workman to C. H. Taggot, one acre, Yellow Creek, \$1,200; Q. A. Butler to Sarah T. Swearingen, lot 14, Salem, \$1,300; Preston M. Little to A. C. Vodack, 83 acres in Unity, \$6,000; R. H. Wilcoxon to J. A. Workman, lot 18, Wellsville, \$1,600; J. M. Dickenson to Alice Stewart, 20 acres, Center, \$1,025.

Probate Court.

LISBON, Dec. 22.—[Special.]—J. M. Dickinson was appointed administrator of the estate of C. D. Hoider.

William P. Day, of Salem, has been adjudged insane. He will be taken to the Massillon hospital.

The will of Annie Hassner, late of Liverpool, has been offered for probate.

Marriage licenses have been issued to W. C. Trover and Mrs. Mary Potts, Liverpool; Oscar L. Gordon and Ida May Vanfossen.

Returned Here From Cleveland.

William Edgar, who has resided in Cleveland for several years, has returned to this city. He will make his home in this place.

Sample & Neal's holiday shoes make a useful Christmas present.

Overcoat sale at Joseph Bros.' \$15—selling at \$12.

Attending to Business.

Charles E. Rose, of New York City, stopped off in the city between trains last evening looking after some theatrical enterprises in which he is interested.

"There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak." At the Eagle Hardware Co.

Childs' rubbers 10c a pair at FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
J. A. NORRIS, Manager.

One Night Only,
Friday, December 23.

The Great Comedy Drama.

Lost In New York
Leonard Grover, Author.

Funnier Than a
Farce Comedy.

More dramatic than a melodrama. Powerful company. Elaborate scenery. Thrilling climaxes. Laughable situations. A real picture of New York life.

Prices 25, 35, 50, 75c.

Seats on sale at Reed's.

Attended a Meeting.

George R. Baker, of Allegheny, was in the city last evening attending a meeting of the colored Odd Fellows. He returned to his home on the noon train.

7 SUTHERLAND SISTERS' HAIR GROWER AND SCALP CLEANER

Are the only preparations that will restore the hair to its original healthy condition.

—AT ALL DRUGGISTS—



Holiday Goods

are being shown in our cases. Dainty toilet articles in the most useful materials, made in the best manner. We make a specialty of cut glass bottles filled with dainty perfumes. We have a nice line of Atomizers, Packages of Perfumes, Pocketbooks, Brushes and Combs, etc., that would make

Handsome Presents.

BERT ANSLEY'S

City Pharmacy, East Liverpool, O.
140 Fourth Street.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 5th day of December, 1898, an application was made to the Commissioners of Columbiana County asking for permission to annex to the City of East Liverpool, in the County of Columbiana, and State of Ohio, the following described territory:

That territory bounded by commencing at a point on the northern boundary line of the present corporate limits, and at the quarter-section line of section thirty (30), township five (5), range one (1), Liverpool township, and running thence due north to the north-west corner of section twenty-four (24) in this township; thence due east with the north line of section twenty-four (24), eighteen (18) and twelve (12), also on the north line of Pennsylvania avenue as shown on the map of annexation; thence with the north line of Pennsylvania avenue to the state line; thence with the state line to low water mark in the Ohio river; thence with low water mark in the Ohio river to the present corporate limits; thence along the present corporate limits to the place of beginning.

Said petition is now on file in the office of the Auditor of Columbiana county, and will be for hearing before the said Commissioners on the 16th day of February, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the rooms of the commissioners, in the court house, in Columbiana county, Ohio.

M. J. McGARRY,
City Solicitor.

Published in the News Review, East Liverpool, Ohio, Dec. 15, 22 and 29, 1898, Jan. 5, 12, and 19, 1899.

United Presbyterian Mutual Benefit Association.

MONMOUTH, ILL., Dec. 10, 1898.

Having examined into the account of the U. P. M. B. A., of Monmouth, I find that the organization is in a flourishing condition and with the brightest prospects for the future. It has lowered the age of its members six years during the past year, and has carried their insurance at a cost below the average of fraternal orders. With the same careful management in the future as at present its success is assured.

FRED A. ARCHARD,
Examiner for Nebraska.

Over \$2,500,000 insurance now in force. All assessments paid returned to beneficiaries at death. Total cost to enter to Jan. 1, 1899, reduced to \$7. \$14,000 written by the undersigned last week. \$8,000 this week. Investigate and act, and get into the best insurance association for U. P's. Address

J. C. McClain.

Manager.

126 Greasley St., City.

A fine large
Bisque Doll

worth \$1.50 to go at 98c at

THE LEADER.

Christmas Trees,
From 10c to 50c.

357 West Market St.

JOHN GREEN.

THE STATE OF OHIO,
Columbiana County, ss:—

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Dec. 15, 1898.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned has been appointed administrator of the estate of James Rusby, deceased, with the will annexed.

S. J. MARTIN.

FRY CAN'T BE MOVED

His Condition Today Is Considered Critical.

INFIRMARY DIRECTORS ARE HERE

Looking Into the Matter and Seeing That He Is Given the Best of Care—Wellsville Unfortunates Are Also Demanding Attention.

Infirmary Directors Hoopes and McBride arrived yesterday and transacted much business in this end of the county. They first visited Wellsville where they investigated the case of J. L. Robinson, an oil driller who fell from a derrick sometime ago and is now suffering with paralysis and is entirely helpless. His home is in Toronto and the Jefferson county officials will pay his expenses while he is in Wellsville.

The next case to be looked up was that of Jennie Williams who is seriously ill. Her home is in Marietta, and she will be sent to that place Friday morning.

The directors then came to this city and went to see Arthur Fry who is ill with typhoid pneumonia. He is very ill and his chances of recovery are very slight. The directors made arrangements to pay \$15 a week for his keeping and he will receive the best of care.

The directors reported everybody at the infirmary in good health and no cases of fever. The vacancy in the board, caused by the death of Mr. Filson, they think will not be filled by the commissioners until after the nomination.

The township trustees have in their charge an old man who resides at Walker. He is suffering with yellow jaundice, and in a very bad way. He has no person to care for him, and if he does not improve he will be sent to the infirmary.

Sample & Neal's up-to-date footwear, elegant in quality, low in price.

Self-pouring tea and coffee pots, just the thing for a Christmas present, at the Eagle Hardware Co.

There is more catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore, requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

"There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak." At the Eagle Hardware Co.

But They Are Expected.

The street cars, which were ordered from a Buffalo line by the street car company of this city, have not yet been received. Superintendent Andrews stated last evening that no word had been received that the cars had been shipped.

A good trust—See U. P. M. B. A. ad.

Fancy bronze and decorated lamps and globes at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Mormons Not Working Here.

The Mormon elders, who worked about this city for several months, have left town, and are now working in the country districts. The meetings in the city are now held once a week, and the membership of the branch at present is 15.

One of Joseph Bros.' suits or overcoats will make an acceptable Christmas present. A splendid overcoat from \$6 to \$10; suit from \$8 to \$13.

Hassey's

Hand made chocolates are superior to any other goods sold in East Liverpool.

Nut cracks and picks at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Baby shoes, pink and blue satin, fur trimmed, 60c, at FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.

Ice skates and sleds at the Eagle Hardware Co.

GOING TO SURPRISE EUROPE.

McNally Proposes to Beat the Swimming Feats of Leander and Others.

Peter S. McNally, the noted Boston swimmer and life saver, is to make another European trip next summer, with the idea in view of covering the old world swimming courses made famous by Leander, Byron and others. He will go first to Rome, where he will give the modern Romans an exhibition of Horatius at the bridge; but, instead of landing on the opposite bank, as the old time hero did, McNally will swim on down the Tiber to the Mediterranean, 16 miles away. He will then go over-



PETER S. McNALLY.

land to the ancient Hellespont, the Dardanelles, and will not only emulate Leander and Byron, but will also go them one better by swimming the strait in its widest part. He will next visit the Bosphorus and the Suez canal, and then he has planned a 50 mile trip down the Rhine, from Frankfurt or Cologne. Returning to America, McNally proposes to swim from Newport, R. I., to Block Island, 25 miles, and later from the Battery, New York, to Coney Island.

Some of McNally's long swims in the past are as follows: Down the Kennebec river in July, 1884, 20 miles, in 6 hours and 51 minutes; from Charlestown to Brookline and return in July, 1886, 16 miles, in 6 hours and 57 minutes; from Newport to Narragansett Pier, August, 1896, rounding Brenton Reef lightship, 16 miles, 4 hours and 57 minutes. In July, 1897, McNally set out to swim the English channel from Dover to Calais. He covered 35 miles in 15 hours and 10 minutes, getting within three miles of Cape Grisnez on the coast of France. It is as a life saver perhaps that McNally is best known, having a record of 100 persons rescued. He has medals from congress and from the Massachusetts Humane society.—New York Sun.

STUDIES MONKEY LANGUAGE

Professor Garner Will Make a Third Trip to Africa.

Professor R. L. Garner, the famous naturalist, who has spent his life studying "monkey talk" and who has already made two trips to central Africa to study gorillas and chimpanzees, is in Springfield, O., for a short stay, he having recently completed a lecture engagement there.

He located on the south side of Lake Farnavuz, about 100 miles south of the equator, on the west side of Africa, and about the same distance from Cape Lopez. It will be remembered he lived in a steel cage in a jungle and made a phonograph record of unspellable monkey words. A pet gorilla and a pet chimpanzee lived with him. He said recently:

"I am preparing to go back next May for a three years' stay in the same locality to further study their language. I had expected to go last May, but the war breaking out delayed me, as I would have been compelled to pass through much Spanish territory and live under the government of the French, and the attitude of the French was at that time an unknown quantity."

"This will be my third trip. I left on my first voyage in 1892 and returned in 1894. On the last voyage I left in July, 1895, returned in June, 1896. On my return to Africa this time I shall devote my attention almost entirely to the chimpanzees and native pygmies." He learned ten words of a pet chimpanzee's speech and could talk with him.—Special Philadelphia Press.

Car Ferry Between Florida and Cuba.

A ferry for loaded cars is talked of between Tampa, Fla., and Havana. The idea, according to a southern paper, is to build suitable tracks at both ends and load cars in Havana with fruit and perishable goods, run them on the ferryboat, and then scud them away across the gulf to Tampa, run them on the tracks, and then away to northern destinations.—Chicago Tribune.

Sounds Scaly.

The king of Anam has an original idea in the way of a strong box. He has the trunks of trees hollowed out, filled with gold and silver, and flung into his private lake, where a large number of crocodiles ward off intruders.—London Answers.

Paper Glue From Sea-Weed.

A Norwegian engineer has invented a process for producing paper glue, dressing gum and soap from seaweed.

Upon an average 10,000 pineapples are imported into London every week throughout the year.

POISON ON PLAYTHINGS.

Investigating Use of Harmful Colors on Toys.

OF TIMELY INTEREST TO SHOPPERS

Foreign Amusement Devices Particularly Bad as to Painting—Chemists Find That Tin Toys Are the Most Deadly—Principal Poisons Used in Their Coloring Are Zinc and Lead.

In one of the chemical laboratories of the department of agriculture is now being conducted a series of interesting tests of timely interest to those about to buy Christmas toys for young America. Uncle Sam is anxious to discover just how much danger threatens his youngsters who play with highly painted playthings. The chemist in charge of the investigation has collected toys by the closetful and is engaged in scraping the various kinds of paints from each and analyzing it to learn which are poisonous and which are not. The articles in question are of both foreign and domestic manufacture, and there is positive evidence as to whence each one came, as well as by whom manufactured. Needless to say, Uncle Sam looks with contempt upon any concern which would be guilty of such criminal negligence as coloring with poison anything which every mature person knows is as apt to go into a baby's mouth as an armature is to join an attracting magnet. A result of this investigation may be the establishment of new laws in the United States as to the painting of these articles of manufacture and the closing of our ports to those shipped from foreign countries where toy painting is not strictly looked into.

As a general rule, however, it is so far discovered that few American toy manufacturers employ poisonous paints. Many foreign concerns, however, are far less conscientious. Of all the classes of amusement devices for small children which have fallen within the scope of the investigation those made of tin are discovered to be the most deadly as a class. This is because they are the most highly colored and because the paint chips off much more readily than from nonmetallic toys. Often when applied to the newly cut teeth it falls off in great pieces. Considering the poisons commonly used to color tin toys and the proportions in which they are mixed it excited the wonderment of those informed that a youngster does not derive sufficient venom from the average tin toy to lay him up, granting that he bites off only a reasonable amount of the coloring matter.

All sorts of creatures and objects are represented in this odd collection of specimens being subjected to the disfiguring ordeal of having their exteriors scraped and analyzed. It would require several columns to give in full the diagnosis of each case made by the inquisitive chemist. One poor creature, whose predicament should be pryed into by the antivenerealists threatening Uncle Sam's laboratories, will serve as an illustration of many cases. This subject, presented to the writer, was a tin clown, prone upon his back, who, upon the actuation of machinery beneath him, kicked his legs in the direction of a revolving ball supported on a rod. In the first place, his entire make up and that of other parts of the contrivance were found to be backed with white paint containing poisonous zinc. His blue coat was largely oxide of cobalt, a rank poison, while his yellow legs were of chromate of lead, also deadly. The support upon which he lay was colored with red lead, not the most nourishing of baby foods, and green mixed of the chrome and cobalt of the yellow and blue.

Further tests with many other tin toys showed that the principal poisons entering into their coloring are zinc and lead. Some blues are copper, while whites are either lead or zinc. Arsenic was not found in a single case. In some countries there are laws forbidding the use of arsenic for coloring toys, yet the other poisons mentioned are allowed. It appears that the manufacturers, especially in foreign countries, utilize the pigments which are cheapest and most convenient. Yet there are none of these poisonous colors which cannot be duplicated in absolutely nonpoisonous compounds. For instance, a harmless white can be made from magnesia, chalk or sulphate of barium; a nonpoisonous yellow from one of these whites and extract of saffron; red from equal parts of glue and red chalk; green from saffron and white, and so on.

Many dolls with innocent faces have suffered the removal of their complexions for the noble cause of science. Dolls, generally speaking, are not found to be poisonous. The exposed portions are usually of porcelain, china or wax, and what little paint there is over these is either harmless water colors or some other pigment applied so thin that it cannot go far toward causing internal complications of any sort or international ones either. Poisonous paint is found upon wooden toys, but it is not applied so thick upon wood as upon metal and does not chip easily from the former. Likewise upon rubber playthings the coloring matter is thin like enamel, yet rubber toys are much more

wholesome articles of diet when left unpainted. This new investigation, of course, is for the welfare of the community and will develop some more interesting facts as it progresses.—Chicago Tribune.

ELECTRICITY IN WARFARE.

Electricians Draw Conclusions From the Recent Examples.

What part electricity and the electrical engineers played in the war was the subject of discussion at the New York Electrical society's meeting at the College of the City of New York the other night. Colonel Eugene Griffin of the First United States volunteer engineers was the first speaker. He told of the great amount of work which his command found waiting to be done in Porto Rico and advocated an increase of the engineer corps. He also spoke strongly of the advisability of organizing a torpedo militia, made up of electricians, who could in the event of war protect our harbors at short notice with mines and torpedoes.

Mr. F. W. Roller, late chief engineer United States steamship Nashville, told of the electrical apparatus used on the warships. The range finders and electrical firing apparatus were not successes, he said, but the searchlight was the great success of the period and but for its use most of Cervera's ships would probably have slipped out of Santiago harbor and reached Havana, in which case the war might well be going on yet. The electric motor for turrets was also a great success, as was the system of incandescent lighting, whereby a warship can be almost totally darkened instantaneously.

Mr. Roller read the paper of ex-Chief Engineer W. D. Weaver of the refrigerator ship Glacier, who was unable to be present. Mr. Weaver lamented the fact that the naval authorities at Washington tend to hold electrical appliances on warships in place of steam in disfavor. He thought that great gains in efficiency and economy would result from the substitution of electricity in ventilation, ice-making, winches and ash hoists and probably in anchor hoists and steering gear. Captain Zalinski, inventor of the dynamite gun, spoke briefly on the work of the Venerus, which, he said, was intended to blow up ships and not fortifications and had had no chance at its own peculiar work during the war.—New York Sun.

FIELD FOR ELECTRICITY.

Brazil Offers a Splendid Market For Trade From This Country.

That Brazil is an attractive field for the electrical trade is indicated by the following extract from a report made by a traveling representative of the Philadelphia Commercial museum, recently returned from Brazil:

The electrical goods trade of Brazil is growing by leaps and bounds, it being but a few years ago that electrical trams, lighting, power, etc., were unknown in any part of the country, and now almost every town and city within 300 miles of the coast is either lighted by electricity or has the project under consideration. Many of the mining companies and cotton cloth mills through the interior have plants now in operation supplying them with both light and power. Several of the large plants have come from England. Arc and incandescent lamps, fittings, carbons, wire of all kinds, electric bells, batteries, electricians' tools and gloves, zinc, sal ammoniac, etc., are in demand in the towns along the line of the Central railroad between Rio and Sao Paulo and Rio and Belo Horizonte, as these towns at present rely on the Rio merchants for their supplies.

Belo Horizonte, the new capital of the state of Minas Geraes, is a growing town of at present about 30,000 inhabitants, and is located right in the heart of the mining and cotton mill district, and practically at the end of the main line of the Central railroad. It is therefore in a position to supply not only the mining and cotton mill companies, but the towns of Sabara, Sete Lagoas, Curvello, Caethe, Onro Frete (the old capital), Lafayette and about ten other small towns on the line of the railroad between there and Juiz de Fora that are lighted with electricity with electrical goods. At Juiz de Fora another electrical plant is installed, and here another agency for sundries would do well.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

NEWS NOVELTIES.

Statistics show that on an average every man who has gambled at Ostend has lost about \$400. Last season an Englishman from London lost £28,000 there and a Russian £36,000.

It is seriously proposed in a London newspaper that a man should take a wife on the same principle as he engages a house—for three, five or seven years, renewable at the husband's pleasure. This idea was once discussed in parliament.

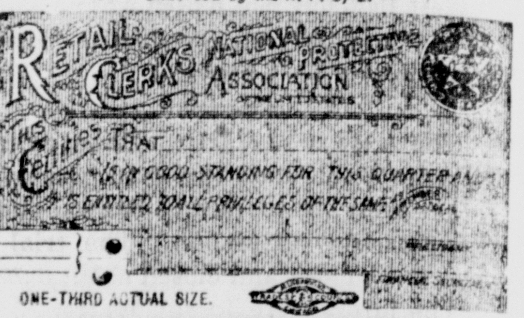
Telephones are to be placed in the wards of one of the Paris hospitals within reach of the bedridden patients, so as to enable them to communicate with their friends outside. There will also be an arrangement whereby the telephones may be switched on to a wire connected with a concert hall, so that the performances may be enjoyed by the invalids.

UNION LABELS.

It should be a deep-rooted principle of all union workmen and union sympathizers, and particularly those members of the different organizations of East Liverpool, to buy nothing but Union Label goods, in preference to all others. And why not? If we ask fair wages for our labor, why should we buy goods made at unfair wages by others? The Union Label in every industry is a guarantee of fair wages, decent working hours, and union labor employed.

PATRONIZE UNION CLERKS.

All members of the R. C. N. P. A. can show this card, ask for it when making your purchases.



COLOR IS CHANGED EACH QUARTER.

Good only in union month; named in lower left hand corner and is properly signed, and STAMPED with the number of the Local.

UNION MADE BOOTS AND SHOES.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' union is the national head of the trade, and is a new combination of all the branches of boot and shoe workers. The above trade-mark when found on the sole or lining of a boot or shoe, is a guarantee that the same is made by union labor. Look for the above design stamped on the sole of every pair of boots or shoes you buy.

CUSTOM TAILORS' LABEL.



The Journeymen Tailors' Label is so found in the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the under side of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants. It is printed in black ink on white linen.

UNION MADE HATS.

This Label is about an inch and a half square, and is printed on buff colored paper. It is placed on every union made hat before it leaves the workman's hands. If a dealer takes a label from one hat and places it on another, or has any detached labels in his store, do not buy from him, as his labels may be counterfeit, and his hats may be the product of scab or non-union labor.

UNION MADE CLOTHES.

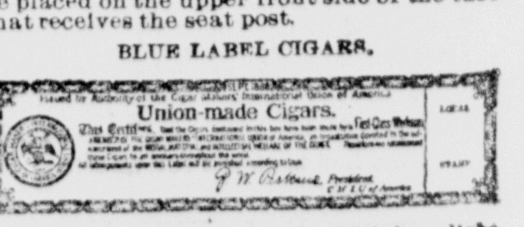


You will find the linen label attached by machine stitching to the inside breast pocket of the coat, on the inside of the buckle strap of the vest, and on the waistband lining of the pants.

BICYCLE LABEL.

"Do unto others as ye would that others should do unto you." You will endorse the "Golden Rule" by buying and riding bicycles bearing this Label. The colors are as follows: The Union shield is in red, white and blue, on a background of pea green, bordered by gold. The Label will be placed on the upper front side of the tube that receives the seat post.

BLUE LABEL CIGARS.



This label is printed in black ink on light blue paper, and is pasted on the cigar box. Don't mix it up with the U. S. revenue label on the box, as the latter is nearly of a similar color.

TOBACCO LABEL.



The above Label, printed on blue paper, will be found on all plug tobacco and on the wrappers of chewing tobacco manufactured in union tobacco factories.

UNION BREAD AND CRACKERS.

This is a full size facsimile of the Label of the Bakers' and Confectioners' union. It is printed on fine white paper and is pasted on each loaf of union made bread. It is so evidence that the bread is made under fair and wholesome conditions, and in clean and healthy bakeries. Following is the confectioners' and crackers Label:

Great reduction sale of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Coats now going on at The Leader.

HARKER NOT YET IN IT

Negotiations With the Trust Not Closed.

EAST END COMPANY STILL OUT

Latest Rumor Is That the Goodwin Pottery Will Sign. Geo. H. Goodwin and Henry Goodwin Have Gone East Last Night—Steubenville Is All Right.

The managers of the pottery trust are hard at work winding up the preliminaries in order that the concern can begin operations the first of the year. There are still a number of potteries on the outside, and it is not known whether they will be brought into the fold before New Year's day.

The News Review can state positively that the Harker pottery has not yet closed negotiations for the sale of its plant to the company. A gentleman, who is acquainted with the business of the Harkers, said that he knew positively the papers had not yet been signed, but he would not predict the outcome of the negotiations. "One cannot tell what may happen in these days of surprises," he said.

Manager E. J. Owen, of the East End pottery, said this morning that his concern was in no way connected with the American Pottery company, they were not considering a proposition, and no negotiations were in progress between the gentlemen in New York and himself. Geo. H. Goodwin and Henry Goodwin, of the Goodwin Pottery company, left for the east last night and the story is abroad that they are considering a flattering offer from the big company. Nothing could be learned of the matter at the company's office this morning, but it is believed its name will be added to the trust's list before the week is over.

W. B. Donaldson, of the Steubenville Pottery company, was in the city last night on business connected with the trust. It is said Mr. Donaldson brought here the papers required by the trust to close the deal with his concern, and they were taken east by the Messrs. Goodwin.

George Wolf, of the Peoria Pottery company, held a conference with Colonel Taylor here this week, and it is confidently expected that plant will be numbered as a part of the company.

When the Thompson Pottery company was asked if the American Pottery company had offered to lease their plant, Mr. C. O. Thompson said: "The company have never sent a representative to see us, and I see no reason why we should go to them. I hope the trust will be a good thing for Liverpool, and indeed I think it will be. If the money that comes to Liverpool as a result of the sale of the various interests is invested in other lines of business, the town will enjoy a boom the like of which it has not dreamed."

At Hassey's.
Candies fresh, and pure and sweet, goods which are a perfect treat, goods which make you long for more. Can be had at Hassey's store.

We know of nothing to equal a Gold Medal Cyco-Bearing carpet sweeper at the Eagle Hardware Co.

Gentlemen's slippers at any price. **SAMPLE & NEAL.**

Florentine art ware, "Bush and Statuettes" at Wade's, and only at Wade's. Have you seen them?

Ladies' fur trimmed slippers 50c to \$1.50, at **FRANK, SHUMAKER & CO.**

Silver plated knives, forks, spoons and children's sets at the Eagle Hardware Co.

EARLY PRIMARIES.
Infirmary Director Hoopes Strongly Favors a Day in March.

Infirmary Director Hoopes, who will be a candidate for re-election, is very much in favor of early primaries, and states he will do all in his power to have them held in March, as he thinks that is the best time.

He says he had talked to a number of other candidates, and with but few exceptions they are in favor of early primaries.

Hassey's
Fine candies are made of the very best and purest materials, while his prices are very reasonable.

Silver plated knives, forks, spoons and children's sets at the Eagle Hardware Co.

ODESSA'S PECULIAR CHARITY

People Solicited to Contribute Articles They Do Not Need.

Thomas E. Keenan, the American consul at Odessa, transmits to the department of state a translation of a printed notice which has been delivered at every house in that city. He says: "It occurred to me that the idea is well worthy of the attention of the great public and private organizations devoted to relieving distress in the United States. The scheme outlined in this appeal to the people of Odessa, while it is not new, is interesting and deserves to succeed. The articles collected are separated into a number of classes and sold, to be remanufactured into paper, glassware, iron, etc. The plan is as follows: 'The president of the Society For the Relief of the Odessa Poor, Countess A. J. Shuvalov, while endeavoring to find means for the wider development of the activity of that society, obtained the sanction for the establishment in connection with the central committee of the society, of a section for the collection of contributions consisting of unnecessary articles.

"In every family unnecessary articles can be found which are frequently thrown out from the dwelling along with rubbish, and it is these entirely useless things which may serve as a new fund for the activity of the society. If every family in Odessa would only give during the year 1 ruble's worth of these unnecessary things, tens of thousands of rubles would accumulate in the treasury of the society. Addressing such a request to all Odessa people, the society knows that it does not ask for sacrifices exceeding the donor's means. It only addresses to all the modest request, 'Contribute all that you do not require.' Do not be embarrassed either by the quality or the quantity of the offering. With most earnest gratitude we accept all old rubbish, torn pieces of paper, clothing, gear, leather leggings, old newspapers, unnecessary books and music, old postage stamps, rags, linen, corals, pieces of iron, brass and other metals, bottles, caps of bottles, broken glass, cut off cigar ends, empty cigar and cigarette boxes, broken playthings, useless furniture, etc.

"For the collection of these offerings of unnecessary articles the section will send around collectors, dressed in uniform, with an open letter. In acknowledgment of such offerings the collector will issue a proper receipt. The collectors are not authorized to accept offerings in the shape of money."

JACK FROST TOOK A HAND.

Froze the Pipes of a Miner's Band and Spoiled the March.

"Tooting horns under difficulties" might be the title of a little story regarding the march of the miners' officials and the Black Diamond Brass band of Pittsburg to Millers Run on the Pan Handle railroad. The object of the march was to get the miners employed in that vicinity together with a view of getting them to enforce the payment of the Chicago scale at the mines.

Under the leadership of District Vice President William Dodds and National Organizer Edward McKay, the band left their temporary domicile at Carnegie and went to the Vulcan mine, some six miles distant. There they marched around, keeping their sweetest music—that is, they played as sweetly as possible under the circumstances. Everything was going along nicely—the tune was "Marching Through Georgia"—when suddenly the alto horn let out a shrill shriek which made a horrid discord, and then that player stopped work.

He marched along, however, until another of the instruments failed to work and then both fell out of line. These horns were frozen up. They repaired to the nearest house and thawed them out. Rejoining the column, they found that several others had been compelled to quit playing on account of Jack Frost's work, and then the whole band adjourned to the engine house in the Vulcan mine to thaw out their instruments.—Special Philadelphia Press.

Valuable Map by an Alumnus.

The library of the University of Colorado has been the recipient recently from the German government of a very rare and valuable map of some hitherto unexplored sections of South Africa. The map was prepared by Dr. A. L. Bennett, an alumnus of the University of Colorado, now a missionary in the province of Gaboon, South Africa. Dr. Bennett sold the map to the German government, one of the conditions of sale being that two copies be made, one for himself and one for the library of the state university. These are the only copies of the map in existence.—Special Rocky Mountain News.

The Egyptian women were bangle hoops of gold in their ears, which were regarded as the wearer's choicest possessions, and were parted from only under direst stress. The golden calf was supposed to have been made entirely from the earrings of the people.

The death penalty is rarely enforced in Germany, Austria, Denmark or Sweden. In New York 11 out of 12 murderers escape without any punishment, and in the United States only one murderer in 50 suffers capital punishment.

HE WANTED THE SHIP

THOUGHT HE WAS ELIGIBLE TO COMMAND A CRUISER.

The Shabby Trick Played Upon a Patriotic Greek Boiler Maker by Some of Uncle Sam's Sailors With Whom He Had Shipped.

"About four years ago the cruiser on which I was serving shipped a boiler maker while we were on the Mediterranean station," said a Washington chief petty officer of the navy, now on leave of absence. "Our former boiler maker's time expired while we were at Gibraltar, and as he was not in good physical shape he wasn't re-enlisted, but took his discharge and returned to the United States by mail steamer. So the ship was shy a boiler maker, a very important and necessary petty officer down below in the engineer's department, and when the ship pulled into Naples harbor the chief engineer went ashore to see if he couldn't dig up a boiler maker.

"There's a clause in the enlistment regulations permitting commanding officers to ship necessary men on foreign stations in short handed emergencies. The chief engineer brought back to the ship a Greek named Charlie Maro. The man couldn't speak any English—to speak of—but he was a good man at the boiler making business, and he was duly shipped aboard of us for three years. He was a wild, hairy looking lot, Maro was, and he got a good deal of a laugh at the hands of the crew, especially the younger fellows, from the time he first came over the side.

"Maro thought that there wasn't any other country on the map except Greece. He thought that the 'Greeks' man' was the hottest kind of a tamale when it came to scrapping by land or sea, and after he got hold of enough English to make himself understood he used to take some of the young apprentice boys up into the eyes of the ship and tell them with many gesticulations and furious words of the different kinds of far Greece would knock out of Turkey if the two countries ever came to an open rupture.

"The ship was around on the Pacific station when war broke out between Greece and Turkey. When the news of the outbreak of the war got to Maro, our boiler maker, he nearly had heart disease and a whole lot of other sudden things from pure excitement. He just couldn't hold himself in, he looked so tickled.

"'Da Greeka man willa bim! bim! bim! da Turka man,' was Charlie Maro's way of putting it, and he didn't see that the Turk had a ghost of a show. All hands forward encouraged him in the belief. They all acquiesced in expressing the belief to Maro that Greece would simply eat Turkey up. Then a bo'sun's mate who knew how to crack the most impossible kind of steers with a face as solemn and wooden as an Indian's took Charlie in hand and told him some things. He told Maro that the United States was so much in sympathy with Greece in the struggle with Turkey that the navy department had decided to turn over all of the ships of the American navy to Greek commanders.

"Here's a big chance for you, Maro, the bo'sun's mate told Maro. 'You just want to work your edge. Here you are already shipped on this cruiser, and it's dollars to doughnuts that if you ask for the command of this ship in order to take her over to Greece to mix it up with the Turks you'll get it hands down. Better try it on.'

"That idea impressed Maro a heap. He asked the bo'sun's mate whom he'd have to apply to to get command of the cruiser.

"Why, to the commanding officer, of course," was the reply.

"Maro was tremendously important for a day or so while he let this huge idea grow within him, and he bullied the men detailed to work with him down below in the boiler room a good deal. The bo'sun's mate kept working him up to it, and finally Maro appeared on deck one morning togged out in his very best mustering suit of blue jacket clothes and went up to the officer of the deck and asked permission to see the commanding officer at the mast. The officer of the deck was rather surprised to see the man all done up in his mustering togs when all hands were at work, but, as he is obliged to do when an enlisted man requests permission to see the commanding officer, he sent word to the skipper, who soon emerged from his cabin and appeared at the stick.

"Well, my man," said the skipper to Maro, who stood bolt upright and saluted with a flourish.

"Sare," said Maro to the skipper, "I have a da honor to her a-by taka da command of a da ship."

"Hey!" said the commanding officer, putting his hand to his ear and looking as if he hadn't heard aright.

"Da ship," repeated Maro. "For a da naeve of a Hellas—da Greeka naeve—I have a da honor to taka da command."

All hands among the enlisted men were up on the to'gallant fo'c'sle taking the thing in, and they broke into a roar that you could have heard five cable lengths' distance. Maro heard it, and, suspecting that his confidence had been abused, got red and flatbergasted. He suddenly bolted for the engine room hatch and made his way below, and it took three marines to drag him aft to

the sick bay, where the surgeon, at the skipper's command, gave Maro a half hour's examination as to his sanity. Maro was game enough to decline to give the name of the enlisted man who had told him he was eligible for the command of the ship upon its being 'turned into the navy of Greece,' but the thrashing he gave that bo'sun's mate when he got him 'on the beach' was certainly savage."—Washington Star.

STATEMENT FROM BLISS.

In Hearty Accord With the President, but Wished to Retire.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Secretary Bliss, in an interview said:

It has been understood for some time that it would be my wish to retire from public life on the conclusion of the war. Now that the peace treaty has been signed, my request to be relieved will be granted, but I shall await the arrival of my successor before severing my connection with the interior department. I have been in most hearty accord with the president in his policy through the trying days in which he sought to avoid war, and while, as commander-in-chief, he was conducting the war that came, notwithstanding his effort to prevent it. I believe most thoroughly in the course he is now pursuing for maintaining the honor of the country by securing the just results of a successful war. I shall leave my associates of the cabinet and of the department and my many friends in Washington with great regret, but private and personal reasons make my retirement a necessity.

Smallest Man in Congress.

Mr. Simon, the new senator from Oregon, is the smallest man in congress—smaller than General Wheeler and Senator Wilson, who weigh only 96 pounds each.—Chicago Record.

Dead Soldiers to Be Returned.

LEBANON, Pa., Dec. 22.—The bodies of the three volunteer soldiers from this place, who were members of Company H and who were buried in Porto Rico, will be brought home for burial. The bodies to be recovered are those of Sergeant Reuben H. Michael and Privates George E. Harpel and Fred Fahrman of Company H. At the same time the body of Private Austin Graham of Company K, Steelton, will also be disinterred and brought north.

Joseph C. Shields Dead.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 22.—Joseph C. Shields, who was captain of the Nineteenth Ohio battery during the Civil war, died, aged 71. Shields' battery was one of the fighting organizations of the Union army and it won a notable reputation.

More Troops Reached Havana.

HAVANA, Dec. 22.—The United States transport Chester, which sailed from Savannah on Dec. 18 with the Fourth Virginia on board, arrived here.

Weather Forecast.

Western Pennsylvania and Ohio—Rain; high south winds.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 21.

WHEAT—No. 2 red, new, 65¢@66¢. CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, old, 39¢@40¢; No. 2 yellow, shelled, 39¢@40¢; high mixed, shelled, 38¢@39¢; No. 2 yellow shelled, corn, new, 36¢@37¢; No. 2 yellow ear corn, new, 39¢@40¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, new, 32¢@33¢; No. 2 white, clipped, 32¢@33¢; extra No. 3 white, 31¢@32¢; light mixed, 30¢@31¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, \$5.75@5.90; No. 2, \$5.00@5.25; No. 1 clover, mixed, \$5.00@5.25; wagon hay, \$9.00@9.50 for timothy.

POULTRY—Live—Large chickens, 55¢@60¢ per pair; small, 45¢@50¢; spring chickens, 40¢@50¢ per pair; ducks, 40¢@45¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢@10¢ per pound; geese, \$1.00@1.15 per pair. Dressed—Chickens, 16¢@16¢ per pound; ducks, 16¢@16¢; turkeys, 12¢@14¢; geese, 9¢@10¢.

GAME—Rabbits, per pair, 15¢@25¢; quail, per dozen, \$1.25@1.50; squirrel, per dozen, \$1.00@1.25; pheasants, \$6.00@6.50 per dozen; prairie chickens, \$5.00@5.50 per dozen; wild turkeys, \$1.00@1.50 each; venison saddle, 17¢@18¢ per pound.

BUTTER—Elgin prints, 23¢@24¢; extra creamery, 23¢@23¢; Ohio, fancy creamery, 18¢@18¢; country roll, 14¢@15¢; low grades and cooking, 13¢@13¢.

CHEESE—Full cream, Ohio, 10¢@11¢; three-quarters, 9¢@10¢; New York state, full cream, October make, 11¢@11¢; Ohio Swiss, 11¢@11¢; Wisconsin, 12¢@13¢; 30-pound brick, Swiss, 12¢@12¢; Limburger, 11¢@12¢. Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, 23¢@24¢; candle, 24¢@25¢; southern fresh, 22¢@23¢; store, 1¢@1.19.

PITTSBURG, Dec. 21.

CATTLE—Supply light, market steady. Extra, \$5.00@5.25; prime, \$4.90@5.20; good, \$4.65@4.85; tidy, \$4.50@4.90; fair, \$3.90@4.25; common, \$3.20@4.00; feeders, \$3.80@4.25; stockers, \$3.00@3.75; heifers, \$3.25@4.31; oxen, \$2.50@3.75; bulls, cows and stags, \$2.50@3.81; good fresh cows, \$4.00@6.00; fair, \$3.00@4.00; bologna cows, \$3.00@4.00.

HOGS—Receipts light, about 5 cars on sale; market ruled steady. We quote the following prices: Heavy, \$3.50@3.55; best mediums, \$3.40@3.45; best Yorkers, \$3.30@3.35; common to fair Yorkers and pigs, \$3.25@3.30; coarse hogs, \$3.25@3.35; common pigs and skips, \$2.25@3.15; roughs, \$2.25@3.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—The supply was light and very little doing. We quote: Choice wethers, \$4.00@4.50; good wethers, \$3.25@4.50; fair mixed, \$3.00@4.10; common, \$2.50@3.50; choice lambs, \$5.25@5.35; common to good, \$3.50@5.10; veal calves, \$5.50@7.00; heavy and thin calves, \$4.00@5.00.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 21.

HOGS—Market steady at \$2.85@3.35. CATTLE—Market steady at \$2.50@4.75. SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep steady at \$2.25@4.00. Lambs—Market steady at \$4.00@5.25.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.

WHEAT—Spot market firm; No. 2 red, 77¢@ f. o. b. afloat.

CORN—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 43¢@44¢ f. o. b. afloat.

OATS—Spot market firmer; No. 2, 32¢@ No. 2 white, 34¢@ bid.

CATTLE—Market moderately active; good beefs steady; common and medium steers 10¢ lower; bulls and cows steady to firm. Steers, \$4.00@4.25; oxen and stags, \$3.90@4.75; bulls, \$2.75@3.50; cows, \$1.70@3.65; extra fat cows and bulls, \$4.00@4.25.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep dull and 10¢ lower; good lambs firm; others steady. Sheep, \$2.50@4.50; extra, \$4.75; lambs, medium to choice, \$5.00@5.80; Canada lambs, \$5.50@5.75.

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